

NIIF IFL INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING

NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Registered/Corporate Office: 3rd Floor, North Wing, UTI Tower, GN Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai - 400 051

Tel No: 022 68591300

Email ID: info@niiffl.in

Website: www.niiffl.in

CIN: U67190MH2014PLC253944

PAN: AADC15030Q

Date and Place of Incorporation: March 7, 2014; Mumbai

RBI Registration Number: N-13.02078

Compliance Officer & Company Secretary: Mr. Ankit Sheth; **Tel. No.:** +91 22 68591300;

Email: ankit.sheth@niiffl.in

Chief Financial Officer: Mr. Sudeep Bhatia; **Tel:** +91 22 68591300; **E-mail:** cfo@niiffl.in

Details of Promoters: Please refer to page 4 of this General Information Document.

GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT DATED September 09, 2025

This General Information Document does not constitute an offer to the public generally to subscribe for or otherwise acquire the debentures to be issued by the Company. This General Information Document is issued in conformity with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, as amended from time to time, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, as amended from time to time (“**SEBI NCS Regulations**”) read with the Master Circular for issue and listing of Non-convertible Securities, Securitised Debt Instruments, Security Receipts, Municipal Debt Securities and Commercial Paper dated May 22, 2024, as amended from time to time, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time.

GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT DATED September 09, 2025

This General Information Document is in relation to such amount(s) which the Board of Directors may approve from time to time, to be raised by way of issuance/ re-issuance of Non-Convertible Securities of face value of INR 1,00,000 (Indian Rupees One Lakh) or INR 10,000 (Indian Rupees Ten Thousand) (as applicable) or any other amount, as may be specified in the relevant Key Information Document based on the applicable law(s) for ISINs issued after April 19, 2023 and face value of INR 10,00,000 (Indian Rupees Ten Lakhs) for ISINs issued before April 19, 2023 and/or commercial papers of face value of INR 5,00,000 (Indian Rupees Five Lakhs), or any other amount, as may be specified in the relevant Key Information Document based on the applicable law(s) (for cash, at par, premium or discount, as specified in the relevant Key Information Document), and as may be approved by the Board of Directors during the period of 1 (one) year from the date of opening of the first offer of Non-Convertible Securities made under this General Information Document (“**Validity Period**”), by NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“**the Company**” or “**the Issuer**”), on private placement basis and shall be read with the relevant Key Information Document(s) issued by the Issuer during the Validity Period.

DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 26(4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT

The issuance of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers is being made on a private placement basis. Section 26 of the Act is not applicable to the issuance of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers on a private placement basis, and therefore no additional disclosures have been made in relation to Section 26 of the Act under this General Information Document and accordingly, a copy of this General Information Document has not been filed with the relevant Registrar of Companies.

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CREDIT RATING

Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) proposed to be issued by the Issuer have been rated by rating agencies as required by regulations and could include CARE Ratings Ltd. and/or ICRA Limited and/or CRISIL Ratings Limited and/or such other rating agencies as determined by the Issuer and disclosed in the Key Information Document from time to time ("**Rating Agency**" and collectively referred to as the "**Rating Agencies**"). Investors may please note that the rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and investors should do their due diligence and take their own decisions.

The Rating Agency has the right to suspend, withdraw or revise the rating/ outlook assigned to the Issue at any time, on the basis of new information or unavailability of information or other circumstances which the Rating Agency believes may have an impact on the rating. Please refer to **Annexure II** of this General Information Document for the rating letters dated September 03, 2025 by ICRA Limited, the rating letter dated August 29, 2025 by CARE Ratings Ltd., and the rating letter dated September 04, 2025 by CRISIL Ratings Ltd assigning/revalidating the credit rating and **the press release dated July 22, 2025 by ICRA Limited and press release dated July 1, 2025 by CARE Ratings Ltd. and press release dated August 7, 2025 by CRISIL Ratings Ltd.** disclosing the rating rationale adopted for the aforesaid rating. The press releases issued by the Rating Agencies are not older than 1 (One) year from the date of opening of the Issue.

The Issuer hereby declares that the aforesaid credit rating obtained by it in relation to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) shall be valid on the date of issue and on the date of listing of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

LISTING

The Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are proposed to be listed on the Wholesale Debt Market segment of National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("**NSE**") and/or BSE Limited ("**BSE**"). The Issuer intends to use the NSE platform / BSE platform for electronic book mechanism for issuance of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) on private placement basis.

An application for the in-principle approval of the Stock Exchange(s) is being made through this General Information Document. The in-principle approval letter shall be more specifically mentioned in the Key Information Document.

Further, the Issuer maintains and will maintain the Recovery Expense Fund with the NSE and/or BSE , as may be required.

ISSUE SCHEDULE

Date of Opening of the Issue	The Issue Opening Date with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be mentioned in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Date of Closing of the Issue	The Issue Closing Date with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be mentioned in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Date of Earliest Closing of the Issue	The Date of Earliest Closing of the Issue with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be mentioned in the

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	relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Pay-in Date	The Pay-in Date with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be mentioned in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Deemed Date of Allotment	The Deemed Date of Allotment with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be mentioned in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

DEBENTURE TRUSTEE FOR THE DEBENTURE HOLDERS	REGISTRAR TO THE ISSUE
 <p>IDBI Trustee IDBI Trusteeship Services Ltd IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited Address: Universal Insurance Building, Ground Floor, Sir P M Road, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001. Contact Person: Mr. Gaurav Mody / Mr. Prasad Tilve Contact No.: 022-40807000 Email: itsl@idbitrustee.com Website: http://www.idbitrustee.com</p>	 <p>MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited (for Non-Convertible Debentures and Commercial Paper) 3B3, 3rd Floor, Gundecha Onclave, Kherani Road, Sakinaka, Andheri East, Mumbai – 400 072 Contact Person: Chandrakant Prabhu Contact No.: 022-28476021-22 Fax No.: 022-46049707 Email: cprabhu@mcsregistrars.com Website: https://www.mcsregistrars.com</p>  <p>MUFG Intime India Private Limited (for shares) C-101, Embassy 247, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083 Contact Person: Ganesh Jadhav Contact no. 022-49186102 Email: equityca@linkintime.co.in Website: www.in.mpms.mufg.com</p>
CREDIT RATING AGENCY	STOCK EXCHANGE
 <p>ICRA Limited Address: 3rd Floor, Electric Mansion, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400 025 Contact Person: L Shivakumar Tel: +91-22-61143406 Fax: +91-22-24331390</p>	<p>National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 Contact Person: Pramilla D’souza Contact No.: +91-22-2659 8100/ 2659 8114 / 66418100 Email: pveigas@nse.co.in</p>

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<p>Email: shivakumar@icraindia.com Website: www.icra.in</p> <p align="center">  CARE RATINGS LTD <small>Professional Risk Opinion</small> Address: 4th Floor, Godrej Coliseum, Somaiya Hospital Road, Off Eastern Express Highway, Sion (E) Mumbai – 400 022. Tel: +91-22-6754 3456 Fax: +91-22-6754 3457 Email: Vineet.Jain@careedge.in Contact Person: Vineet Jain Website: https://www.careratings.com </p> <p align="center">  <small>An S&P Global Company</small> CRISIL Ratings Limited Address: Lightbridge IT Park, Saki Vihar Road, Andheri East Mumbai-400 072 Contact Person: Mr. Ajit Velonie Tel: +91 22 3342 3000 Email: crisilratingdesk@crisil.com Website: www.crisilratings.com </p>	<p align="center">BSE Limited</p> <p>Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Kala Ghoda, Fort, Mumbai – 400 001 Contact Person – Anuj Doshi BSE debt listing department Contact No.: 022-22728392 Email: bse.bond@bseindia.com</p>
STATUTORY AUDITORS	
<p align="center">G M Kapadia & Co.</p> <p>Address: 1007, Raheja Chambers, 213 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021, Maharashtra Contact Person: Mr. Atul Shah Contact No.: 022-33671400 Email: atul@gmkco.com</p> <p align="center">Manohar Chowdhry & Associates</p> <p>Address: #27, Subramaniam Street, Abiramapuram Chennai 600018, Tamil Nadu Contact Person: Mr. Muthurajan R Contact No.: 44-4290 3333/3300 Email: muthurajan.r@mca.co.in</p>	

DETAILS OF PROMOTERS/ CONTROLLING STAKEHOLDERS		
	Promoter Controlling Stakeholder	Other Significant Shareholder
Name	National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
Registered Address	C/o 3rd Floor, Hindustan Times House, 18-20, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi – 110001	Hindustan Times House, 3 rd Floor, 18-20, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi, Connaught Place, Central Delhi, New Delhi, Delhi, India, 110001

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<p>Experience in the business</p>	<p>National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL) is an investor-owned fund manager, anchored by the GoI in collaboration with leading global and domestic institutional investors. It manages assets of more than \$4.9 billion through four funds, namely Master Fund, Private Markets Fund (erstwhile Fund of Funds), Strategic Opportunities Fund (SOF) and India-Japan Fund, each of which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as a Category II alternative investment fund (AIF). NIIFL has received a capital commitment of Rs. 20,000 crore from the GoI across its funds and a similar amount will be raised from external strategic investors such that the GoI’s contribution to the corpus of NIIF’s funds will reach 49%.</p> <p>NIIF SOF has been established to provide long-term capital to high-growth future-ready businesses in India. It has built a scalable integrated financial services platform by investing equity in NIIF IFL and AIFL, enabling them to become sizeable players in the Indian infrastructure debt financing space.</p>	<p>An RBI-regulated NBFC-IFC incorporated in May 2019, AIFL is a portfolio company of NIIF SOF, which has a majority stake in the company. The RBI granted a certificate of registration (CoR) to the company on January 28, 2020, which initiated lending operations in Q2 FY2021.</p> <p>AIFL was formed with the objective of lending across all phases of the infrastructure project lifecycle with a mix of operating brownfield and greenfield assets. Its board comprises two nominees of NIIF SOF and three independent directors.</p>
<p>Other ventures</p>	<p>As set out under the head “Experience in the business” of this table</p>	<p>As set out under the head “Experience in the business” of this table</p>
<p>Business and Financial activities</p>	<p>As set out under the head “Experience in the business” of this table</p>	<p>As set out under the head “Experience in the business” of this table</p>
<p>Permanent Accountant Number</p>	<p>AACTN8564C</p>	<p>AASCA3238P</p>
<p><i>*Due to a revision in the regulatory framework for IDF-NBFCs dated August 18, 2023 issued by RBI, the requirement for an IDF-NBFC to be sponsored by a bank or an NBFC-IFC has been dispensed with.</i></p> <p>The Issuer confirms that the Permanent Account Number and the Bank Account Number of the Promoter/controlling stakeholder and Permanent Account Number of directors have been submitted to the Stock Exchanges on which the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are proposed to be listed, at the time of filing of the General Information Document.</p> <p>The Issuer also hereby confirms that neither the Issuer nor any of the current directors or controlling stakeholder/promoter or sponsor of the Issuer have been declared as wilful defaulter.</p>		

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ELIGIBLE INVESTORS

This General Information Document and the contents hereof are restricted to only those intended recipient(s) who have been addressed directly through communication by the Issuer and/or who are permitted to receive it as per extant regulation and laws and only such recipients are eligible to apply for the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). The categories of investors eligible to subscribe to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) issued under each Tranche/ Series will be incorporated in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

Note: Each of eligible investor(s) is required to check and comply with extant rules/regulations/ guidelines, etc. governing or regulating their investments as issued by their respective regulatory authorities, and the Company is not, in any way, directly or indirectly, responsible for any statutory or regulatory breaches by any investor, neither is the Company required to check or confirm the same.

Please also refer to the head of **'Who Can Apply'** under respective Key Information Document.

ISSUE DETAILS

Coupon Rate	The Coupon Rate with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be disclosed in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) as per options available on EBP and its guidelines from time to time.
Coupon Payment Frequency	The Coupon Payment Frequency with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be disclosed in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Date	The Redemption Date with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities will be disclosed in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Amount	The Redemption Amounts with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be disclosed in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Details of Debenture Trustee	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited Please refer to Annexure I of this General Information Document for the consent letter dated September 02, 2025, issued by IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited granting its consent to act as debenture trustee in relation to the issue of debentures being

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	<p>made by the Issuer in terms of this General Information Document.</p> <p>Further, a debenture trustee agreement dated May 24, 2023 read along with debenture trustee agreement dated September 1, 2015, has been executed by and between the Issuer and the Debenture Trustee, whereby the Debenture Trustee has been appointed as the debenture trustee in respect of the debentures issued/ to be issued by the Issuer and to act for and on behalf of and for the benefit of the Debenture Holders.</p> <p>The Debenture Trustee Agreement is available on the website at NIIF Infrastructure</p>
Base Issue and Green Shoe Option	The base issue size and green shoe option (if applicable) in relation to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be disclosed in the Key Information Document.
Nature / Shelf Issue Size	As per relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).
Details about Underwriting of the Issue including the Amount Undertaken to be Underwritten by the Underwriters.	Details about Underwriting with respect to each Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be disclosed in the relevant Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

ELECTRONIC BOOK MECHANISM AND DETAILS PERTAINING TO UPLOADING OF THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT ON THE ELECTRONIC BOOK PROVIDER PLATFORM.

<p>This issuance of the Non-Convertible Securities would be under the electronic book mechanism on private placement basis as per Chapter VI of SEBI Master Circular read with the “Operating Guidelines for Issuance of Securities on Private Placement basis through an Electronic Book Mechanism” issued by National Stock Exchange of India Limited (“NSE”) on NSE-EBP platform vide its circular bearing reference no. 07/2023 (NSE/ DS/ 56391) dated April 17, 2023 and any amendments (“NSE EBP Guidelines”) or read with “Operational Guidelines for Participation on BSE Bond Platform (EBP Platform of BSE)” issued by BSE Limited (“BSE”) vide their notice 20230417-35 dated April 17, 2023 and any amendments (“BSE EBP Guidelines”), as applicable (cumulatively referred to as “Operational Guidelines”). The Issuer intends to use the NSE-EBP platform or BSE bond EBP platform for this issue, as the case may be. This General Information Document is in accordance with all applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines and is being uploaded on the NSE-EBP platform or BSE Bond EBP platform to comply with the Operational Guidelines and an offer will be made by issue of the General Information Document and the relevant Key Information Document(s) along with the signed private placement offer cum application letter after completion of the bidding process on issue/bid closing date, to successful bidder in accordance with the provisions of the Act, and related rules.</p>	
Interest Rate Parameter	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.
Bid Opening Date and Bid Closing Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.
Minimum Bid Lot	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.
Manner of bidding in the Issue (Open or Closed Bidding)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.

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Manner of Allotment in the Issue (Uniform Yield Allotment or Multiple Yield Allotment)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.
Manner of Settlement (through Clearing Corporation or through Escrow Bank Account of the Issuer)	As per the process prescribed by the electronic book mechanism Operational Guidelines
Settlement cycle	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.

SECTION I

DEFINITIONS

This General Information Document uses certain definitions and abbreviations which, unless the context indicates or implies otherwise, have the meaning as provided below. References to any legislation, act or regulation shall be to such term as amended from time to time.

Term	Description
Act or Companies Act	Shall mean individually and collectively such relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 which are still in force and effect and those provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 which have been notified and are in full force and effect and all amendment, enactment, re-enactment or modification thereof, from time to time, including the rules and regulations prescribed therein.
Allotment	The issue and allotment of the Non-Convertible Securities to the successful Applicants pursuant to this Issue.
Applicable Law	Shall mean any statute, national, state, provincial, local, municipal, foreign, international, multinational or other law, treaty, code, regulation, notification, ordinance, rule, judgement, rule of law, order, decree, government resolution, clearance, approval, directive, guideline, policy, requirement, or other governmental restriction or any similar form of decision, or determination by, or any interpretation or administration of any of the foregoing by, any statutory or governmental or regulatory authority, having jurisdiction over the matter in question, whether in effect as of the date of this General Information Document or thereafter and in each case as amended.
Applicant or Investor	A person who makes an offer to subscribe to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) pursuant to the terms of this General Information Document and the Application Form.
Application Form	The form with which the Applicant shall make an offer to subscribe to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and which will be considered as the application for Allotment of Non-Convertible Securities.
Board	Shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company for the time being and from time to time.
BSE	Shall mean BSE Ltd.
Business Day	Shall mean a day, other than a Sunday or a Public Holiday, on which, banks are open for business in the city of Mumbai, India for carrying out high value clearing of cheques and/or for effecting transfer of payment

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	through the Real Time Gross Settlement System operated by or on behalf of the Reserve Bank of India.
Non-Convertible Securities (“NCS”)	Shall mean debt securities, non-convertible redeemable preference shares, perpetual non-cumulative preference shares, perpetual debt instruments and any other securities as specified by the Board.
Debt Securities	Shall mean non-convertible debt securities with a fixed maturity period which create or acknowledge indebtedness and includes debentures, bonds or any other security whether constituting a charge on the assets/ properties or not, but excludes security receipts, securitized debt instruments, money market instruments regulated by the Reserve Bank of India, and bonds issued by the Government or such other bodies as may be specified by SEBI.
Deemed Date of Allotment	Shall mean in relation to each Series/ Tranche, the date as set out in the relevant Key Information Document, being the date on which the Non-Convertible Securities under the relevant Series/ Tranche are deemed to be allotted to the Non-Convertible Securities Holders.
Debenture Holders or Non-Convertible Securities Holders or Beneficial Owners	Shall mean the several persons who are for the time being and who will become the holders of the debentures/ Non-Convertible Securities and whose names are and will be entered in the register of Debenture Holders/ Non-Convertible Securities Holders as maintained by the Company as Debenture Holders/ Non-Convertible Securities Holder and shall include the beneficial owner(s) of the debentures/ Non-Convertible Securities in dematerialized form as per the list of beneficial owners prepared and maintained by the Depositories as per the provisions of Depositories Act, 1996.
Debenture Trust Deed	Shall mean Debenture Trust Deed dated June 05, 2023 read along with Debenture Trustee Deed dated August 25, 2015, as amended from time to time.
Depository	Shall mean the depositories with whom the Company has made arrangements for dematerializing the Non-Convertible Securities, being CDSL and NSDL.
Depositories Act	The Depositories Act, 1996, as amended.
Depository Participant	Shall mean a Depository Participant as defined under the Depositories Act, 1996.
Due Date	Means any date on which any payment in relation to the Non-Convertible Securities becomes due and payable to the Non-Convertible Securities Holder(s) in accordance with the terms of the General Information Document and the Key Information Document.
EBP	Electronic Bidding Platform.

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Financial Indebtedness	<p>Shall mean any indebtedness for or in respect of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) monies borrowed and debit balances at banks or other financial institutions, as permitted by regulations; (ii) any amount raised pursuant to any note purchase facility or the issue of bonds, notes, debentures, loan stock or any similar instrument; (iii) the amount of any liability in respect of any lease or hire purchase contract which would, in accordance with accounting standards, be treated as a finance or capital lease; (iv) receivables sold or discounted (other than any receivables to the extent they are sold on a non-recourse basis); (v) any amount raised under any other transaction (including any forward sale or purchase agreement) having the commercial effect of a borrowing; (vi) any derivative transaction entered into in connection with protection/ hedging against, or benefit from, fluctuation in any rate or price (and, when calculating the value of any derivative transaction, only the marked to market value shall be taken into account); (vii) any counter-indemnity obligation in respect of a guarantee, indemnity bond, standby or documentary letter of credit or any other instrument issued by a bank or financial institution; (viii) any amount raised by the issue of redeemable preference shares; (ix) the amount of any liability under an advance or deferred purchase agreement if one of the primary reasons behind the entry into such agreement is to raise finance; (x) the amount of any liability in respect of any guarantee or indemnity for any of the items referred to in paragraphs (i) to (x) above.
FY or Financial Year	Shall mean the period commencing from April 1 of one year and ending on March 31 of the immediately succeeding year, or such other period that may be decided by the Company.
Gol	Government of India.
IDF – NBFC	Shall mean an Infrastructure Debt Fund – Non-Banking Financial Company, as defined under the RBI guidelines.
Issuer, NIIF IFL, our Company or the Company	NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited, registered as a IDF – NBFC.
Infrastructure Project	Shall mean a project undertaken in relation to any of the sectors classified as ‘infrastructure’ (as per the Harmonised Master List of Infrastructure Sub-sectors issued by the Ministry of Finance) from time to time.
Majority Debenture Holder(s)/ Non-Convertible Securities Holders	Majority Debenture Holder(s) Shall mean the Debenture Holder(s) holding an aggregate amount representing not less than 75% (Seventy Five Percent) of the outstanding value of the debentures under the Debenture Trust Deed at such time. It is however clarified that if a resolution is required to be passed in relation to a matter concerning a particular Tranche/Series only, then the term “Majority Debenture Holder(s)” or “Majority Non-Convertible Securities Holder” shall mean the Debenture Holder(s)/ Non-Convertible Securities Holders of that Tranche/Series holding an aggregate amount representing not less than 75% (Seventy Five Percent) of the value of the nominal amount of the

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	debentures/Non-Convertible Securities comprised in that Tranche/Series for the time being outstanding.
NCD	Non-Convertible Debentures
Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”)	Shall mean a preference share which is redeemable in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) and does not include a preference share which is convertible into or exchangeable with equity shares of the issuer at a later date, at the option of the holder or not.
NCS	Non-Convertible Securities
NSE	National Stock Exchange of India Limited.
NPA	Non-performing asset.
NRI	Non-Resident Indians.
PAN	Permanent Account Number.
Permitted Encumbrance	Shall mean: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the security created by the Company for the benefit of the holders of the debentures issued under the terms of the debenture trust deed dated August 25, 2015 and May 23, 2023, as amended, supplemented or modified from time to time; (ii) the security created/proposed to be created by the Company over the Secured Property, in terms of the Transaction Documents, in favour of the Debenture Trustee for the benefit of the Debenture Holders to secure the obligations of the Company in relation to the debentures; (iii) any further encumbrances created by the Company.
General Information Document or Offer Document.	Shall mean this document.
RBI	Reserve Bank of India.
Record Date	Shall mean in relation to any date on which any payments are scheduled to be made by the Company to the Debenture Holders/ Non-Convertible Securities Holder, the day falling 15 (Fifteen) days prior to such date (excluding the due date and record date).
Redemption	Shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Amount	Shall mean in respect of each Non-Convertible Security and/or commercial papers, the amount to be paid by the Company to the Non-Convertible Securities Holders at the time of redemption of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) (including any amount payable on account of any early redemption) to be calculated in the manner set out in the relevant Key Information Document and shall include principal amounts, redemption premium (as may be applicable), interest and other amounts, if any, in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) as per the relevant Key Information Document.
Redemption Date	Means the date of which the repayment/redemption of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) shall be made in the manner specified in the Key Information Document for the relevant Tranche of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial

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	papers (as applicable) provided that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) may also be redeemed on an early redemption date by the Company if so specified in the Key Information Document for the relevant respective Tranche of the Non-Convertible Securities.
Register of Debenture Holders or Bond Holders	Shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Registrar for the Issue	MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited (for NCDs and debt instruments) and MUFG Intime India Private Limited (for shares)
Secured Property	Shall mean all properties/ assets of the Company or any other person, whether moveable or immovable, tangible or intangible, over which security interest has been created in terms of the relevant Transaction Documents for securing the obligations of the Company in relation to the Non-Convertible Securities including the Hypothecated Property and the Mortgaged Property.
SEBI	Securities and Exchange Board of India.
Security Interest	Shall mean the security created/ to be created in favour of the Debenture Trustee for securing the obligations of the Company in relation to the Non-Convertible Debentures (NCD).
Debenture Trustee	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited.
Debenture Trustee Agreement	Shall mean the agreement executed inter alia between the Company and IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited.
Key Information Document(s)	Shall mean the respective placement memorandum that shall prescribe the terms and conditions as may be applicable to a particular Tranche Issue.
Tranche Issue or Tranche or Series	Shall mean any of the tranche/ series, under which the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are to be issued in terms of this General Information Document by the Company from time to time, as more particular identified in each Key Information Document. It is clarified that each Tranche may be further sub-divided in sub tranches/ series and issued.
We or us or our or Group	NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited and its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, if any.

SECTION II

RISKS IN RELATION TO THIS ISSUE

No assurance can be given regarding any active or sustained trading in the securities of the Issuer or regarding the price at which the securities will be traded after listing.

GENERAL RISKS

Investment in Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) involves a degree of risk, and Investors should not invest any funds in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable), unless they can afford to take the risks attached to such investments. Prospective Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in relation to any Tranche of this Issue. Prospective Investors should consult their own legal, regulatory, tax, financial and/or accounting advisors about risks associated with an investment in Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and the suitability of investing in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

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applicable). For taking an investment decision, the Investors must rely on their own examination of the Company, this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document issued in pursuance hereof and the issue including the risks involved. This issue has not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including **SEBI** nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this General Information Document. Prospective Investors are advised to carefully read the risks associated with the issue of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). Specific attention of Investors is invited to statement of 'Risk Factors' contained in Section III of this General Information Document. These risks are neither a complete list, nor intended to be a complete list, of all risks and considerations relevant to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) or Investor's decision to purchase Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

CREDIT RATING

CRISIL Ratings Ltd. has assigned rating of "**CRISIL AAA**", for an amount of Rs. 5,000 Crores for Zero Coupon Bonds, rating of "**CRISIL AAA**", for an amount of Rs. 3,500 Crores for Non-Convertible Debentures and rating of "**CRISIL AAA**", for an amount of Rs. 1,500 crores for Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares.

CARE Ratings Ltd. has assigned rating of "**CARE AAA**", for an amount of Rs. 45,500 Crores and rating of "**CARE A1+**", for an amount of Rs. 2,500 crores.

ICRA Limited has revalidated / assigned rating of "**ICRA AAA**", for an amount of Rs. 45,500 Crores and rating of "**ICRA A1+**", for an amount of Rs. 2,500 crores.

Such other credit rating as disclosed by the Issuer in the Key Information Document from time to time.

Investors may please note that the credit rating of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) of this Issue is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and the prospective investors should take their own investment decisions. The Rating Agency has the right to suspend, withdraw or revise the credit rating / outlook assigned to the issue at any time, on the basis of new information or unavailability of information or other circumstances which the Rating Agency believes may have an impact on the credit rating. Please refer to the credit rating letters, and rating rationale issued by the Rating Agencies which are attached as **Annexure II** to this General Information Document for further information.

ISSUER'S ABSOLUTE RESPONSIBILITY

The Company, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for and confirms that this General Information Document, read together with each Key Information Document, contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the issue which is material in context of the Issue, that the information contained in this General Information Document read together with each Key Information Document is true and fair in all material respects and is not misleading, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly stated and that there are no other facts, the omission of which makes this General Information Document read together with each Key Information Document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading.

The Issuer has no side letter with any Debenture Holder/ Non-Convertible Securities Holder except the one(s) disclosed in the General Information Document and/or in the Key Information Documents. Any covenants later added and not covered in General Information Document or Key Information Documents shall be disclosed on the website of the stock exchange where the Non-Convertible Securities are listed.

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GENERAL DISCLAIMER

This General Information Document is neither a prospectus nor a statement in lieu of prospectus. The Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are proposed to be listed on the Wholesale Debt Market Segment of NSE and/or BSE and the issue(s) are being made strictly on private placement basis. Multiple copies hereof given to the same entity shall be deemed to be given to the same person and shall be treated as such. Nothing in this document shall constitute or be deemed to constitute an offer or an invitation to subscribe to the debentures to the public in general. Apart from this General Information Document, no offer document or prospectus has been prepared in connection with the offering of this Issue, nor is such a General Information Document required to be registered under the applicable laws. Accordingly, this General Information Document has neither been delivered for registration nor is it intended to be registered. The contents of this General Information Document are intended to be used only for the prospective investors to whom this has been communicated and/or who have access to this Document, in line with extant law/regulation. It is not intended for distribution to any other person and should not be reproduced by the recipient. The person to whom access to of the General Information Document and the Key Information Document is provided would alone be entitled to apply for the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). No invitation is being made to any persons other than those to whom the Application Forms along with this General Information Document/ Key Information Document have been addressed. Any application by a person who has not been granted access by the Issuer to the General Information Document, Key Information Document and/or the Application Form shall be rejected without assigning any reason. The person who has legitimate access to the General Information Document shall maintain utmost confidentiality regarding its contents and shall not reproduce or distribute in whole or part or make any announcement in public or to a third party regarding its contents, without the prior written consent of the Issuer.

This General Information Document has been prepared to provide general information about the Issuer to potential Investors who are willing and are eligible to subscribe to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). This General Information Document does not purport to contain all the information that any potential investor may require. Neither this General Information Document nor any other information supplied in connection with the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) should be considered as a recommendation to purchase or subscribe to any Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). Each Investor contemplating the purchase of any Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) should make its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs of the Issuer, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness of the Issuer. Potential Investors should consult their own financial, legal, tax and other professional advisors as to the risks and investment considerations arising from an investment in the debentures and should possess the appropriate resources to analyse such investment and the suitability of such investment to such investor's particular circumstances. It is the responsibility of potential Investors to also ensure that they will sell these Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) in strict accordance with this General Information Document and applicable laws, so that the sale does not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Key Information Document shall be read in conjunction with this General Information Document and in case of any inconsistency between the Key Information Document and the General Information Document; contents of the Key Information Document shall prevail to the extent of such inconsistency.

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DISCLAIMER CLAUSE FOR STOCK EXCHANGES AND SEBI

ISSUANCE OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES AND/OR COMMERCIAL PAPERS (AS APPLICABLE) (IN ONE OR MORE TRANCHES) ON PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS UNDER THIS GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT IS PROPOSED TO BE LISTED ON THE NSE AND/ OR THE BSE AND COPY OF THIS GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT WILL BE FILED WITH THE NSE AND/ OR THE BSE IN TERMS OF SEBI (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021, AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME. IT IS TO BE DISTINCTLY UNDERSTOOD THAT FILING OF THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT TO SEBI AND/OR NSE OR AND/OR BSE SHOULD NOT IN ANY WAY BE DEEMED OR CONSTRUED TO MEAN THAT THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT HAS BEEN CLEARED OR APPROVED BY NSE AND /OR BSE AND / OR SEBI; NOR DOES IT IN ANY MANNER WARRANT, CERTIFY OR ENDORSE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT, NOR DOES IT WARRANT THAT THIS ISSUER'S SECURITIES WILL BE LISTED OR WILL CONTINUE TO BE LISTED ON THE NSE AND/ OR BSE. SEBI DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL OR OTHER SOUNDNESS OF THE ISSUER, ITS PROMOTERS, ITS MANAGEMENT OR FOR THE FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS OF ANY SCHEME OR THE PROJECT FOR WHICH THE ISSUE IS PROPOSED TO BE MADE OR FOR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE STATEMENTS MADE OR OPINIONS EXPRESSED IN THE GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT. THIS REQUIREMENT IS TO FACILITATE INVESTORS TO TAKE AN INFORMED DECISION FOR MAKING INVESTMENT IN THE PROPOSED ISSUE.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

The Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) have not been recommended or approved by RBI nor does RBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this General Information Document. It is to be distinctly understood that this General Information Document should not, in any way, be deemed or construed that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) have been recommended for investment by RBI. Further, RBI does not take any responsibility either for the financial soundness of the Issuer, or the Non-Convertible Securities being issued by the Issuer or for the correctness of the statements made or opinions expressed in the General Information Document. Potential Investors may make investment decisions in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) offered in terms of this General Information Document solely on the basis of their own analysis and RBI does not accept any responsibility about servicing /repayment of such investment.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF THE CREDIT RATING AGENCY

As at the date of this General Information Document, the Rating Agencies have assigned "**ICRA AAA**", "**CARE AAA**" and "**CRISIL AAA**" rating to the Non-Convertible Debentures, "**ICRA A1+**" and "**CARE A1+**" rating to commercial papers (as applicable) and "**CRISIL AAA**" rating to the Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares. The rating assigned by the Rating Agencies is an opinion on credit quality and is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold the rated debt instruments. The Investors should take their own decisions. The Rating Agencies have based its rating on information obtained from sources believed by them to be accurate and reliable. The Rating Agencies do not, however, guarantee the accuracy, adequacy or completeness of any information and are not responsible for any errors or omissions or for the results obtained from the use of such information.

The rating may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the Rating Agencies and should be evaluated independently of any other rating. The Rating Agencies have the right to suspend or withdraw the rating at any time based on factors such as new information or unavailability of information or any other circumstances.

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DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF THE COMPANY

The Company has certified that the disclosures made in this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document are adequate and in conformity with SEBI guidelines and RBI guidelines in force for the time being. This requirement is to facilitate Investors to take an informed decision for making an investment in the proposed Issue. The Company accepts no responsibility for statements made otherwise than in the General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document or any other material issued by or at the instance of the Company in connection with the issue of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and that anyone placing reliance on any other source of information would be doing so at their own risk. The Issuer accepts no responsibility for statements made other than in this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document or any other material expressly stated to be issued by or at the instance of the Issuer in connection with the issue of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). Any person placing reliance on any other source of information would be doing so at such person's own risk.

ELIGIBILITY OF THE ISSUER TO COME OUT WITH THE ISSUE

As on the date of this general information document:

- (I) The issuer and its directors have not been prohibited from accessing the capital market under any order or directions passed by SEBI;
- (ii) None of the promoters/ controlling stakeholder or directors of the issuer is a promoter or director of another company which is debarred from accessing the capital market or dealing in securities by SEBI;
- (iii) Neither the issuer nor any of its promoters/ controlling stakeholder or directors is a wilful defaulter;
- (iv) None of the promoters/ controlling stakeholder or whole-time directors of the issuer is a promoter or whole-time director of another company which is a wilful defaulter;
- (v) None of its promoters/ controlling stakeholder or directors is a fugitive economic offender; and
- (VI) No fines or penalties levied by SEBI /stock exchanges are pending to be paid by the issuer at the time of filing the general information document.

DISCLAIMER IN RESPECT OF JURISDICTION

Issue of these Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) have been/will be made in India to Investors as specified under the head "**Who Can Apply**" under the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable). This General Information Document is not to be construed or constituted as an offer to sell or an invitation to subscribe to Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) offered hereby to any person who does not have access to the documents or who is not eligible under extant regulation/ law. The Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are governed by and shall be construed in accordance with the existing Indian laws. Any dispute arising in respect thereof will be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the courts and tribunals of **Mumbai**.

FORCE MAJEURE

The Company reserves the right to withdraw the Issue at any time or any Tranche under the issue prior to the closing date thereof in the event of any unforeseen development adversely affecting the economic and/or regulatory environment or otherwise. In such an event, the Company will refund the application money, if any, collected in respect of that Tranche without assigning any reason.

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ISSUE OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES AND/OR COMMERCIAL PAPERS (AS APPLICABLE) IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM

The Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be issued in dematerialised form. The Issuer has made arrangements with the Depositories for the issue of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) in dematerialised form. Investors will have to hold the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) in dematerialised form as per the provisions of the Depositories Act. The Issuer shall take necessary steps to credit the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) allotted to the beneficiary account maintained by the Investor with its Depository Participant. The Issuer will make the Allotment to Investors on the Deemed Date of Allotment after verification of the Application Form, the accompanying documents and on realisation of the application money.

EACH PERSON GETTING ACCESS TO THIS GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT

Such person has been afforded an opportunity to request and to review and has received all additional information considered by it to be necessary to verify the accuracy of or to supplement the information herein; and such person has not relied on any intermediary which may be associated with issuance of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) in connection with investigation of the accuracy of such information or investment decision. The Issuer does not undertake to update the information in this General Information Document to reflect subsequent events after the date of the General Information Document and thus it should not be relied upon with respect to such subsequent events without first confirming its accuracy with the Issuer. Neither this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document nor any sale of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, constitute a representation or create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer since the date hereof. This General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document does not constitute, nor may it be used for or in connection with, an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such an offer or solicitation. No action is being taken to permit an offering of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) or the distribution of this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document in any jurisdiction where such action is required. The distribution of this General Information Document and the respective Key Information Document and the offering and sale of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. Persons into whose possession this comes are required to inform them about and to observe any such restrictions. Access to the General Information Document is provided to investors in the Issue on the strict understanding that the contents hereof are strictly confidential.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The information and data contained herein is on a strictly private and confidential basis. By obtaining access to this General Information Document, each recipient agrees that neither it nor any of its employees, agents or advisors will use the information contained herein for any purpose other than evaluating the specific transactions described herein or will divulge to any other party any such information. This General Information Document must not be photocopied, reproduced, extracted or distributed in any manner whatsoever, in full or in part to any person other than the recipient without the prior written consent of the Company. If at any time any such reproduction or disclosure is made and the Company suffers any loss, damage or incurs liability of any kind whatsoever arising out of or in connection with any such reproduction or disclosure, the recipient of this General Information Document breaching the restriction on reproduction or disclosure agrees to hold harmless and indemnify the Company from and against any such loss, damage or liability.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

While no forecasts or projections relating to the Issuer’s financial performance are included in this General Information Document, this document contains certain “forward-looking statements” including words like “intends”, “believes”, “expects” and other similar expressions or variations of such expressions. These statements are primarily meant to give prospective Investors an overview of the Issuer’s future plans, as they currently stand. The Issuer operates in a highly competitive, regulated and ever-changing business environment, and a change in any of these variables may necessitate an alteration of the Issuer’s plans. Further, these plans are not static, but are subject to continuous internal review, and may be altered if the altered plans suit the Issuer’s needs better. Further, many of the plans may be based on one or more underlying assumptions (all of which may not be contained in this General Information Document) which may not come to fruition. Thus, actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements.

The Issuer cannot be held liable by estoppels or otherwise for any forward-looking statement contained herein. All statements contained in this General Information Document that are not statements of historical fact constitute “forward-looking statements” and are not forecasts or projections relating to the Issuer’s financial performance. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statement. Important factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from the Issuer’s expectations include, among others, the risk factors set out in **Section III** (Risks Factors) of this General Information Document. Certain market risk disclosures, by definition, are simply estimates and may change significantly from what really happens in the future.

. As a result, actual future gains or losses could materially differ from those that have been estimated. The forward-looking statements made in this General Information Document speak only as of the date of this General Information Document. Neither the Issuer nor its directors nor any of the Issuer’s affiliates have any obligation, or intention, to update or otherwise revise any forward-looking statement to reflect circumstances arising after the date hereof or to reflect the events occurring after the date hereof, even if the underlying assumptions do not come to fruition and the Issuer does not assume any responsibility to do so.

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SECTION III**RISK FACTORS**

The following are the risks envisaged by the management of the Company relating to the Company, issuance of instruments including Non-Convertible Securities, commercial papers (as applicable) and the market in general. Potential investors should carefully consider all the risk factors in this General Information Document and/or the relevant Key Information Document in relation to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) for evaluating the Company and its business and before making any investment decision relating to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). The Company believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in the Company's Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). However, the statements below regarding the risks of holding the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are not exhaustive or complete.

. The order of the risk factors is intended to facilitate ease of reading and reference and does not in any manner indicate the importance of one risk factor over another. Investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this General Information Document and in the applicable Key Information Document and reach their own conclusions prior to making any investment decision.

If any one of the following stated risks actually occurs, the Company's business, financial conditions and results of operations could suffer and, therefore, the value of the Company's Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) could decline and/or the Company's ability to meet its obligations in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) could be adversely impacted. More than one risk factor may occur simultaneously with regard to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) such that the effect of a particular risk factor may not be predictable. In addition, more than one risk factor may have a compounding effect which may not be predictable. No prediction can be made as to the impact that any combination of risk factors may have on the value of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and/or the Company's ability to meet its obligations in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

These risks and uncertainties are not the only issues that the Company faces. Additional risks and uncertainties presently not known to the Company or that the Company currently believes to be currently immaterial may in future, also have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or business. Unless specified or quantified in the relevant risk factors, the Company is not able to quantify the financial or other implications of any risk mentioned herein below.

PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO CAREFULLY READ THESE KEY RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES AND/OR COMMERCIAL PAPERS (AS APPLICABLE). THESE RISKS ARE NOT, AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO BE, A COMPLETE LIST OF ALL RISKS AND CONSIDERATIONS RELEVANT TO THE NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES AND/OR COMMERCIAL PAPERS (AS APPLICABLE) OR THE INVESTORS' DECISION TO PURCHASE THE NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES AND/OR COMMERCIAL PAPERS (AS APPLICABLE). THIS GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT IS NOT AND DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE IN THE NATURE OF INVESTMENT ADVICE.

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A. INTERNAL RISK FACTORS**1. Increasing competition from banks, NBFCs and other financial institutions**

The successful implementation of Company's growth plans depends on its ability to face competition. The main competitors of the Company, i.e., other financiers engaged in infrastructure financing including other Infrastructure Debt Funds, other NBFCs, financial institutions, and banks. The Company is a non-deposit taking NBFC and does not have access to low-cost deposits. Due to this, or any other reason, it may become less competitive than other players. Many of its competitors have significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources. Many of them also offer a wider range of services and financial products than the Company does and have greater brand recognition and a larger client base. If the Company is unable to manage its business and compete effectively with current or future competitors, it might adversely impact on its competitive position and profitability.

2. Credit Risk

Any lending and investment activity by the Company is exposed to credit risk arising from default in interest / repayment (by whatsoever name used, for example coupon/ redemption) by borrowers and other counterparties. The Company has institutionalized a systematic credit evaluation process which involves *inter-alia* assessment of material risk factors and taking measures to endeavor to mitigate key risks, as well as making long term financial projections (example for 20 years). The Company monitors the performance of its loan portfolio on a regular and continuous basis to detect any material development and constantly evaluates the changes and developments in sectors in which it has exposure. The Company undertakes a periodic review of its entire loan portfolio with a view to determining any changes in portfolio quality, identifying potential areas of action and devising appropriate strategies thereon. Despite these efforts, there can be no assurance that long-term financial projections would be accurate, or interest or repayment default will not occur and/or there will be no adverse effect on the Company's financial results and/or operations as a result thereof. While the Company generally provides secured debt to borrowers and assesses the status of security periodically, there can be no assurance that the entire amount of principal and interest can be recovered in an event of default, through invocation/ disposal of security.

In performing its credit assessment, the Company relies largely on information furnished by or on behalf of its borrowers, including financial information based on which the Company performs its credit assessment. The Company may also depend on certain representations and undertakings relating to the accuracy, correctness and completeness of information, and outsources the verification of the same to professional agencies. Any such information if incorrect or materially misleading may increase the risk of default and could adversely impact on the financial condition, financial results and/or operations of the Company.

3. Repayment of principal is subject to the credit risk of the Company

Potential Investors should be aware that receipt of principal amount and any other amounts that may be due in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) is subject to the credit risk of the Company. Potential investors have the risk that the Company may not be able to satisfy its obligations under the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). In the event if any bankruptcy proceedings or composition, scheme of arrangement or similar proceedings to avert bankruptcy are instituted by or against the Company,

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the payment of sums due on the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) may be substantially reduced or delayed.

4. Interest Rate Risk

The Company's interest income from lending is dependent upon interest rates and their movement. Interest rates are highly sensitive to many factors beyond the control of the Company, including the monetary Policy of RBI, deregulation of the financial sector in India, domestic and international economic and political conditions, foreign exchange rates and their movement, inflation and other factors. Due to these factors, interest rates in India have historically experienced a relatively high degree of volatility. Consequently, there can be no assurance that significant interest rate movements will not have an adverse effect on the Company's financial results and/or operations.

5. Non-performing assets

At this point in time, the Issuer has NIL non-performing assets, and its provisioning norms fully comply with the RBI guidelines/directives. The Issuer believes that its overall financial profile, capitalization levels and risk management systems provide significant risk mitigation. A material increase in the level of non-performing assets in the Issuer's portfolio, due to any reason whatsoever, and/ or change in the extent of provisioning, may cause its business and results of operations to suffer.

6. Access to Capital Markets and Commercial Borrowings

Current regulatory guidelines mandate the Company to raise funds from the debt capital markets. The Company's growth will depend on its continued ability to access funds from debt capital markets, at competitive rates, which in turn will depend on various factors including but not limited to prevailing market conditions and the Company's ability to maintain its credit ratings. If the Company is unable to access funds at an effective cost that is comparable to or lower than that of its competitors, the Company may not be able to offer competitive interest rates for its loans or have adequate funds for its investment activities mandated by regulation. This may adversely impact its business results and its future financial performance.

7. Portfolio Concentration

The Company's lending portfolio comprises Public Private Partnership (PPP) infrastructure projects and non-PPP infrastructure projects which have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations. While the Company's portfolio is diversified across various infrastructure sectors, as the focus has been on key sectors including but not limited to solar power generation, wind power generation, airport sector, etc., the Company's performance may be adversely impacted due to portfolio concentration risk, if these sectors go through a downtrend or are adversely impacted due to changes in law/ regulation or any reason whatsoever.

8. Operational and System Risk

The Company may be faced with operational risks (which may include people, process, system or external event risks), which may arise as a result of various factors, viz., improper authorizations,

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failure of employees to adhere to approved procedures, inappropriate documentation, failure in having or adherence to security policies, frauds, inadequate training and employee errors. Further, there can also be a security risk in terms of handling information technology related products such as system failures, information system disruptions, communication systems failure which involves certain risks like data loss, breach of confidentiality and adverse effect on business continuity and network security. Cybersecurity events such as unauthorized access, computer viruses, deceptive communications (phishing, social engineering), infection through malicious code (malware, ransomware) or other cyber incidents resulting in data loss, breach or unavailability of systems.

If any of the systems do not operate properly or are disabled or if other shortcomings or failures in internal processes or systems are to arise, this could affect the Company's operations and/or result in financial loss, disruption of Company's businesses, regulatory intervention and/or damage to its reputation. In addition, the Company's ability to conduct business may be adversely impacted by a disruption (i) in the infrastructure that supports its businesses and (ii) in the localities in which it is located.

9. Any inability of the Company to attract or retain talented professionals may impact its business operations

The business in which the Company operates is very competitive and the Company's ability to attract and retain quality talent, impacts the successful implementation of growth plans. The Company may lose business opportunities and business, or portfolio monitoring may suffer if such required manpower is not available on time. The inability of the Company to replace manpower or add requisite manpower, in a satisfactory and timely manner may adversely affect its business and future financial performance.

10. Downgrading of credit rating

The Company cannot guarantee that its credit ratings will not be downgraded. In the event of perceived/ assessed or actual deterioration in the financial health of the Company or technical issues, there is a possibility that any of the Rating Agencies may downgrade the rating of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). In such cases, potential investors may have to take losses on re-valuation of their investment or make provisions towards sub-standard/ non-performing investment as per regulatory norms applicable to them. Such a downgrade in the credit rating may lower the value of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and/or the Company's ability to meet its obligations in respect of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) could be affected.

11. Decisions may be taken on behalf of all Non-Convertible Securities Holders, thereby harming individual holders' interests.

The terms of the Non-Convertible Securities contain provisions for calling meetings of Non-Convertible Securities Holders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Non-Convertible Securities Holders including Non-Convertible Securities Holders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Non-Convertible Securities Holders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority. In view of the same, it is possible that the decisions made through defined majorities on behalf of all Non-Convertible Securities Holders may not be in favour of the interest of any individual Non-Convertible Securities Holder.

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12. No Debenture Redemption Reserve

As per the provisions of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 as amended time to time, the Company is currently exempt from the requirement of creation of debenture redemption reserve in respect of privately placed debentures. Pursuant to this, the Company does not intend to create any such reserves for the redemption of the debentures. The Company will continue to comply with applicable provisions of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and other applicable guidelines, as amended from time to time. Under the Income Tax Act 1961, companies are required to create a sinking fund for certain categories of issuances i.e. CBDT notified Zero Coupon Bonds (ZCBs). However, the Companies Act 2013 does not mandate the creation of a sinking fund. The non-availability of such reserve could impact investors.

13. Security may be insufficient to redeem the Debentures

In the event that the Company is unable to meet its payment and other obligations towards Investors under the terms of the debentures, the Debenture Trustee may enforce the Security as per the terms of the Debenture Trustee Deed and other related documents. The Investors recovery in relation to the debentures will be subject to (i) the market value of the property offered as security, and (ii) finding a willing buyer in a timely manner, for such security at a price sufficient to repay the potential investors' amounts outstanding under the debentures. There is no assurance that recovery from disposal of security, would be sufficient for redemption of debt instruments.

14. Tax and other Considerations

Special tax, accounting and legal considerations may apply to certain types of potential investors. Potential investors are urged to consult with their own financial, legal, tax and other professional advisors to determine any financial, legal, tax and other implications of an investment into the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

15. Asset Liability Mismatch (ALM)

The Company has assets and liabilities with varying maturities whose cash flows may not be completely aligned for each maturity bucket. The Company's assets are mostly loans with amortizing repayments. Borrowings in the form of bonds, as required by regulation, typically have bullet redemption. In case of the misalignment of cash flows caused by the nature of asset and liability repayments, ALM mismatch risk may arise and this may adversely impact the financial position and operations of the Company and may impair its ability to make payments.

B. EXTERNAL RISK FACTORS**1. The Non-Convertible Securities and/or Commercial Papers (as applicable) may be illiquid**

The Company intends to list the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) on the NSE and/ or BSE. The Company cannot provide any guarantee that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will be frequently traded on the Stock Exchange and that there would be any market for the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable). The current trading of the Company's existing listed non-convertible debentures may not reflect the liquidity of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or

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commercial papers (as applicable) being offered through the Issue. It is not possible to predict if and to what extent a secondary market may develop for the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) or at what price the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) will trade in the secondary market or whether such market will be liquid or illiquid. The fact that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) may be so listed or quoted or admitted to trading does not necessarily lead to greater liquidity than if they were not so listed or quoted or admitted to trading.

Further, the Company may not be able to issue any further Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable), in case of any disruptions in the securities market.

2. Changes in law or regulation in future

Future government policies and changes in laws and regulations in India (including their interpretation and application to the operations of the Company) and comments, statements or policy changes by policy makers or any regulator, including but not limited to, the Income Tax department, SEBI or RBI, or orders by Tribunals/ Courts, may adversely affect the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable), and restrict the Company's ability to do business in its target markets. The timing and content of any new law or regulation or rule is not within the Company's control and such new law, regulation, comment, statement, rule or policy change could have an adverse impact on its business, financial results and/or operations.

Further, SEBI, the relevant Stock Exchange(s) or other regulatory authorities may require clarifications on this General Information Document, which may cause a delay in the issuance of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) or may result in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) being materially affected. Further the issuer will not indemnify any holder/subscriber in relation to any adverse impact on post tax yield owing to changes in the any laws or regulations.

3. Material changes in law and regulations to which the Company is subjected

NBFCs in India are subject to supervision and regulation by the RBI. In addition, the Company is generally subject to changes in Indian law, as well as to changes in regulations and policies and accounting standards. The RBI also requires the Company to make provisions based on quality of assets and ensure specified levels of capital adequacy. Any changes in the regulatory framework impacting NBFCs or IDF NBFCs, including but not limited to change in the definition of infrastructure, change in risk weights on assets and/or provisioning norms and/or capital adequacy requirements could adversely affect the profitability of the Company or its future financial performance. The Company is subject to certain statutory, regulatory, exposure and prudential norms and this may limit the flexibility of the Company's lending or investments. As per current Tax Laws, any income of an IDF-NBFC is exempt from income tax; withdrawal of this benefit in part or full, or change of law/ rules in this regard may impact the profitability of the Issuer.

4. A slowdown in economic growth in India

The Company's performance and the quality and growth of its assets are necessarily dependent on the health of the overall Indian economy. A slowdown in the Indian economy or a fall in India's GDP or other macroeconomic indicators may adversely affect its business, including its ability to

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enhance its asset portfolio and the quality of its assets, and its ability to implement certain measures could be adversely affected by a movement in interest rates, or various other factors affecting the growth of industrial, manufacturing and services sector or a general downtrend in the economy. Any adverse revision to India's credit rating for domestic and international debt by international rating agencies may adversely impact the Company's ability to raise additional financing and the interest rates and other commercial terms at which such additional financing is available.

5. Political instability or changes in the government could delay further liberalization of the Indian economy and adversely affect economic conditions in India generally

If there is any slowdown in the economic liberalization, or a reversal of steps already taken, it could have an adverse impact on the Company's business. Financial difficulties and other problems in certain financial institutions in India could cause the Company's business to suffer. The Company is exposed to the risks of the international as well as Indian financial system, which in turn may be affected by financial difficulties, trends and other problems faced by certain Indian financial institutions. The problems faced by such Indian financial institutions and any instability in, or difficulties faced by the Indian financial system generally could create an adverse market perception about Indian financial institutions, banks and NBFCs. This in turn could adversely affect the Company's business, its financial performance and its shareholders' funds.

6. Acts of God, terrorist attacks, civil unrest and other acts of violence or war involving India and other countries could adversely affect the financial markets and the Company's business

Acts of God, terrorist attacks and other acts of violence or war may negatively impact the Indian markets and may also adversely impact worldwide financial markets. These acts may also result in a loss of business confidence. In addition, adverse social, economic and political events in India could have a negative impact on the Company. Such incidents could also create a perception that investment in Indian companies involves a higher degree of risk which could have an adverse impact on the Company's business.

7. The Company's business may be adversely impacted by natural calamities or unfavourable climatic changes

India has experienced natural calamities such as earthquakes, floods, droughts, landslides and a tsunami in recent years. India has also experienced pandemics, including the outbreak of avian flu, swine flu and coronavirus. The extent and severity of these natural disasters and the lock downs due to these pandemics, on the projects financed by the Company and consequently the impact on the Company itself, cannot be predicted with any level of certainty. Prolonged spells of abnormal rainfall, drought and other natural calamities could have an adverse impact on the economy which in turn could adversely affect the financial results and/or operations of the Company. While the Company has conditions/ covenants in its financing documents to ensure that such projects are adequately insured, there is no assurance that the insurance would cover the entire impact of such natural calamities or whether such insurance claims would be received in a timely manner.

8. There is no assurance that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or Commercial Papers (as applicable) issued pursuant to this issue will be listed on Stock Exchanges in a timely manner, or at all

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There is no assurance that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) issued pursuant to this issue will be listed on Stock Exchanges in a timely manner, or at all. In accordance with Indian law and practice, permissions for listing and trading of the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) issued pursuant to this issue will not be granted until after the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) have been issued and allotted. Approval for listing and trading will require all relevant documents to be submitted and carrying out of necessary procedures with the Stock Exchanges. There could be a failure or delay in listing the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) on the Stock Exchange for reasons unforeseen.

C. GENERAL RISK FACTORS

Investment in non-convertible securities is risky, and investors should not invest any funds in such securities unless they can afford to take the risks attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their examination of the Company, this General Information Document and any Key Information Documents issued in pursuance hereof and the Issue including the risks involved in it. Specific attention of investors is invited to statement of risk factors contained under **Section III** of this General Information Document. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the non-convertible securities or investor's decision to purchase such securities. The Issue has not been recommended or approved by any regulatory authority in India, including SEBI or RBI nor does SEBI or RBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this General Information Document and the Key Information Document. There is no guarantee, implicit or explicit, by any shareholder or owner, regarding equity infusion or credit support in any manner whatsoever.

D. ADDITIONAL ASSUMPTIONS

The initial subscriber by subscribing to and any subsequent purchaser by purchasing the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) shall be deemed to have agreed that and accordingly the Company shall be entitled to presume that each of the initial subscribers and any subsequent purchasers (Non-Convertible Securities Holder, as referred to hereinabove and hereinafter):

- (1) has reviewed the terms and conditions applicable to the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) as contained in the General Information Document and the relevant Key Information Document and has understood the same, and, on an independent assessment thereof, found the same acceptable for the investment made and has also reviewed the risk disclosures contained herein and has understood the risks, and determined that Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) are a suitable investment and that the Non-Convertible Securities Holder can bear the economic risk of that investment;
- (2) has received all the information believed by it to be necessary and appropriate or material in connection with, and for, investment in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable);
- (3) has sufficient knowledge, experience and expertise as an investor, to make the investment in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable);
- (4) has not relied on either the Company or any of its affiliate, associate, or group entities, if any or any person acting in its or their behalf for any information, advice or recommendations of any sort

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except as regards the accuracy of the specific factual information about the terms of the Debenture set out in this General Information Document and the relevant Key Information Document;

- (5) has understood that information contained in this General Information Document and the relevant Key Information Document is not to be construed as business or investment advice;
- (6) has made an independent evaluation and judgment of all risks and merits before investing in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable);
- (7) has understood that the method and manner of computation of returns and calculations on the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) shall be solely determined by the Company and the decision of the Company shall be final and binding;
- (8) has understood that in the event of any discretions to be exercised, in relation to method and manner of any of the above computations including due to any disruptions in any of the financial or other related markets or if for any other reason the calculations cannot be made as the method and manner originally stipulated or referred to or implied, such alternative methods or approach shall be used as deemed fit by the Company and may include the use of estimates and approximations. All such computations shall be valid and binding on the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder(s) and no liability thereof will attach to the Company;
- (9) has understood that in the event that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder(s) suffers adverse consequences or loss, the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder(s) shall be solely responsible for the same and the Company, its parent, its subsidiaries or affiliates, if any shall not be responsible, in any manner whatsoever, for any adverse consequences or loss suffered by the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder(s) including but not limited to on the basis of any claim that no adequate disclosure regarding the risks involved were made or that the full risks involved were not explained or understood;
- (10) has the legal ability to invest in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) and the investment does not contravene any provision of any law, regulation or contractual restriction or obligation or undertaking binding on or affecting the Non-Convertible Securities Holder or its assets;
- (11) where the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder includes any kind of fund including but not limited to a mutual fund / provident fund/pension fund / superannuation fund / gratuity fund/ endowment fund/ wealth fund/ family office fund or any kind of retirement benefit funds or other welfare funds (each a “**fund**”), that:
 - (a) investing in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) on the terms and conditions stated herein is within the scope of the fund’s investment policy and does not conflict with the provisions of the trust deed / bye laws / regulations currently in force,
 - (b) the investment in Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) is being made by and on behalf of the fund and that the fund is in force and existing and the investment has been ratified by appropriate resolutions, and
 - (c) the investment in Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) has been duly authorized and does not contravene any provisions of the trust deed / bye laws /

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regulations as currently in force or any law, regulation or contractual restriction or obligation or undertaking binding on or affecting the fund or its assets;

- (12) where the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder is a company, that:
- (a) the Non-Convertible Securities Holder is not precluded under any law, rules, regulations and / or circular(s) issued by any statutory and/or regulatory authority (ies) including under the Act from investing in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable);
 - (b) All necessary corporate or other necessary action has been taken and that the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) Holder has corporate ability and authority, to invest in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable); and
 - (C) Investment in the Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable) does not contravene any provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association or any law, regulation or contractual restriction or obligation or undertaking binding on or affecting the Non-Convertible Securities Holder or the Non-Convertible Securities Holder's assets.

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SECTION IV**OTHER DISCLOSURES AS PER SCHEDULE I OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (ISSUE AND LISTING OF NON-CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES) REGULATIONS, 2021****A. Issuer Information**

- (i) **A summary of the business/activities of the Issuer and its subsidiaries with the details of branches or units if any and its line of business:**
- (i) **Overview and a brief summary of the business activities of the Issuer:**

Brief Background of the NIIF IFL:

The Finance Minister of India in his budget speech for 2011-12 had announced the setting up of Infrastructure Debt Funds (“IDFs”) in order to accelerate and enhance the flow of long-term debt in Infrastructure Projects.

IDFC Limited incorporated IDFC Infra Debt Fund Limited on March 7, 2014, as a new infrastructure financing entity to carry on the business of an infrastructure debt fund under the NBFC format as per the RBI guidelines issued in this regard. The Reserve Bank of India granted a Certificate of Registration to IDFC Infra Debt Fund Limited (“IDFC IDFL”) on September 22, 2014, permitting the Company to carry on the business of a Non-Banking Finance Company – Infrastructure Debt Fund. The Company commenced business on January 16, 2015. The name of IDFC Infra Debt Fund Limited was changed to IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited (“IDFC IFL”) with effect from January 10, 2017. Pursuant to definitive agreements entered between IDFC Limited, IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited (“IDFC FHCL”), IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited and National Investment & Infrastructure Fund II (“NIIF Fund II”) on October 30, 2018; IDFC FHCL sold 51.48% of the shareholding and SBI Life Insurance Company Limited sold 7.41% of the shareholding in the Company to National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II during the FY 2018-19. Subsequently, IDFC FHCL sold its remaining 30% of the holding in the Company to Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited during FY 2019-20.

The name of the Issuer was consequently changed to NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (**NIIF IFL**) with effect from July 11, 2019.

Summary of the business/ activities and its line of business

In terms of the guidelines issued by RBI, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to -

- i. Refinance post commencement operation date (COD) infrastructure projects that have completed at least 1 year of satisfactory commercial operations; and
- ii. Finance toll operate transfer (TOT) projects as a direct lender.

NIIF IFL intends to focus on projects across various sectors and sub-sectors in infrastructure in line with RBI guidelines and as notified by Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) from time to time as per the Updated Harmonised Master List of Infrastructure Sub-Sectors, including but not limited to transport, energy, communication, logistic and social and commercial infrastructure.

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NIIF IFL is a responsible financial institution and has integrated environmental & social (E&S) risks in its lending cycle. The Company has adopted IFC Performance Standards for E&S risk assessment in its project finance transactions.

NIIF IFL is permitted to raise funds by way of rupee or dollar denominated Bonds of minimum 5 (five) years tenure. From April 21, 2016, IDF-NBFCs have been permitted by RBI to raise funds through shorter tenor bonds and commercial papers (CPs) from the domestic market to the extent of upto 10% of their total outstanding borrowings. Further, IDF-NBFCs are required to follow applicable fund-raising and other guidelines/provisions of Companies Act, RBI/SEBI/ Income tax Rules.

RBI vide its circular dated August 18, 2023, permitted IDF-NBFCs to raise funds through external commercial borrowings (ECBs) from institutions other than foreign branches of Indian banks. Such borrowings shall be subject to minimum tenor of five years. Also, IDF-NBFCs shall also be required to adhere guidelines issued by the foreign exchange department of the Reserve Bank of India.

As per Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("Income Tax Act"), any income of Infrastructure Debt Funds ("IDF") set up in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the Central Government, is exempt from income tax. The CBDT has issued a notification dated October 21, 2019 notifying the Company under Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act w.e.f. the Financial Year 2019-20 (i.e. from the financial year starting April 01, 2019).

Controlling Stake Holder:

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL) is an investor-owned fund manager, anchored by the GoI in collaboration with leading global and domestic institutional investors. It manages assets of more than \$4.9 billion through four funds, namely Master Fund, Private Markets Fund (erstwhile Fund of Funds), SOF and India-Japan Fund, each of which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as a Category II alternative investment fund (AIF). NIIFL has received a capital commitment of Rs. 20,000 crore from the GoI across its funds and a similar amount will be raised from external strategic investors such that the GoI's contribution to the corpus of NIIF's funds will reach 49%.

NIIF SOF has been established to provide long-term capital to high-growth future-ready businesses in India. It has built a scalable integrated financial services platform by investing equity in NIIF IFL and AIFL, enabling them to become sizeable players in the Indian infrastructure debt financing space.

Background of Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (Other significant stakeholder):

An RBI-regulated NBFC-IFC incorporated in May 2019, AIFL is a portfolio company of NIIF SOF, which has a majority stake in the company. The RBI granted a certificate of registration (CoR) to the company on January 28, 2020, which initiated lending operations in Q2 FY2021. AIFL was formed with the objective of lending across all phases of the infrastructure project lifecycle with a mix of operating brownfield and greenfield assets. Its board comprises two nominees of NIIF SOF and three independent directors.

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Infrastructure sector in India

Infrastructure is a key driver of the Indian economy and instrumental in impacting India's overall development. It is a priority for the government's economic policy. The Government of India has emphasized the importance of infrastructure and Public Private Partnerships (PPPs) in successive Union Budget speeches/ announcements.

The key difference between an IDF-NBFC and other infrastructure financing institutions is that an IDF-NBFC, by regulation, finances those Infrastructure Projects that have achieved COD and have a track record of at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations. This insulates IDF- NBFCs from the uncertainties and risks associated with construction and development of Infrastructure Projects particularly with regard to timely approvals, land acquisition, risk of developers not infusing requisite amount of equity etc. In view of the lower risk associated with such financing, IDF NBFCs are permitted by regulation, lower risk weight of 50% in respect of financing for PPP infrastructure projects that have completed at least 1 year of operations.

NIIF IFL does not have any subsidiary company.

(ii) Corporate Structure of the Issuer:

The following is the Corporate Structure of the Company:

1. Domestic and Foreign direct/indirect Subsidiaries:
Nil
2. Following is the shareholding pattern of the Company

Details of Equity Share Capital of the Company:

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	Shares	% of holding
1.	National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II and its nominees	54,63,50,979	39.7
2.	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	42,39,32,487	30.8
3.	President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India	34,49,97,165	25.1
4.	HDFC Bank Limited	6,00,00,000	4.4
	Total	1,37,52,80,631	100

Details of Preference Share Capital of the Company:

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Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of CCPS	% of Shareholding
-	NIL	-	-

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, and the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2025, approved the issuance of 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) of face value Rs. 1,00,000 each aggregating to Rs. 1,500 crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only).

3. Name of the Controlling Equity Holder

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II (NIIF Fund II) is the controlling equity stake holder of the Company.

Project Cost and means of financing, in case of funding of new projects:

The proceeds of the issue will be utilized for such purposes as may be mentioned in the respective Key Information Document(s) pertaining to each Tranche, Issue and would be in line with extant regulation.

(ii) Expense of the Issue:

Expenses	Fees Amount (in Rs.)	Fees as a percentage of total issue expenses (%)	Fees as a percentage of total issue size (%)
Lead manager(s) fees	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue		
Underwriting commission	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue		
Brokerage, selling, commission and upload fees	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue		
Fees payable to the registrars to the issue	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue		
Fees payable to the legal advisors	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue		

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Advertising and marketing expenses	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue
Fees payable to the regulators including stock exchanges	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue
Expenses incurred on printing and distribution of issue stationary	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue
Any other fees, commission or payments under whatever nomenclature	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue
Total	As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(iii) Financial Information:

- (i) **The audited financial statements (i.e., Profit & Loss statement, Balance Sheet and Cash Flow statement) are both on a standalone and consolidated basis for a period of 3 (Three) completed years along with the auditor’s report and the requisite schedules, footnotes, summary etc.:**

Please refer to **Annexure IV** of this General Information Document.

- (ii) **A columnar representation of the unaudited financial information with limited review report (for the interim period) along with the auditor’s report and the requisite schedules, footnotes, summary etc.:**

The audited financial statements of the Company as on March 31, 2025 are annexed herewith under **Annexure IV** of this General Information Document.

(iii) Key Operational and Financial Parameters on consolidated and standalone basis:

- a. **Consolidated:** NA
- b. **Standalone basis:**

Amount in Rs. crores

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Parameters	As at March 31, 2025 (Audited)	As at March 31, 2024 (Audited)	As at March 31, 2023 (Audited)
Balance Sheet			
Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	10.28	11.66	7.38
Financial Assets	27,423.76	23,484.39	18,250.89
Non-financial Assets excluding property, plant and equipment	377.93	251.93	148.15
Total assets	27,811.97	23,747.98	18,406.42
Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Derivative financial instruments			
- Trade Payables	8.27	6.05	3.99
- Debt Securities	23,426.13	19,782.14	14,949.81
- Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)		-	-
- Subordinated Liabilities			
- Other financial liabilities	26.59	82.20	8.32
Non – Financial Liabilities			
- Current tax liabilities (net)	-	-	-
- Provisions	11.19	6.47	2.87
- Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	-	-
- Other non-financial liabilities	13.82	11.47	1.69
Equity (equity share capital and other equity)	4,325.98	3,859.65	3,439.73
Total equity and liabilities	27,811.97	23,747.98	18,406.42
Profit and Loss			
Revenue from operations	2170.24	1,836.62	1,404.12
Other Income	12.79	10.40	0.11
Total Income	2,183.03	1,847.02	1,404.23
Total Expenses	1,685.51	1,431.60	1,078.49
Profit after Tax for the year	487.21	420.47	325.74
Other Comprehensive Income	-0.26	-0.52	-0.95

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Total Comprehensive Income	486.95	419.95	324.79
Earnings per equity share (Basic)	3.54	3.06	2.37
Earnings per equity share (Diluted)	3.54	3.06	2.37
Cash Flow			
Net cash from / used in(-) operating activities	3,195.84	3,676.22	-3,218.39
Net cash from / used in(-) investing activities	387.57	-535.61	-1.01
Net cash from / used in(-) financing activities	3,528.75	4,589.75	2,511.43
Net increase/decrease(-) in cash and cash equivalents	720.48	377.92	-707.97
Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement as at end of Half Year	1,631.98	911.50	533.58

	As at March 31, 2025 (Audited)	As at March 31, 2024 (Audited)	As at March 31, 2023 (Audited)
Net worth	4,325.98	3,859.65	3,439.71
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,631.98	911.50	533.58
Loans	25,233.06	21,989.77	17,717.01
Loans Principal Amount	25,389.96	22,118.19	17,839.47
Total Debts to Total assets	0.84	0.83	0.82
Interest Income	1,994.78	1,721.524	1,397.00
Interest Expense	1,592.36	1,351.83	1,017.01
Impairment on Financial Instruments	-	-	-
Bad Debts to Loans	-	-	-
% Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	-	-	-
% Net Stage 3 Loans on Loans (Principal Amount)	-	-	-
Tier I Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	20.85%	23.28%	20.12%
Tier II Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	0.86%	0.94%	0.73%

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Note: Dividend on Equity Shares

1. The Company has declared and paid final dividend on equity shares amounting to Rs. 0.15 per equity share on face value of Rs. 10/- each for FY 2024-25.
2. The Company has declared and paid final dividend on equity shares amounting to Rs. 0.15 per equity share on face value of Rs. 10/- each for FY 2023-24.

- (iv) **Details of any other contingent liabilities of the Issuer based on the last audited financial statements including amount and nature of liability – Nil**
- (v) **The amount of corporate guarantee or letter of comfort issued by the Issuer along with details of the counterparty (viz. name and nature of the counterparty, whether a subsidiary, joint venture entity, group company etc.) on behalf of whom it has been issued – Nil**
- (vi) **A brief history of the Issuer since its incorporation giving details of its following activities:**
- (i) **Details of Share Capital as on last quarter end:**

Details of Equity Share Capital:

Share Capital	No. of Shares	Rupees (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	1,815,000,000 having face value of Rs. 10/- each	18,150,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital	1,375,280,631 having face value of Rs. 10/- each	13,752,806,310

Details of Preference Share Capital:

Share Capital	No. of Shares	Rupees (Rs.)
Authorized Share Capital	88,095,238 having face value of Rs 21/- each	1,850,000,000
	259,259,259 having face value of Rs. 27/- each	6,999,999,993
	150,000 having face value of Rs 100,000/- each	15,000,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Share Capital	-	-

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, and the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2025, approved the issuance of 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) of face value Rs. 1,00,000 each aggregating to Rs. 1,500 crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only).

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(ii) Changes in its capital structure as on last quarter end, for the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year:-

Date of Change (AGM/EGM)	Particulars
EGM dated March 1, 2021	The Authorized share capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 8,000,000,000 to Rs. 20,000,000,000
EGM dated March 22, 2022	The Authorized share capital of the Company was increased from Rs. 20,000,000,000 to Rs. 26,999,999,991
EGM dated March 28, 2024	The Authorized share capital of the Company was increased from 26,999,999,991 to 41,999,999,991

Capital Allotment history since inception

Post initial subscription to Memorandum of Association, the Company allotted 11,950,000 equity shares on March 21, 2014 to IDFC Limited, through a rights issue.

On August 12, 2014, the Company allotted by way of Preferential Allotment, 140,000,000 equity shares to IDFC Limited, 143,000,000 equity shares to IDFC Alternatives Limited and 15,000,000 equity shares to IDFC Finance Limited.

At the Board meeting held on April 29, 2015, the Board approved transfer of 152,000,000 equity shares held by IDFC Limited of the Company to IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited. At the Board meeting held on August 21, 2015, the Board approved following transfers of equity shares of the Company:

Sr. No.	Name of the Transferor	Name of the Transferee	No of shares
1.	IDFC Alternatives Limited	IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited.	143,000,000
2.	IDFC Finance Limited	IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited.	15,000,000

On September 21, 2015, 130,000,000 equity shares were allotted to IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited by way of rights issue.

On March 29, 2016, the Company made a Preferential allotment aggregating to 100,000,000 equity shares divided into 60,000,000 equity shares to Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited (since merged with HDFC Bank Limited) and 40,000,000 equity shares to SBI Life Insurance Company Limited.

Pursuant to definitive agreements entered between IDFC Limited, IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited ("**IDFC FHCL**"), IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited and National Investment &

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Infrastructure Fund II (“**NIIF Fund II**”) on October 30, 2018; IDFC FHCL sold 51.48% of the shareholding in the Company to National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II on March 12, 2019.

SBI Life Insurance Company Limited and Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited (since merged with HDFC Bank Limited) (“**HDFC**”) were given tag along right along with “IDFC FHCL” to sell their equity stake in the Company to NIIF Fund II. HDFC decided to continue their shareholding and SBI Life sold their equity stake of 7.41% to NIIF Fund II.

IDFC FHCL sold 30% of its shareholding in the Company to Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited on March 30, 2020. Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on May 21, 2020 have allotted equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each at a premium of Rs. 6.41/- each on Rights Basis to the existing shareholders of the Company as follows:

Sr No	Name of the Shareholder	No. of shares
1.	National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	100,929,312
2.	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	51,416,819
	Total	1,52,346,131

On March 30, 2021, Board of Directors of the Company has allotted 22,33,84,030 (Twenty Two Crore Thirty Three Lakh Eighty Four Thousand Thirty) Equity Shares of face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten only) per share at a premium of Rs. 11.04 (Rupees Eleven and Four Paise only) per share (the “**Equity Shares**”) aggregating to Rs 469,99,99,992 (Rupees Four Hundred and Sixty Crore Ninety Nine Lakhs Ninety Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and Ninety Two only) on private placement basis to National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II and Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited, existing shareholders of the Company and 8,79,27,757 (Eight Crore Seventy Nine Lakh Twenty Seven Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Seven) 0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) of the Company of the face value of Rs. 21 (Rupees Twenty One only) each at a premium of Rs. 0.04 (Rupees Four Paise only) per share aggregating to Rs. 185,00,00,007 (Rupees One Hundred Eighty Five Crore and Seven only) on private placement basis to President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India

On March 28, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company had allotted 11,45,53,305 (Eleven Crore Forty Five Lakh Fifty Three Thousand and Three Hundred Five) Equity Shares of the Company of face value of Rs. 10 (Rupees Ten only) each at a premium of Rs. 17.23 (Rupees Seventeen and Twenty Three Paise only) per share aggregating to Rs. 311,92,86,495.15 (Rupees Three Hundred and Eleven Crore Ninety Two Lakh Eighty Six Thousand Four Hundred Ninety Five and Fifteen Paise Only), on a preferential cum private placement basis, to Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited and 25,70,69,408 (Twenty Five Crore Seventy Lakh Sixty Nine Thousand Four Hundred Eight) 0.001% Compulsorily Convertible preference Shares (Series II) (“**CCPS**”) of the Company of the face value of Rs. 27/- (Rupees Twenty Seven only) each at a premium of Rs. 0.23 (Twenty Three paise only) per share aggregating to Rs. 699,99,99,980 (Rupees Six Hundred Ninety Nine Crore Ninety Nine lakh Ninety Nine Thousand Nine Hundred Eighty only), on a preferential cum private placement basis to the President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India existing preference shareholder of the Company.

On March 28, 2024, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the conversion of 34,49,97,165 (Thirty Four Crore Forty Nine Lakh Ninety Seven Thousand One Hundred Sixty Five)

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Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) held by President of India into 34,49,97,165 (Thirty Four Crore Forty Nine Lakh Ninety Seven Thousand One Hundred Sixty Five) Equity Shares of the Company in the ratio of 1 Equity Share for every 1 CCPS held and allotted 34,49,97,165 (Thirty Four Crore Forty Nine Lakh Ninety Seven Thousand One Hundred Sixty Five) Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10/- each to the President of India pursuant to conversion of CCPS on March 30, 2024.

Current Shareholding pattern of the Company is given below:

Details of Equity Share Capital of the Company:

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	Shares	% of holding
1.	National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II and its nominees	546,350,979	39.7
2.	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	423,932,487	30.8
3.	President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India	34,49,97,165	25.1
4.	HDFC Bank Limited	60,000,000	4.4
	Total	1,375,280,631	100.00

Details of Preference Share Capital of the Company:

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, and the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2025, approved the issuance of 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares ("NCRPS") of face value Rs. 1,00,000 each aggregating to Rs. 1,500 crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only).

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of CCPS	% of Shareholding
-	NIL	-	-

(iii) **Equity and Preference Share Capital of the Company, for the preceding three financial years and current financial year:**

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Date of Allotment	No. of Equity Shares	Face Value (Rs.)	Issue Price (Rs.)	Nature of consideration	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative		Equity Share Premium (Rs. In Crore)
						No of equity shares	Equity Share Capital (Rs.)	
As on Incorporation	50,000	10	10	Cash	Subscription	50,000	500,000	NIL
21-March-14	11,950,000	10	10	Cash	Rights Issue	12,000,000	120,000,000	NIL
12-August-14	298,000,000	10	10	Cash	Preferential Allotment	310,000,000	3,100,000,000	NIL
21-September-15	130,000,000	10	10	Cash	Right Issue	440,000,000	4,400,000,000	NIL
29-March-16	100,000,000	10	10	Cash	Preferential Allotment	540,000,000	5,400,000,000	NIL
21-May-20	15,23,46,131	10	16.41	Cash	Right Issue	692,346,131	6,923,461,310	97,65,38,700
30-March-21	223,384,030	10	21.04	Cash	Private Placement	915,730,161	9,157,301,610	2,466,159,692
28-March-22	114,553,305	10	27.23	Cash	Private Placement	1,030,283,466	10,302,834,660	197,37,53,445.15
	87,927,757	10	21	Conversion of CCPS into equity shares	Conversion of CCPS into equity shares			967,205,327
30-March-24	257,069,408	10	27	Conversion of CCPS into equity shares	Conversion of CCPS into equity shares	1,37,52,80,631	13,752,806,310	4,370,179,936

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Date of Allotment	No. of CCPS	Face Value (Rs.)	Issue Price (Rs.)	Nature of consideration	Nature of Allotment	Cumulative		Premium (Rs. In Crore)
						No of CCPS	Preference Shares Capital (Rs.)	
30-March 21	87,927,757	21	21.04	Cash	Private Placement	87,927,757	1,846,482,897	3,517,110
28-March 22	257,069,408	27	27.23	Cash	Private Placement	25,70,69,408	6,940,874,016	59,125,963.84

The Board of Directors at their meeting held on March 28, 2024, approved the conversion of 34,49,97,165 Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) held by the President of India into 34,49,97,165 Equity Shares of the Company in the ratio of 1 Equity Share for every 1 CCPS held and allotted 34,49,97,165 Equity Shares of face value Rs. 10/- each to the President of India pursuant to conversion of CCPS on March 30, 2024

(iv) **Details of any Acquisition or Amalgamation with any entity in the preceding 1 (One) year:**

There was no acquisition or amalgamation event in the last one year.

(v) **Details of any Reorganization or Reconstruction in the preceding 1 (One) year: NIL**

(vi) **Details of the shareholding of the Company as at the latest quarter end, as per the format specified under the listing regulations:**

(i) **Equity Shareholding pattern of the Company as on date:**

Sr. No.	Name of Shareholder	Shares	% of holding
1.	National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II and its nominees	546,350,979	39.7
2.	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	423,932,487	30.8
3.	The President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India.	344,997,165	25.1
4.	HDFC Bank Limited	60,000,000	4.4
	Total	1,37,52,80,631	100

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(ii) Preference Shareholding pattern of the Company as on date:

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, and the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2025, approved the issuance of 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) of face value Rs. 1,00,000 each aggregating to Rs. 1,500 crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only).

Details of shares pledged or encumbered by the promoters (if any): NIL

(vii) List of top 10 (Ten) holders of equity shares of the Company as at the latest quarter end:

Sr. No.	Name of the shareholders	Total number of Equity Shares	Number of Shares in Demat form	Total shareholding as % of Total number of Equity Shares
1.	National Investment & Infrastructure Fund II and its nominees.	546,350,979	546,350,979	39.7
2.	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	423,932,487	423,932,487	30.8
3.	The President of India, represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India.	344,997,165	344,997,1650	25.1
4.	HDFC Bank Limited	60,000,000	60,000,000	4.4
	Total	1,37,52,80,631	1,37,52,80,631	100.00

List of top 10 holders of preference shares of the Company as on date: **NIL**

(vii) Details regarding the directors and management of the Company:

As per our Articles of Association, we are required to have not less than 3 Directors and not more than 15 Directors subject to the provisions of Sections 149 and 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and subject to Regulation 17 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Currently, we have the following 6 Directors on our Board:

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(i) Mr. A K T Chari (DIN: 00746153):

Mr. AKT Chari was the Chief Operations Officer and later Advisor at IDFC Limited. A keen Project Finance Specialist, he has ~45 years of experience.

Prior to joining IDFC, Mr. Chari worked with the Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) for 25 years where he held the position of Chief General Manager/Adviser - Project and Infrastructure Finance. In this role, his responsibilities included appraisal of projects - infrastructure and industrial, project monitoring and portfolio management. In addition, during his tenure in IDBI he handled portfolios in the SME and venture capital sectors. He served as an Independent Director on various boards including HDFC Pension Management Company Limited and HDFC Life Insurance Company Limited.

(ii) Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava (DIN: 09632942)

Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava is Partner at National Investment and Infrastructure Fund (NIIF) and has over 25 years of experience across private equity, debt investments, banking, and portfolio management. At NIIF, he has worked on the investment and buildout of NIIF's infrastructure lending platform as well as equity investments in EV mobility and other areas. He was previously with International Finance Corporation (IFC) where he headed the financial services investments portfolio in South Asia. He was earlier with HSBC in banking roles. Nilesh has an MBA from IIM, Kolkata, and engineering degree from Lucknow University. He is also a Certificated Associate with Indian Institute of Bankers (CAIIB).

(iii) Ms. Rosemary Sebastian (DIN: 07938489):

Ms. Rosemary Sebastian is a former central banker with 38 years of professional track record. She was an Executive Director of the RBI, overseeing financial supervision for NBFCs and Cooperative Banks. During her career, she has handled various responsibilities in central banking, regulation and supervision of banking and non-banking entities, financial inclusion, consumer protection, public debt management and internal audit among others.

She has contributed significantly to important Committees of RBI and has served as its Nominee Director on the Board of a large public sector bank. Ms. Sebastian is post graduate from Osmania University and has a law degree from Mumbai University. She is currently serving as an Independent Director on the Boards of 2 Companies.

(iv) Mr. Ashwani Kumar (DIN: 02870681):

Mr. Ashwani Kumar is a seasoned banker with experience of around 37 years. He was the Chairman and Managing Director of Dena Bank for a 5-year term (January 2013 to December 2017). Previously, he was an Executive Director at Corporation Bank. Appointed by the Government of India (GoI), he served as a Director on the Board of Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) for more than 5 years, alongside being the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committees and a Member of Investment and Executive Committees. As the Chairman of the Indian Banking Association (September 2015 - October 2016), Mr. Kumar effectively liaised with

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the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the GoI and other Statutory bodies to promote sound and progressive banking practices. He was the President of the Indian Institute of Banking & Finance (IIBF), Chairman of the Institute of Banking Personnel Selection (IBPS). He was also a member of the Board of Supervision of NABARD.

Mr. Kumar is a Certified Associate of the Indian Institute of Bankers. He holds a Master's Degree in Science from Lucknow University. He has attended a number of training programmes, notably at Kellogg School of Management Chicago, NIBM and other reputed institutions. He has also attended on-the-job training in Bullion at Nova Scotia London and Société Générale Paris. He is a certified mediator from the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

(v) Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose (DIN: 00034945):

Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose has nearly five decades of finance and industry experience, spanning steel, cement, fertilisers, chemicals and consumer sectors. He worked at Tata Steel, where he was Chief Financial Controller (Corporate) and then Chief of Strategic Finance. He then moved to Tata Chemicals as Chief Financial Officer before being elevated to its Board as Executive Director & CFO. He has worked on multiple M&A and fund-raising transactions globally, and was recognised as CFO of the Year thrice, twice by IMA and once by CNBC TV18.

Mr. Ghose has held multiple board positions including for Tata Chemicals across Europe, North America, Africa and Infinity Retail, Tata Consulting Engineers, Air Asia India and Tata Services. He has also been on international boards - IMACID Morocco and JOil Singapore. Prior to joining Tata Chemicals, he was on the boards of TAYO (erstwhile Tata Yodogawa), Tata Pigments, Stewart's & Lloyd and others. He also was the advisor to the Group Chairman, Tata Group for over two years. He is currently a member of three Indian National Committees of CII and is a member and trustee of the CFO Board.

Mr. Ghose is a B.Com (Hons) graduate, a member of the Institute of Cost & Works Accountants and the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), and an alumnus of the Advanced International General Management Program of CEDEP, INSEAD. He has attended the Financial Management programme at Wharton School and Strategy programme at Harvard Business School.

(vi) Saurabh Jain (DIN: 02052518)

Mr. Saurabh Jain has over 25 years of work experience across diverse industries. He has been associated with the Private Equity industry for the last 18 years.

Prior to joining NIIF, Saurabh was a Group CFO for Actis, a UK based PE fund. Saurabh has previously worked with Ernst & Young, LG Electronics, and Max India group in varied roles of strategic planning, pricing, finance controllership, business development, consulting, and audit. Saurabh is a nominee director in boards of some of the NIIF's portfolio companies and is also a part of NIIF Funds' valuation committee. He is a Chartered Accountant from Institute of Chartered Accountants

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of India and has done his master's in business administration (Executive Program) from Indian School of Business.

(i) **Details of the current directors of the Company as on date:**

Name, DIN and Designation	Age (yrs.)	Address	Date of Appointment	Details of other Directorship
Mr. A K T Chari DIN: 00746153 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	85	3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051	March 12, 2019	-
Mr. Saurabh Jain	49	3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051	August 6, 2025	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited Athaang Infrastructure Finance Limited
Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava DIN: 09632942 Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	51	3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051	March 28, 2024	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian DIN: 05154174 Designation: Independent Director	66	3 rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051	June 7, 2022	Godrej Housing Finance Limited Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
Mr. Ashwani Kumar DIN: 02870681	67	3 rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla	September 30,2020	Saurashtra Cement Limited V Hotels Limited

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Designation: Independent Director		Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051		Navi Finserv Limited
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose DIN: 00034945 Designation: Independent Director	74	3 rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051	February 1, 2023	Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited Association of CFO Welfare India Aquachemie DMCC

None of the current directors' name appears in the RBI defaulter list and/or ECGC default list or is a willful defaulter.

Details of change in directors in the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year:

Name, DIN and Designation	Date of Appointment/ Resignation/ Cessation	Director of the Company since (in case of resignation)	Remark
Ms. Ritu Anand DIN:05154174 Designation: Independent Director	06/05/2022 Date of Retirement	28/10/2015 Date of Appointment	On 07/05/2019 Ms. Ritu Anand was reappointed as Independent Director for second term after complying with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, Ms. Ritu Anand retired as an Independent Director with effect from May 6, 2025, after completion of 2 nd term.
Mr. Suresh Menon DIN:00737329 Designation: Nominee Director	30/03/2021 Date of resignation	18/11/2016 Date of Appointment	
Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pendyala DIN: 02888802 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and	30/11/2023 Date of resignation	12/03/2019 Date of Appointment	Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pendyala resigned as Chairman and Non-Executive Director (Nominee of NIIF Fund II) of the Company consequent to retirement from National Investment and Infrastructure Fund

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Infrastructure Fund II			Limited w.e.f. the closure of business hours on November 30, 2023.
Mr. Rajiv Dhar DIN: 00073997 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	28/03/2024 Date of Resignation	12/03/2019 Date of Appointment	Mr. Rajiv Dhar resigned as Non-Executive Director (Nominee of NIIF Fund II) of the Company w.e.f. the closure of business hours on March 28, 2024.
Mr. A K T Chari DIN: 00746153 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	12/03/2019 Date of Appointment		
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian DIN: 05154174 Designation: Independent Director	07/06/2022 Date of Appointment		
Mr. Ashwani Kumar DIN: Designation: Independent Director	30/09/2020 Date of Appointment		
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose DIN: 00034945 Designation: Independent Director	01/02/2023 Date of Appointment		-
Mr. Padmanabh Sinha	31/03/2025 Date of Resignation	28/03/2024 Date of Appointment	Mr. Padmanabh Sinha resigned as Non-Executive Director

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DIN: 00101379 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II			(Nominee of NIIF Fund II) of the Company w.e.f. the closure of business hours on March 31, 2025.
Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava DIN: 09632942 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	28/03/2024 Date of Appointment		
Mr. Saurabh Jain DIN: 02052518 Designation: Nominee of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II	06/08/2025 Date of Appointment		

(ii) Brief particulars of the management of the company:

(i) Mr. Debabrata Mukherjee (Chief Executive Officer):

Mr. Debabrata Mukherjee, Chief Business Officer, has been appointed as the interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from August 26, 2025 till the appointment of a new Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Mukherjee has been a key member of the management team since joining the Company in August 2015, when the organization was in its formative phase. Over the years, he has successfully built and nurtured the business and has been instrumental in steering some of the significant milestones and achievements of the Company. As Chief Business Officer, he has been spearheading business development, fund raising, credit and investments.

In a career spanning over 32 years in financial services, Debabrata has worked with leading Indian and global institutions across corporate and project finance, special situation investments, corporate advisory and investment banking. His experience encompasses advising, structuring, raising capital and financing projects across all layers of capital structure - debt, mezzanine and equity.

In his previous role, Debabrata was a Senior Director in IDFC where he led debt and structured investments across multiple sectors in the infrastructure domain. Prior to IDFC, he held key

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positions in ASK Raymond James, BNP Paribas and SBI Capital Markets where he worked on investment banking transactions spanning across mergers & acquisitions, equity and debt capital markets and structured finance.

Debabrata holds a Post Graduate Diploma in Business Management from Indian Institute of Management (IIM), Bangalore and a Bachelor's degree in Mechanical Engineering from Jadavpur University, Kolkata.

(ii) Mr. Ajay Singh (Chief Risk Officer):

Mr. Ajay Singh has around 24 years of experience in risk, credit and business functions in infrastructure finance sector. He started his career in infrastructure financing at IDFC Ltd, handling Business Development and Credit Risk Function in the Project Finance team covering Power, Transport, Telecom and Commercial & Industrial Infrastructure sectors. In his career at IDFC Ltd during 2001 to 2012, he held various positions, final designation being Director – Credit. Post 2012, he worked in Aditya Birla Finance Limited (ABFL) for 11 years, heading Credit Risk and Compliance for Infrastructure vertical, where he was responsible for managing Risk & Compliance function of infrastructure loan portfolio including developing risk framework, portfolio monitoring and regulatory compliances. He has joined NIIF IFL in year 2023 as Chief Risk Officer.

Mr Ajay has completed his Post Graduate Degree in Management from Indian Institute of Management, Indore and is a graduate in Mechanical Engineering from Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur. He also has around 3 years of experience in Larsen & Toubro Ltd after his B.Tech.

(iii) Mr. Sudeep Bhatia (Chief Financial Officer):

Mr. Sudeep Bhatia is the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (NIIF IFL) where he is responsible to support the CEO, Management Committee and Board of directors through comprehensive strategic, financial & operational advice and help integrate business objectives with on ground execution to achieve sustained profitable growth.

Sudeep is an experienced Chartered Accountant, Cost Accountant and Certified Public Accountant with over 25 years of rich, well-rounded experience in full spectrum of business finance areas across Corporate Finance, Investor Relations, Fund raising, Private equity, Mergers & acquisitions, Business planning & Strategy, Financial Control, Taxation and Regulatory compliance.

Sudeep started his career with Deloitte and gained extensive experience in key finance roles working with IL&FS, Unilever, GE Capital, Citi Financial, Tata Capital, Macquarie and Lendingkart Technologies at progressive levels of responsibility, within and outside India. His last assignment before joining NIIF Infrastructure was Chief Financial Officer of Protean Technologies (erstwhile NSDL e-Gov Infrastructure), promoted by National Stock Exchange and several large Domestic and International banks, with its vision to build Digital Public Infrastructure supporting Government of India, enabling digital transformation and citizen centric services at population scale.

During his professional career, Sudeep has led multiple initiatives driving key aspects of Investor relations, IPO, Capital Market borrowings, Structured instruments, Foreign investments, Co-lending partnerships, Strategy and business planning, regulatory, legal and corporate governance, leveraging his past experience and industry relationships to bring well-rounded perspective to these verticals.

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Sudeep provides general direction and rigor in deployment of Financial Management across organization. He is responsible to provide leadership in development and enforcement of systems of Internal control and Management reporting.

Sudeep leads investor relations to drive growth opportunities and to represent the company to potential private and public equity investors and financial partners including financial institutions, public officials, investment banks leveraging his industry experience to meet growing capital requirements of business and heightened business visibility in the capital markets.

(iv) Mr. Srinivas Upadhyayula (Chief Compliance Officer & General Counsel)

Mr. Srinivas Upadhyayula currently serves as NIIF Infrastructure Financial Limited’s Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) and General Counsel (GC). Prior to this, he was a Senior Director (Legal & Compliance) in IDFC’s Special Situations Management Group (SSMG). He has more than 3 decades of experience in legal, compliance (regulatory and statutory), and governance functions. His expertise spans project and non-project / corporate & infrastructure finance documentation, as well as litigation and recovery management in the Banking and Financial sector. He specialised in managing delinquent accounts, recovery planning, conducting portfolio reviews to identify trends, financial restructuring, and loan structuring.

Prior to IDFC Limited, Mr. Upadhyayula worked with Asset Reconstruction Company (India) Ltd (Arcil) as Senior Vice- President & Group Head – Legal. He started his career as an Advocate (Civil and Labour) in the District Courts of Vizianagaram and Visakhapatnam. He then worked with Sterling Tree Magnum (India) Ltd, as Law officer at Canara Bank and as Deputy General Manager (Legal) IDBI Bank Ltd.

Mr. Upadhyayula is a Bachelor of Law with a specialisation in Company Law and Banking Law from Andhra University and has also completed CAIIB.

(iii) Details of directors’ remuneration and such particulars of the nature and extent of their interests in the Issuer (during the current year and preceding 3 (three) financial years):

Only sitting fees are paid to Directors, since no Director has been appointed as Executive Director on the Board:

Year	Amount (in Rs.)
Current Year*	36,20,000
FY 2024-25	73,65,000
FY 2023-24	74,80,000
FY 2022-23	41,50,000

***Note –**

1. Sitting fees paid as on date hereinabove.
2. The Board at its meeting held on April 30, 2025, and the shareholders at their meeting held on June 4, 2025, approved payment of commission to Mr. Ashwani Kumar, Ms. Rosemary Sebastain

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and Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose, Independent Directors of the Company up to an amount of Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakh only) per annum per Director in proportion to the time served in a financial year.

3. The Board at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, approved payment of commission to Mr. AKT Chari, Non-Executive Director of the Company up to an amount of Rs. 10,00,000/- (Rupees Ten Lakh only) per annum in proportion to the time served in a financial year.

(iv) Remuneration payable or paid to a director by the Issuer, its subsidiary or associate company; shareholding of the director in the company, its subsidiaries and associate companies on a fully diluted basis: NIL

(v) Appointment of any relatives to an officer or place of profit of the Issuer, its subsidiary or associate company: NIL

(vi) Full particulars of the nature and extent of interest, if any, of every director:

(a) In the promotion of the Issuer; or

Nil

(b) In any immovable property acquired by the Issuer company in the two years preceding the date of the General Information Document or any immovable property proposed to be acquired by it; or

Nil

(c) Where the interest of such a director consists in being a member of a firm or company, the nature and extent of his interest in the firm or company, with a statement of all sums paid or agreed to be paid to him or to the firm or company in cash or shares or otherwise by any person either to induce him to become, or to help him qualify as a director, or otherwise for services rendered by him or by the firm or company, in connection with the promotion or formation of the issuer company shall be disclosed.

Nil

(vii) Contribution being made by the directors as part of the offer or separately in furtherance of such objects: Nil

(viii) Any financial or other material interest of the directors, promoters, key managerial personnel or senior management in the Issue and the effect of such interest in so far as it is different from the interests of other persons: Nil

(ix) Following details regarding the auditors of the Company:

(i) Details of the auditors of the Company:

M/s. GM Kapadia & Co., Chartered Accountants

1007, Raheja Chambers, 213 Nariman Point, Mumbai- 400021

Contact Person: Atul Shah

Email: atul@gmkco.com

Auditors since - September 2024

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M/s. Manohar Chowdhry & Associates*

#27, Subramaniam Street, Abiramapuram,
Chennai - 600 018, Tamil Nadu

Contact: +91 44 42903333/ 42903300

Email: muthurajan.r@mca.co.in

**The shareholders at their Annual General Meeting dated July 29, 2025, approved the appointment of M/s. Manohar Chowdhry & Associates for a period of 3 consecutive years, in place of M.P. Chitale & Co., Chartered Accountants*

(ii) Details of change in auditor for preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year:

Name of the Auditor	Address	Date of Appointment	Date of cessation, if applicable	Date of Resignation, if applicable
M/s. Manohar Chowdhry & Associates	27, Subramaniam Street, Abiramapuram, Chennai	July 29, 2025	NA	NA
M/s. G.M. Kapadia & Co.	1007, Raheja Chambers, 213 Nariman Point, Mumbai	September 27, 2024	NA	NA
M.P. Chitale & Co.	Hamam House, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Fort, Mumbai	June 6, 2022	July 29, 2025	NA
Lodha & Co.	6, Karim Chambers, 40, A, Doshi Marg, Hamam Street, Mumbai	September 21, 2021	September 27, 2024	NA

(x) Details of the following liabilities of the issuer, as at the end of the preceding quarter or if available, a later date:

(i) Details of Outstanding Secured Loan Facilities: Nil

(ii) Details of Outstanding Unsecured Loan Facilities: Nil

(iii) Details of Outstanding non-convertible securities, in the following format:

Outstanding non-convertible securities as on June 30, 2025

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Series of NCS	ISIN	Original Tenor / Period of Maturity (in years)	Coupon (in %)	Amount outstanding (Rs. in Crores)	Date of Allotment	Redemption Date/Schedule	Credit Rating	Secured / Unsecured	Security
NIIF IFL PP2/2019	INE246R07293	8 years	8.52%	26	16-May-18	15-May-26	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 6/2020	INE246R07400	10 years	8.70%	500	15-Jan-20	20% Principal 15-Jan -26	AAA	Secured	
						20% Principal 15-Jan -27			
						20% Principal 15-Jan -28			
						20% Principal 15-Jan -29			
						20% Principal 15-Jan -30			
NIIF IFL PP 3/FY 2020-21	INE246R07442	5 years 61 days	7.50%	125	12-June-20	12-Aug-25	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 4/FY 2020-21	INE246R07459	5 years 60 days	7.25%	245	29-Sep-20	28-Nov-25	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 5/FY 2020-21	INE246R07467	5 years	6.45%	105	31-Dec-20	31-Dec-25	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 7/FY 2020-21	INE246R07483	10 years	7.25%	604	04-Feb-21	04-Feb-31	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 8/FY 2020-21	INE246R07491	5 years 61 days	7.25%	482	22-Mar-21	22-May-26	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 9/FY 2020-21	INE246R07509	5 years 60 days	7.25%	560	30-Mar-21	29-May-26	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 1 2021-22	INE246R07517	5 years 1 Month	6.72%	650	09-Sep-21	09-Oct-26	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 2 2021-22 Option-I	INE246R07525	5 years 59 days	6.84%	625	22-Sep-21	20-Nov-26	AAA	Secured	

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NIIF IFL PP 2 2021-22 Option-II	INE246R075 33	9 years 11 Month	7.17%	887	22-Sep- 21	22-Aug-31	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 3 2021-22	INE246R075 41	9 years 2 Month	6.84%	1000	28-Sep- 21	27-Nov-26	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 4 2021-22	INE246R075 58	5 years 40 days	6.75%	1185	14-Jan- 22	23-Feb-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 6 2021-22	INE246R075 74	5 years 3 days	7.05%	625	22-Feb- 22	25-Feb-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 7 2021-22	INE246R075 82	5 years 2 Month	7.11%	875	28-Mar- 22	28-May-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 1 2022-23	INE246R075 90	5 years 3 Month	7.80%	400	27-May- 22	27-Aug-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 2 2022-23	INE246R076 08	5 years 1 Month	8.00%	809	04-Jul- 22	24-Aug-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 3 2022-23	INE246R076 16	9 years 10 Month	8.04%	1021	14-Jul- 22	27-May-32	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 4/FY 2022-23	INE246R076 24	5 years 2 Month	7.68%	747	13-Sep- 22	25-Nov-27	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 5/FY 2022-23	INE246R076 32	5 years 1 Month	7.98%	842	23-Jan- 23	24-Feb-28	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 6/FY 2022-23	INE246R076 40	5 years 1 day	8.06%	151	16-Mar- 23	17-Mar-28	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 1 2023-24	INE246R076 57	10 years	8.03%	500	09-May- 23	20% Principal 09- May -2029	AAA	Secured	
						20% Principal 09- May -2030			
						20% Principal 09- May -2031			
						20% Principal 09- May -2032			
						20% Principal 09- May -2033			
NIIF IFL PP 2 2023-24	INE246R076 65	5 years 1 month	7.97%	900	10-Jul- 23	24-Aug-28	AAA	Secured	

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NIIF IFL PP 3 2023-24	INE246R076 73	10 years	7.97%	900	31-Jul- 23	20% Principal 31- Jul -2029	AAA	Secured
						20% Principal 31- Jul -2030		
						20% Principal 31- Jul -2031		
						20% Principal 31- Jul -2032		
						20% Principal 29- Jul -2033		
NIIF IFL PP 4 2023-24	INE246R076 81	5 years 1 month	8.09%	500	25-Oct- 23	28-Nov-28	AAA	Secured
NIIF IFL PP 5 2023-24	INE246R076 99	10 years	8.00%	850	16-Nov- 23	20% Principal 16- Nov -2031	AAA	Secured
						20% Principal 16- Nov -2032		
						20% Principal 16- Nov -2033		
						20% Principal 16- Nov -2034		
						20% Principal 16- Nov -2035		
NIIF IFL PP 6 2023-24 Option - I	INE246R077 07	10 years	8.10%	624	24-Jan- 24	24-Jan-34	AAA	Secured
NIIF IFL PP 6 2023-24 Option - II	INE246R077 15	15 years	8.07%	455	24-Jan- 24	24-Jan-38	AAA	Secured
NIIF IFL PP7 2023-24	INE246R077 23	12 years	7.95%	500	14-Mar- 24	20% Principal 14- Mar -2032	AAA	Secured
						20% Principal 14- Mar -2033		
						20% Principal 14- Mar -2034		

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						20% Principal 14- Mar -2035			
						20% Principal 14- Mar -2036			
NIIF IFL PP 1 2024-25	INE246R077 31	5 years 2 Month	8.07%	440	21-Jun- 24	23-Aug-29	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 2 2024-25	INE246R077 49	5 years 2 Month	7.99%	900	19-Sep- 24	29-Nov-29	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 3 2024-25	INE246R077 56	6 years 1 Month	7.88%	800	24-Oct- 24	28-Nov-30	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 4 2024-25	INE246R077 64	6 years	7.93%	502	02-Dec- 24	05-Dec-30	AAA	Secured	
NIIF IFL PP 5 2024-25	INE246R077 72	12 years	7.99%	1000	28-Feb- 25	20% Principal 28- Feb-2033	AAA	Secured	
						20% Principal 28- Feb-2034			
						20% Principal 28- Feb-2035			
						20% Principal 28- Feb-2036			
						20% Principal 28- Feb-2037			
NIIF IFL PP 6 2024-25	INE246R077 80	7 years 2 Month	7.93%	933	19-Mar- 25	20-May-32	AAA	Secured	
2025-26	INE246R077 98	9 years 10 Month	7.71%	500	08-Apr- 2025	22-Feb-2035	AAA	Secured	
2025-26	INE246R078 14	5 years 1 Month	7.43%	400	24-June- 2025	22-Aug-2030	AAA	Secured	
2025-26	INE246R078 06	3 years 1 Month	7.305 %	100	24-June- 2025	17-Aug-2028	AAA	Secured	

*** Security details:**

- i. a first floating pari passu charge over the certain receivables of the Company arising out of its (a) investments; and/or (b) infrastructure loans; and/or (c) current assets, loans and advances, as appearing in the Company's balance sheet from time to time as mentioned therein, to the extent of

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minimum 1.0 times of the outstanding secured obligations, or as agreed in the respective issue document.

Provided however that the aforesaid security shall not include the following:

- (a) any receivables of the Company arising from:
 - (i) any loan or debt granted by the Company to its subsidiaries and affiliates present or in the future; or
 - (ii) any investments in equity and / or preference share capital or investment through any other instrument made by the Company in, its subsidiaries and affiliates whether presently or in the future); and
- (b) Permitted Liens.

“Permitted Liens” for the purpose of the above means security on government securities or corporate bonds of the Company to secure short term debt of less than 365 day duration incurred by the Company under the Collateralized Borrowing and Lending Operations of Clearing Corporation of India Limited or under any repo or repurchase facility as may be permitted for IDF NBFCs.

- ii. first pari passu registered mortgage over immovable property of the Company being Non Agricultural Plot No. 93 measuring 48 sq. mtrs. equivalent to 516.48 Sq.ft. of Survey/Gut No. 239 situated at Village Dhakane, Taluka Shahapur in the Registration Sub-District of Shahapur District Thane, in the state of Maharashtra.

Pursuant to the extant RBI regulations, the Company must always keep unencumbered HQLA assets for LCR requirements (which are not included in the calculation of the stipulated security cover). The said HQLA assets are excluded from the security and not subject to any charge or charges created in favour of the Debenture Trustee..

(iv) Details of Commercial Papers issuances as at the end of the last quarter

Outstanding Commercial Papers as on June 30, 2025

Seri es of NCS	ISI N	Tenor Period of Maturity (in years)	Coup on (in %)	Amount outstanding (Rs. in Crores)	Date of Allotment	Redemptio n Date/Schedule	Cred it Rating	Secured / Unsecured	Securi ty	Other details viz. details of Issuing and Paying Agent, details of Credit Rating Agencies
Nil										

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(v) **List of Top 10 (Ten) holders of non-convertible securities in terms of value (in cumulative basis):**

Top 10 (Ten) holders of non-convertible securities as on June 30, 2025

S. No.	Name of holders of Non-convertible Securities	Category of Holder	Face Value of holding (In Crores)	Holding as a % of total outstanding non-convertible securities of the Issuer
1	STATE BANK OF INDIA	Bank	4,400.00	18.91%
2	LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF INDIA	Insurance	4,150.00	17.84%
3	AXIS BANK LIMITED	Bank	851.00	3.66%
4	NPS TRUST - A/C SBI PENSION FUND SCHEME	Retirement Benefit Funds	640.00	2.75%
5	CANARA BANK	Bank	575.00	2.47%
6	GENERAL INSURANCE CORPORATION OF INDIA	Insurance	525.00	2.26%
7	BANK OF BARODA	Bank	500.00	2.15%
8	IDBI BANK LIMITED	Bank	500.00	2.15%
9	INFOSYS LIMITED EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND TRUST	Retirement Benefit Funds	494.00	2.12%
10	WIPRO SYSTEMS PROVIDENT FUND TRUST	Retirement Benefit Funds	478.00	2.05%

(vi) **List of Top 10 (Ten) holders of Commercial Paper in terms of value (in cumulative basis): Nil**

(vii) **Details of the bank fund based facilities / rest of borrowing (if any including hybrid debt like FCCB, Optionally Convertible Debentures / Preference Shares) from financial institutions or financial creditors: Nil**

(viii) **The amount of corporate guarantee or letter of comfort issued by the Issuer along with name of the counterparty (like name of the subsidiary, joint venture entity, group company etc.) on behalf of whom it has been issued, contingent liability including debt service reserve account guarantees/ any put option etc. (Details of any outstanding borrowings taken/ debt securities issued for consideration other than cash). This information shall be disclosed whether such borrowing/ debt securities have been taken/ issued in whole or part, at a premium or discount, or in pursuance of an option or not: Nil**

(ix) **Details of all default/s and/or delay in payments of interest and principal of any kind of term loans, debt securities, commercial paper (including technical delay) and other financial indebtedness including corporate guarantee or letters of comfort issued by the Company, in the preceding 3 (Three) years including the current financial year: Nil**

(x) **Any material event/ development or change having implications on the financials/credit quality (e.g. any material regulatory proceedings against the Issuer/promoters, litigations resulting in material liabilities, corporate restructuring event etc) at the time of issue which may affect the**

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issue or the investor's decision to invest / continue to invest in the non-convertible securities / commercial paper: Nil

- (xi) **Any litigation or legal action pending or taken by a Government Department or a statutory body or regulatory body during the 3 (Three) years immediately preceding the year of the issue of the General Information Document against the promoter of the Company: Nil**
- (i) **Criminal Proceedings: Nil**
 - (ii) **Civil proceedings: Nil**
 - (iii) **Litigation by our Company: Nil**
 - (iv) **Litigation involving our Directors: There is no litigation involving our Directors.**
- (xii) **Details of default and non-payment of statutory dues for the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and the current financial year: Nil**
- (xiii) **Details of pending litigation involving the Issuer, promoter, director, subsidiaries, group companies or any other person, whose outcome could have material adverse effect on the financial position of the Issuer, which may affect the Issue or the investor's decision to invest / continue to invest in the debt securities and/or NCRPS: Nil**
- (xiv) **Details of acts of material frauds committed against the Issuer in the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year, if any, and if so, the action taken by the Issuer: Nil**
- (xv) **Details of pending proceedings initiated against the Issuer for economic offences, if any: Nil**
- (xvi) **Related party transactions entered during the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year with regard to loans made or, guarantees given or securities provided:**
- Please refer to **Annexure V** of this General Information Document
- (xvii) **In case the Issuer is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) and the objects of the issue entail loan to any entity who is a 'group company' then disclosures shall be made in the following format: Not Applicable**
- (xviii) **Consent of directors, auditors, bankers to issue, trustees, solicitors or advocates to the issue, legal advisors to the issue, lead managers to the issue, registrar to the Issue, and lenders (if required, as per the terms of the agreement) and experts:**
- (i) **Consent of Directors: Please refer to the board resolution dated April 30, 2025 and July 7, 2025 granting approval in relation to issuance of Non-Convertible Debentures and Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares, respectively.**
 - (ii) **Consent of Auditors: Please refer to the consent letter issued by GM Kapadia & Co. and Manohar Chowdhry & Associates, dated September 03, 2025.**
 - (iii) **Consent of Bankers: NA**
 - (iv) **Consent of Debenture Trustee: Please refer to the consent letter issued by the Debenture Trustee dated September 02, 2025.**
 - (v) **Consent of Solicitors or Advocates: NA**

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- (vi) Consent of Lead Managers: NA
- (vii) Consent of Registrar: Please refer to consent letters issued by MCS Share Transfer Agent Limited, dated August 26, 2025 and MUFG Intime India Pvt. Ltd., dated September 04, 2025.
- (viii) Consent of Lenders: NA
- (ix) Consent of Experts: NA

- (xix) The names of the debenture trustee(s) shall be mentioned with statement to the effect that debenture trustee(s) has given his consent to the Issuer for his appointment along with the copy of the consent letter from the debenture trustee:**

IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited have given consent for their appointment as the Debenture Trustee for the proposed Issue under the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021. Please refer to **Annexure I** of this General Information Document for the debenture trustee consent letter dated September 02, 2025.

The due diligence certificate issued by debenture trustee is provided in **Annexure IX** of this General Information Document.

- (xx) The detailed rating rationale (s) adopted (not older than one year on the date of opening of the issue)/ credit rating letter issued (not older than one month on the date of opening of the issue) by the rating agencies shall be disclosed:**

As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/or commercial papers (as applicable).

- (xxi) If the security is backed by a guarantee or letter of comfort or any other document / letter with similar intent, a copy of the same shall be disclosed. In case such document does not contain detailed payment structure (procedure of invocation of guarantee and receipt of payment by the investor along with timelines), the same shall be disclosed in the General Information Document:**

Not Applicable. There is no guarantee/letter of comfort stipulated as security.

- (xxii) Disclosure of Cash flow with date of interest/ dividend / redemption payment as per day count convention:**

As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.

- (xxiii) Names of all the recognized stock exchanges where the debt securities are proposed to be listed clearly indicating the designated stock exchange:**

The Non-Convertible Securities are proposed to be listed on the Wholesale Debt Market Segment of NSE and/or BSE . All applicable listings timelines, as prescribed by SEBI from time to time, shall be adhered to.

- (xxiv) In case of an issue of NCRPS, the specific disclosure on the nature of the instrument in bold on the cover page**

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As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue of NCRPS.

(xxv) Other Details:

(i) Creation of Debenture Redemption Reserve (DRR):

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(ii) Creation of Capital Redemption Reserve (CRR):

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(iii) Issue/instrument specific-regulations - relevant details (Companies Act, Reserve Bank of India guidelines, etc.):

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(iv) Default in Payment:

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(v) Delay in listing:

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(vi) Delay in Allotment of securities:

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(vii) Issue Details:

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(viii) Application Process:

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue

(ix) A statement containing particulars of the dates of and parties to all material contracts and agreements involving financial obligations of the Issuer:

By the very nature of its business, the Company is involved in a large number of transactions involving financial obligations and therefore it may not be possible to furnish details of all material contracts/ agreements/ documents involving financial obligations of the Company. However, the contracts/ agreements/ documents listed below which are or may be deemed to be material (not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of the business carried on by the Issuer) in connection with the Issue:

1. Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company as amended from time to time.
2. Resolution of the Board of Directors passed at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, authorizing the issue of Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares on a private placement basis up to

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an aggregate limit of Rs. 1,500 Crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only) outstanding at any point in time.

3. Resolution of the Board of Directors passed at its meeting held on April 30, 2025, authorizing the issue of Non-Convertible Debentures on a private placement basis up to an aggregate limit of Rs. 30,000 Crore (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crores only) outstanding at any point in time.
4. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on September 21, 2021, authorising the Board of Directors to borrow and create security, for the purpose of the Company, upon such terms and conditions as the Board may think fit for amounts up to Rs. 40,000 Crores (Rupees Forty Thousand Crore only) under Section 180(1) of the Companies Act.
5. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on July 29, 2025, authorising the Board of Directors to offer, issue and allot Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares on a private placement basis up to an aggregate limit of upto Rs. 1,500 Crores (Rupees One Thousand Crores Only) outstanding at any point in time, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may, from time to time, determine in the best interests of the Company.
6. Resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company on June 4, 2025, authorising the Board of Directors to offer, issue and allot Non-Convertible Debentures, in one or more series/tranches, aggregating up to Rs. 30,000 crores (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crores only) outstanding at any point in time on private placement basis, on such terms and conditions as the Board of Directors of the Company may, from time to time, determine in the best interests of the Company.
7. Rating Rationale from ICRA Limited dated August 25, 2025, CARE Ratings Ltd. dated July 1, 2025, and CRISIL Ratings dated August 07, 2025 and/or such other Rating Agencies assigning the credit rating to the Issue.
8. Tripartite agreement dated September 28, 2015 between the Company, the Registrar & Transfer Agent and CDSL.
9. Tripartite agreement dated September 29, 2015 between the Company, the Registrar & Transfer Agent and NSDL.
10. Consent letter issued by IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited dated February 22, 2023 read along with consent letter issued by IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited dated July 20, 2023 to act as the Debenture Trustee to the Issue inclusion of its name in the form and context in which it appears in this General Information Document and Key Information Document.
11. Agreements entered into with various vendors (for example, in respect of the Loan Management System) and for leased premises.

Certified true copies of the above documents are available for inspection at the Registered / Corporate Office of the Company until the date of closure of the Issue.

- (x) **Disclosure prescribed under PAS-4 of Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities), Rules, 2014 but not contained in this schedule, if any:**

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue.

- (xi) **Project details: gestation period of the project; extent of progress made in the project; deadlines for completion of the project; the summary of the project appraisal report (if any), schedule of implementation of the project:**

Not Applicable

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(xii) Confirmation pertaining to the use of proceeds of Issue as required under the SEBI NCS Regulations

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue.

(xiii) Disclosures in terms of SEBI Master Circular for Debenture Trustees dated August 13, 2025, bearing reference no. SEBI/HO/DDHS-PoD-1/P/CIR/2025/117 as amended from time to time

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue.

(xxvi) Other Details in case of NCRPS issue:

(i) Nature of instrument: whether cumulative or non-cumulative and complete details thereof.

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue of NCRPS.

(ii) Terms of Redemption: Out of distributable profits or out of fresh issue of shares for the purpose of redemption or both.

As mentioned in the respective Key Information Document pertaining to each Tranche Issue of NCRPS.

B. Additional Disclosures / Reports:

(a) The broad lending and borrowing policy including summary of the key terms and conditions of the term loans such as re-scheduling, prepayment, penalty, default; and where such lending or borrowing is between the Issuer and its subsidiaries or associates, matters relating to terms and conditions of the term loans including re-scheduling, prepayment, penalty, default:

Please refer to **Annexure III** of this General Information Document.

(b) The aggregate number of securities of the Issuer and its subsidiary companies purchased or sold by the promoter group, and by the directors of the company which is a promoter of the Issuer, and by the directors of the Issuer and their relatives, within 6 (six) months immediately preceding the date of filing the General Information Document with the Registrar of Companies:

Nil

(c) Reference to the relevant page number of the audit report which sets out the details of the related party transactions entered during the three financial years immediately preceding the issue of issue document.

Audited Financials	Page no.
Audited Financials of FY25	Page no. 57 of audited financials of FY25
Audited Financials of FY24	Page no. 60 of audited financials of FY24
Audited Financials of FY23	Page no. 55 of audited financials of FY23

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- (d) The summary of reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks of auditors in the 3 (three) financial years immediately preceding the year of issue of the General Information Document, and of their impact on the financial statements and financial position of the Issuer, and the corrective steps taken and proposed to be taken by the Issuer for each of the said reservations or qualifications or adverse remarks:

Nil

- (e) The following details with respect to 3 (Three) years immediately preceding the year of issue of the General Information Document, in the case of the Issuer being a company and all of its subsidiaries have to be disclosed:

- (i) Any inquiry, inspections or investigations initiated or conducted under the securities laws or Companies Act, 2013 or any previous companies law:

Nil

- (ii) Prosecutions filed, if any (whether pending or not):

Nil

- (iii) Fines imposed or offences compounded:

Nil

- (f) The details of acts of material frauds committed against the Issuer in the preceding 3 (Three) financial years and current financial year, if any, and actions taken by the issuer: Nil

SECTION V

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR NBFCs

- (a) **Details with regard to the lending done by the Issuer out of the issue proceeds of earlier issuances of debt securities (whether public issue or private placement) in the last three years by the Issuer:**

- i. Lending policy (including overview of origination, risk management, monitoring and collections): Please refer to **Annexure III** of this General Information Document
- ii. Classification of loans / advances given to associates, entities/ person relating to board, senior management, promoters, others, etc.: Nil
- iii. Classification of loans into several maturity profile denomination (Based on residual maturity):

As on March 31, 2025

(Amt. in Rs. Crores)

0-7 Days	8-14 Days	15 days - 1 month	>1 month - 2 months	>2 months - 3 months	>3 months - 6 months	>6 months - 1 year	>1 years - 3 years	>3 years - 5 years	>5 years
8.75	-	22.26	8.29	269.92	336.49	642.56	3,195.92	4,789.06	16,116.71

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iv. Aggregated exposure to the top 20 (Twenty) borrowers as on 31-Mar-2025:

Particulars	Amount (in Rs. Crores)
Exposure to top 20 Borrowers	11,875.11
Percentage of twenty largest borrowers to Total Exposure	43.19%
Total Exposure	27,496.52

v. Details of loans, overdue and classified as non-performing assets (NPA): Nil

(b) Details of borrowings granted by the Issuer:

i. Portfolio Summary with regards to industries/ sectors to which borrowings have been granted by NBFCs:

Please refer to Paragraph (i) of Section V as provided hereinbelow.

ii. Quantum and percentage of secured vis-à-vis unsecured borrowings granted by the Company:

Please refer to Paragraph (k) of Section V as provided hereinbelow

(c) Details of change in shareholding

Please refer to Paragraph (l) of Section V as provided hereinbelow.

(d) Disclosure of Assets under management

i. Segment wise break up:

As on March 31, 2025

Sl. No.	Segment-wise break-up of AUM	Percentage of AUM
1	Retail	
A	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	0.00%
B	Gold loans	0.00%
C	Vehicle finance	0.00%
D	MFI	0.00%
E	MSME	0.00%
F	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	0.00%
G	Others	0.00%
2	Wholesale	
A	Infrastructure	100%
B	Real estate (including builder loans)	0.00%
C	Promoter funding	0.00%
D	Any other sector (as applicable)	0.00%

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E	Others	0.00%
	Total	100%

ii. Type of Loans:

S. No.	Types of Loans	Rs. (in crore) – As on March 2025
1	Secured	25,389.96
2	Unsecured	0
	Total Loan Book	25,389.96

(e) **Details of borrowers:**

Geographical location wise:

Sl. No.	Top 5 states	Percentage of AUM as on 31-Mar-2024	Percentage of AUM as on 31-Mar-2025
1	Gujarat	11.93%	19.84%
2	Karnataka	18.93%	16.88%
3	Maharashtra	8.00%	12.48%
4	Tamil Nadu	11.68%	9.42%
5	Rajasthan	#	5.96%
-	Andhra Pradesh	8.55%	*
	Total	59.09%	54.38%

Note: Multi- location projects are excluded in the above disclosure

#In March 2024, Rajasthan was not in Top 5 but it was there in March 2025

*In March 2025, Andhra Pradesh was in Top 5 but it was not there in March 2024

(f) **Details of Gross NPA:**

Nil

(g) **Details of Assets and Liabilities:**

Residual maturity profile wise into several bucket:

As on March 31, 2025

(Amount in Rs. Crores)

Category	Up to 30/31- days	>1 month - 2 months	>2 months - 3 months	>3 months - 6 months	>6 months - 1- year	>1 years - 3 years	>3 years - 5 years	>5 years	Total
Deposit (Inflows)	1,630.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,930.10
Advances	31.01	8.29	269.92	336.49	642.56	3,195.92	4,789.06	16,116.71	25,389.96

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Investments	249.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	249.53
Borrowings	0.00	-544.00	-250.00	-125.00	-450.00	-9,177.00	-3,220.00	-8,996.00	-22,762.00
FCA*	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
FCL*	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

*FCA - Foreign Currency Assets; FCL - Foreign Currency Liabilities`

(h) **Disclosure of latest ALM statements to stock exchange:** Please refer to **Annexure VI** of this General Information Document.

(i) **A portfolio summary with regard to industries/ sectors to which borrowings have been made:**

Sector	% of total exposure as on 31-Mar-2024	% of total exposure as on 31-Mar-2025
Energy Generation – Solar	35.69%	27.99%
Energy Generation – C&I	20.44%	32.44%
Energy Generation – Wind	7.49%	5.28%
Energy Generation – Hydro	2.38%	1.99%
Energy Transmission	3.34%	2.87%
Airports	7.99%	6.96%
Roads	4.85%	4.00%
Other Transport & Logistics	6.47%	5.36%
Communication	7.39%	8.55%
Water & Sanitation	2.36%	2.06%
Social and commercial infrastructure	1.59%	2.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

(j) **NPA exposures of the issuer for the last 3 (Three) financial years (both gross and net exposures) and provisioning made for the same as per the last audited financial statements of the issuer:**

Nil

(k) **Quantum and percentage of secured vis-à-vis unsecured borrowings made:**

As on June 30, 2025, secured borrowing was Rs.23,268 crore (100% of outstanding borrowings) (through issuance of Non-Convertible Debentures only) and unsecured borrowing was Nil.

(l) **Any change in promoters' holdings during the last financial year beyond the threshold, as prescribed by RBI:**

Nil

(m) **Type of Loan:**

S. No.	Types of Loans	Rs. (in crore)
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1	Secured	25,389.96
2	Unsecured	0.00
	Total assets under management (AUM)	25,389.96

Off Balance Sheet Items: Nil

(n) Denomination of loans outstanding by loan-to-value:

S. No.	Percentage of Loan Book as on 31-March-2024	Percentage of Loan Book as on 31-March-2025
Upto 40%	10.60%	18.03%
40-50%	8.50%	8.77%
50-60%	9.40%	12.47%
60-70%	29.30%	23.25%
70-80%	22.10%	27.18%
80-90%	7.00%	2.77%
> 90%	13.10%	7.52%
Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%

Note - The loan-to value ratio above is computed basis the book value of asset.

(o) Sectoral Exposure:

Sl. No.	Segment-wise break-up of AUM	Percentage of AUM
1	Retail	
A	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	0.00%
B	Gold loans	0.00%
C	Vehicle finance	0.00%
D	MFI	0.00%
E	MSME	0.00%
F	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	0.00%
G	Others	0.00%
2	Wholesale	
A	Infrastructure	100.00%
B	Real estate (including builder loans)	0.00%
C	Promoter funding	0.00%
D	Any other sector (as applicable)	0.00%
E	Others	0.00%
	Total	100.00%

(p) Denomination of loans outstanding by ticket size*:

Sl. No.	Ticket size (Basis original disbursed amount)	Percentage of AUM as on 31-Mar -24	Percentage of AUM as on 31-Mar -25
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1	Rs. 1 - 5 crore	0.01%	0.01%
2	Rs. 5 - 25 crore	1.03%	1.39%
3	Rs. 25 - 100 crore	13.46%	14.90%
4	>Rs. 100 crore	85.49%	83.70%

*Information required at the borrower level (and not by loan account as a customer may have multiple loan accounts).

(q) Details of loans overdue and classified as non-performing in accordance with RBI's stipulations:

Movement of Gross NPA*	Rs. (in crores)
Opening gross NPA	Nil
- Additions during the year	Nil
- Reductions during the year	Nil
Closing balance of gross NPA	Nil

*Please indicate the gross NPA recognition policy (Day's Past Due)

Movement of provisions for NPA*	Rs. (in crores)
Opening gross NPA	Nil
- Provisions made during the year	Nil
- Write-off/ write-back of excess provisions	Nil
Closing balance	Nil

(r) Segment-wise gross NPA:

S. No.	Segment-wise gross NPA	Gross NPA (%)
1.	Retail	
A	Mortgages (home loans and loans against property)	Not Applicable
B	Gold loans	Not Applicable
C	Vehicle finance	Not Applicable
D	MFI	Not Applicable
E	MSME	Not Applicable
F	Capital market funding (loans against shares, margin funding)	Not Applicable
G	Others	Not Applicable
2.	Wholesale	
A	Infrastructure	Nil
B	Real estate (including builder loans)	Not Applicable
C	Promoter funding	Not Applicable
D	Any other sector (as applicable)	Not Applicable
E	Others	Not Applicable
	Total	Nil

SECTION VI

SUMMARY OF TERMS

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Summary term sheet containing brief information pertaining to the Non-Convertible Securities (or a series thereof) as follows (where relevant):

The following is a summary term sheet containing information that shall be applicable to the Issue. However, respective Tranche Issue related information shall be specified in the respective Key Information Document.

Issuer	NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“ NIIF IFL ” or the “ Issuer ” or the “ Company ”)
Security name/Series (Name of the non-convertible securities which includes (Coupon/dividend, and maturity year)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Type of Instrument	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Nature of Instrument (Secured or Unsecured)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Seniority (Senior or Subordinated)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Mode of Issue	Private Placement
Eligible Investors	As per the relevant Key Information Document.
Listing (name of stock Exchange(s) where it will be listed and timeline for listing)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Rating of the Instrument	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Issue Size	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Minimum Subscription	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Interest Rate Parameter	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Bid Opening Date and Bid Closing Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Minimum Bid Lot	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).

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Manner of bidding	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Manner of Allotment	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Manner of Settlement in the Issue	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Settlement cycle	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Option to retain oversubscriptions	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable). Issuer can re-issue further Non-Convertible Securities under the above options in future within its overall borrowing limits/program.
Objects of the Issue / Purpose for which there is requirement of funds	The proceeds of the issue of NCS will be used for (i) refinancing Infrastructure Projects which have completed at least 1 (One) year of satisfactory commercial operation, (ii) financing toll operate transfer (TOT) projects under applicable RBI regulations from time to time, (iii) deployment of funds in permitted instruments for the purpose of Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)/ High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) as required by extant regulations. Please Note: The specific details regarding utilisation of the proceeds of the Issue of each Series/ Tranche of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable), including the granular disclosures as required under the SEBI NCS Regulations shall be disclosed in relation to the relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable) in the Key Information Documents to be issued for the relevant Tranche/ Series.
In case the issuer is an NBFC and the objects of the issue entail loan to any entity who is a 'group company' then disclosures shall be made in the following format:	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Details of Utilisation of Issue Proceeds	Please refer to the head “ Objects of the Issue ” as provided hereinabove.
Coupon / Dividend Rate	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Step Up/Step Down Coupon Rate	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).

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Coupon / Dividend Payment Frequency	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Coupon / Dividend payment dates	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Cumulative / noncumulative, in case of dividend	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Coupon Type	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Coupon Reset Process (including rates, spread, effective date, interest rate cap and floor etc.)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Day Count Basis	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Interest on Application Money	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Default Interest Rate	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Tenor	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Amount	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Redemption Premium /Discount	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Issue Price	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Discount at which security is issued and the effective yield as a result of such discount.	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Premium/Discount at which security is redeemed and the effective yield as a result of such premium/discount.	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Put and Call option	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).

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Put option Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Put option Price	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Call Option Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Call Option Price	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Put Notification Time (Timelines by which the investor need to intimate Issuer before exercising the put)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Call Notification Time (Timelines by which the Issuer need to intimate investor before exercising the call)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Face Value	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Minimum Application and in multiples of thereafter	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Issue Timing 1. Issue Opening Date 2. Issue Closing Date 3. Date of earliest closing of the issue, if any 4. Pay in Date 5. Deemed Date of Allotment	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Settlement mode of the Instrument	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Depository	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Disclosure of interest/ dividend/ redemption dates	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Record Date	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
All covenants of the issue (including side letters, accelerated payment clause, etc.)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).

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Description regarding Security (where applicable) including type of security (movable/immovable/tangible etc.), type of charge (pledge/hypothecation/ mortgage etc.), date of creation of security/ likely date of creation of security, minimum security cover, revaluation	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Replacement of security, interest to the debenture holder over and above the coupon rate as specified in the Trust Deed and disclosed in the General information Document	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Transaction Documents	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Conditions Precedent to Disbursement	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Condition Subsequent to disbursement	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Events of Default (including manner of voting /conditions of joining Inter Creditor Agreement)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Creation of Recovery Expense Fund	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Conditions for breach of covenants (as specified in Debenture Trust Deed)	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Provisions related to Cross Default Clause	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Role and Responsibilities of Debenture Trustee	As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities and/ or commercial papers (as applicable).
Risk factors pertaining to the Issue	Please refer to Section III of this General Information Document.
Governing Law and Jurisdiction	The Non-Convertible Securities and documentation will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of India and the Courts in Mumbai shall have jurisdiction to determine any dispute arising in relation to the Non-Convertible Securities. The detailed dispute resolution shall be as set out in the Transaction Documents.

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NOTES: Details of the security cover, permissions, encumbrance and other terms pertaining thereto and in relation to the coupon rate, etc. will be more specifically captured in the relevant Key Information Document.

Extract of Clause No. 1.3.11 on “Further Indebtedness and Encumbrances” covered in Debenture Trust Deed:

Further Indebtedness and Encumbrances

- (a) The Parties hereby agree that, notwithstanding anything contained under this Deed, the Company shall be entitled to make further issue(s) of debentures, raise further Financial Indebtedness including by way of loans or advances and/or avail further deferred payment guarantees or other financial facilities from time to time from such persons/banks/financial institutions or body corporate/or any other agency subject to the following conditions: (i) the security cover for the Debentures is maintained at all times at or above the stipulated Security Cover on continuing basis; (ii) no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing; (iii) the Company is not in violation of any rules/regulations/circulars issued by SEBI from time to time which directly affects the rights and interests of the Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustee, (hereinafter referred to as “Further Financial Indebtedness”).
- (b) The Company shall be entitled to:
- (i) create further security on the Mortgaged Property and/or the Hypothecated Property on same terms as contemplated under the Transaction Documents;
 - (ii) without prejudice to Clause 1.3.11(b)(i) above, sell or dispose of any part of the Hypothecated Property;

subject to the following conditions: (i) the security cover for the Debentures is maintained at all times at or above the stipulated Security Cover on continuing basis; (ii) no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing; (iii) the Company is not in violation of any rules/regulations/circulars issued by SEBI from time to time which directly affects the rights and interests of the Debenture Holders and Debenture Trustee;

SECTION VII

OTHER DISCLOSURES

A. DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF SEBI DEBENTURE TRUSTEE MASTER CIRCULAR

As per the Key Information Document to be issued with respect to relevant Tranche/ Series of Non-Convertible Securities.

SECTION VIII

UNDERTAKING BY THE ISSUER / DECLARATION

UNDERTAKING BY THE ISSUER:

“Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in this Issue. For taking an investment decision, Investors must rely on their own examination of the Issuer and the offer including the risks involved. The securities have not been recommended or approved by the any regulatory

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authority in India, including SEBI nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Specific attention of investors is invited to the statement of 'Risk factors' set out in **Section III** of this document."

"The Issuer, having made all reasonable inquiries, accepts responsibility for, and confirms that this Offer Document contains all information with regard to the Issuer and the issue, that the information contained in the Offer Document is true and correct in all material aspects and is not misleading in any material respect, that the opinions and intentions expressed herein are honestly held and that there are no other facts, the omission of which make this document as a whole or any of such information or the expression of any such opinions or intentions misleading in any material respect."

"The Issuer has no side letter with any debt securities holder except the one(s) disclosed in the General Information Document and/or in the Key Information Documents. Any covenants later added and not covered in General Information Document or Key Information Documents shall be disclosed on the stock exchange website where the debt is listed.

DECLARATION:

It is hereby declared that this General Information Document contains full disclosures in accordance with Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 as amended from time to time.

We also declare that PAN and Bank account details of NIIF Fund II, controlling shareholder of the Company and the details of PAN of Directors is being submitted to the Stock Exchange with this General Information Document.

The Issuer also confirms that this General Information Document does not omit disclosure of any material fact which may make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they are made, misleading. The General Information Document also does not contain any false or misleading statement. The Issuer accepts no responsibility for the statements made otherwise than in this General Information Document or in any other material issued by or at the instance of the Issuer and that anyone placing reliance on any other source of information would be doing so at his own risk.

The Issuer declares that all the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the rules and regulations made thereunder have been complied with and no statement made in this General Information Document is contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the rules and regulations made thereunder.

DECLARATION

We Debabrata Mukherjee, Chief Executive Officer and Ankit Sheth, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company are authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company and hereby attest that:

- (a) the company has complied with the provisions of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, (42 of 1956), and the Securities Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (15 of 1992), Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) and the rules and regulations made thereunder;

(For Private Circulation Only)
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
General Information Document dated September 9, 2025

- (b) compliance with the Acts and the rules and regulations does not imply that payment of dividend or interest or repayment of non-convertible securities, if applicable, is guaranteed by the Central Government;
- (c) the monies received under the offer shall be used only for the purposes and objects indicated in the respective Key Information Document read together with this General Information Document;
- (d) whatever is stated in this form and in the attachments thereto is true, correct and complete and no information material to the subject matter of this form has been suppressed or concealed and is as per the original records maintained by the promoters subscribing to the Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association;
- (e) General Risk

"Investment in non-convertible securities is risky, and investors should not invest any funds in such securities unless they can afford to take the risk attached to such investments. Investors are advised to take an informed decision and to read the risk factors carefully before investing in this offering. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their examination of the issue including the risks involved in it. Specific attention of investors is invited to statement of risk factors contained under Section III of this General Information Document. These risks are not, and are not intended to be, a complete list of all risks and considerations relevant to the non-convertible securities or investor's decision to purchase such securities."

- (f) The contents of the document have been perused by the Board of Directors, and the final and ultimate responsibility of the contents mentioned herein shall also lie with the Board of Directors.

We are authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company vide resolution dated April 30, 2025, and July 7, 2025, to sign this form and declare that all the requirements of Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder in respect of the subject matter of this form and matters incidental thereto have been complied with.

It is further declared and verified that all the required attachments have been completely, correctly and legibly attached to this form.

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Name: Mr. Debabrata Mukherjee
Designation: Chief Executive Officer

Name: Ankit Sheth
Designation: Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: September 09, 2025

(For Private Circulation Only)
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
General Information Document dated September 9, 2025

Enclosures:

- Annexure I: Consent letter from IDBI Trustee
- Annexure II A: Copy of rating rationale/press release from Rating Agency - CARE Ratings Limited
- Annexure II B: Copy of rating letters- CARE Ratings Limited
- Annexure II C: Copy of rating rationale/press release from Rating Agency - ICRA Limited
- Annexure II D: Copy of rating letters- ICRA Limited
- Annexure II E: Copy of rating rationale/press release from Rating Agency - CRISIL Limited
- Annexure II F: Copy of rating letters- CRISIL Limited
- Annexure III: Broad lending and borrowing policy of the issuer
- Annexure IV: Audited Financial Statement for last 3 (Three) Financial Year
- Annexure V: Related Party Transactions entered during last 3 (Three) Financial Years
- Annexure VI: ALM statement letter to Stock Exchange
- Annexure VII: Copy of Board Resolution
- Annexure VIII: Copy of Shareholders Resolution
- Annexure IX: Due Diligence Certificate

No. 3711/ ITSL/ OPR/ CL/22-23/ DEB/ 1229/ 03

Date: September 02,2025

To,

NIIF Infrastructure Finance LimitedNorth Wing, 3rd Floor,

UTI Tower, GN Block,

Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai- 400 051

Kind Attn: Mr. Amit Ruparelia

Dear Sir,

CONSENT TO ACT AS DEBENTURE TRUSTEE FOR THE ISSUE OF SENIOR, RATED, LISTED, SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (INCLUDING IN THE FORM OF ZERO-COUPON BONDS), AT PAR OR PREMIUM OR DISCOUNT, IN MULTIPLE SERIES/TRANCHE(S) FROM TIME TO TIME ON A PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS UNDER UMBRELLA DEBENTURE TRUST DEED DATED 05TH JUNE, 2023 EXECUTED FOR UMBRELLA LIMIT OF RS. 23,400 CRORES.

This has reference to our discussion regarding the appointment of IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited ("ITSL") as Debenture Trustee for the issue of NCDs (Including in the form of Zero-Coupon Bonds) under Umbrella Debenture Trust Deed dated 05th June, 2023 executed for umbrella limit of Rs. 23,400 crores. In this connection, we confirm our acceptance of the assignment.

We are agreeable for inclusion of our name as trustees in the Disclosure document/ listing application/ any other document to be filed with the Stock Exchange(s) subject to the following conditions.

- 1) The Company hereby agree and undertake to execute, the Debenture Trust Deed/ Debenture Trustee Agreement and other necessary documents on such terms and conditions as agreed by the Debenture holders and disclose in the Information Memorandum or Disclosure Document or General Information document as approved by the Debenture Trustee, within a period as per applicable law.
- 2) The Company hereby agree & undertake to pay to the Debenture Trustees so long as they hold the office of the Debenture Trustee, remuneration as mutually agreed for their services as Debenture Trustee in addition to all legal, traveling and other costs, charges and expenses which the Debenture Trustee or their officers, employees or agents may incur in relation to execution of the Debenture Trust Deed and all other Documents affecting the Security till the monies in respect of the Debentures have been fully paid-off and the requisite formalities for satisfaction of charge in all respects, have been complied with.
- 3) The Company hereby agrees and undertakes to comply with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulation, 2015, SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulation, 2021, SEBI Circular on Uniform Listing Agreement dated October 13th, 2015; SEBI (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993, SEBI Circular bearing ref. no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/CRADT/CIR/P/2020/230 dated 12th November, 2020 and SEBI Circular bearing ref. no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_CRADT/CIR/P/2022/67 dated May 19, 2022 and Securities And Exchange Board Of India (Issue And Listing Of Non-Convertible Securities) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2023 dated July 05,2023, Companies Act, 2013, as may be amended from time to time and such other applicable provisions as may be applicable from time to time and the Company agree to furnish to Debenture Trustee such information as may be required by Trustee on regular basis.

Looking forward to a fruitful association with you and assuring you of our best services at all times.

Yours faithfully,

For IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited

GAURAV
BHARATKUMA
R MODY

Digitally signed by
GAURAV
BHARATKUMAR
MODY

Authorized Signatory

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (Revised)

July 01, 2025

Facilities/Instruments	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
Non-Convertible Debentures	125.00 (Reduced from 1,547.00)	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	1,427.00 (Reduced from 2,300.00)	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	5,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	8,809.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	10,739.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	1,605.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	3,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Non-Convertible Debentures	3,795.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Assigned
Zero Coupon Bonds	5,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Zero Coupon Bonds	2,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
Commercial Paper	2,500.00	CARE A1+	Reaffirmed

Details of instruments/facilities in Annexure-1.

Rationale and key rating drivers

Ratings assigned to debt instruments of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (NIIF IFL) continue to reflect the company's robust underwriting and risk management frameworks, evidenced by consistent strong asset quality and a proven track record of zero stage 2 and stage 3 loan assets since its inception.

These ratings also incorporate the strength of its well-diversified, seasoned portfolio spanning multiple sectors, backed by an experienced management team, comfortable capitalisation, and strong liquidity supported by flexible fundraising capabilities. Additionally, the ratings take into account the well-defined regulatory framework governing infrastructure debt funds (IDFs), as well as the profile of its investors as of March 31, 2025. These include the National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II (NIIF II), which holds a 39.7% equity stake through its investment manager, National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL); Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (AIFL), a portfolio company of NIIF II, with a 30.8% stake; and the Government of India, holding a 25.1% stake.

CARE Ratings Limited (CareEdge Ratings) has withdrawn ratings of 'CARE AAA; Stable' assigned to non-convertible debentures amounting to ₹2295 crore with immediate effect. This action has been taken on account full redemption of NCDs and 'No Due Certificate' received from the debenture trustees.

Rating sensitivities: Factors likely to lead to rating actions

Positive factors: Factors that could individually or collectively lead to positive rating action/upgrade:

Not applicable

Negative factors: Factors that could individually or collectively lead to negative rating action/downgrade:

- Regulatory change resulting in increased portfolio vulnerability.
- Increasing gearing (defined as borrowings as per balance sheet/tangible net worth) beyond 9x.
- Significant and/or sustained deterioration in asset quality materially impacting profitability and capitalisation.

¹Complete definition of ratings assigned are available at www.careratings.com and other CARE Ratings Limited's publications.

Analytical approach:

CareEdge Ratings has analysed standalone business profile of NIIF IFL and has factored strength of key shareholders comprising GoI and NIIFL.

Outlook: Stable

The stable outlook considers growth in scale of operations, ability to bring in equity capital, while expecting NIIF IFL to maintain strong asset quality and continue securing funds at competitive rates.

Detailed description of key rating drivers:**Key strengths****Mandated focus on operational projects minimises business risk**

IDFs serve an important policy function and have been created to act as vehicles for refinancing existing debt of infrastructure companies. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has established a comprehensive regulatory framework for Infrastructure Debt Fund – Non-Banking Financial Companies (IDF-NBFCs). Per this framework, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to finance only those infrastructure projects that have demonstrated at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations. A key enhancement in the revised guidelines, issued via RBI circular dated August 18, 2023, is the allowance for IDF-NBFCs to extend debt financing to toll-operate-transfer (TOT) projects as the initial lender, rather than being limited to a refinancing role. Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) notification to this effect was issued on February 07, 2025, enabling opportunities in key infrastructure segments, including Road (Hybrid Annuity Model – HAM, and TOT), Airports (particularly those under AAI concessions), and Ports. Performance in these segments will require close monitoring going forward.

Given that all current projects are operational with satisfactory track record of at least one year post Commercial Operation Date (COD), IDF-NBFCs are insulated from construction and execution risks, which are typically associated with greenfield infrastructure developments. However, relaxation of requirement for a tripartite agreement—which previously ensured IDF-NBFCs had a priority charge on termination payments—places these entities on par with other lenders for project termination. Despite this change, overall asset quality of IDF-NBFCs is expected to remain stable, supported by lower risk profile of operational infrastructure assets.

In terms of funding flexibility, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to raise minimum 90% of their borrowings through the issuance of bonds with a minimum maturity of five years, while the remaining 10% may be mobilised through shorter-tenor instruments such as bonds or commercial papers (CPs). Furthermore, IDF-NBFCs have recently been allowed to access external commercial borrowings (ECBs) with a minimum maturity of five years, from all eligible lenders excluding foreign branches of Indian banks. Average original tenor of NIIF IFL's borrowing is ~7 years against the regulatory requirement of minimum 5 years.

The new RBI guidelines on project financing issued on June 19, 2025, have also kept standard provisioning at current levels (0.4%) reducing significantly from draft guidelines (2.5%), whereas NIIF IFL's provisioning as on 31-March-2025 stood at 0.7%.

CareEdge Ratings views these regulatory frameworks as credit positive for IDF-NBFCs, as they support a stable and lower-risk operating environment within the infrastructure financing landscape.

Sustained loan book growth supported by strong asset quality metrics

NIIF IFL saw its portfolio grow by ~15% in FY25, reaching ₹25,390 crore from ₹22,118 crore in FY24. The company focuses on sustainable infrastructure financing, with green energy and power generation accounting for 70.57% of the portfolio (FY24: 69.34%), followed by transport and logistics (16.32%; FY24: 19.32%), communication (8.55%; FY24: 7.39%), water and sanitation (2.50%; FY24: 2.36%), and social & commercial infrastructure (2.06%; FY24: 1.59%). Within energy, solar power dominates (~28%), alongside wind (~5%) and small hydro (~2%). All exposures align with the company's risk policy, and environmental and social (E&S) risks are integrated using IFC Performance Standards. Loan book is expected to grow at ~20% with proportion of roads and airports expected to increase by 5-8%, thereby diversifying the portfolio further, while maintaining the accent on green power.

NIIF IFL's loan portfolio has remained delinquency-free since inception, supported by a strong internal credit grading system that excludes proposals rated below 'BBB-'. As of March 31, 2025, 81% of the portfolio holds an internal rating of 'A-' or higher. Over 90% (PY: ~83%) of top 10 exposures fall within AAA and AA external rating bands, which gives comfort on NIIF IFL's borrowers. The company has not witnessed slippages in its loan portfolio as reflected by nil Stage 2 and Stage 3 assets since inception. However, given the wholesale nature of loans, additional comfort has been derived from higher overall provisioning coverage

(0.70%) compared to the regulatory requirement (0.40%). Average prepayments have ranged between 10-12% in the last few years. Growth has been driven mainly by renewables, with continued focus on green power, transport, logistics, communication, and transmission sectors.

CareEdge Ratings expects asset quality to continue to remain stable due to the company's strong risk management policies & practices and since it is permitted to finance only satisfactorily operating infrastructure assets backed by reputed groups. Although regulation stipulates IDF-NBFCs to fund infrastructure projects with minimum one year of commercial operations, currently NIIF IFL loan assets have an average seasoning of ~7 years of commercial operations. As the company continues its growth trajectory in terms of book size and lending to newer sectors, its ability to maintain adequate asset quality on a steady-state basis and successfully scale up the business will be a key monitorable.

Experienced management team

The company is led by Mr. Shiva Rajaraman, Chief Executive Officer (CEO), who brings over 29 years of extensive experience in infrastructure finance, innovative sustainable funding, and advisory services. Prior to his appointment as CEO of NIIF IFL, Mr. Rajaraman served as CEO and Whole-Time Director of L&T Infra Debt Fund Limited. He is supported by a senior management team comprising seasoned professionals, each with over 25 years of expertise in their respective domains. The leadership has established robust risk management frameworks, policies, and processes, which are reflected in the company's strong asset quality track record.

Healthy capitalisation and financial flexibility backed by strong parentage

As of March 31, 2025, National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II (NIIF Fund II) holds a 39.73% stake in NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (NIIF IFL), followed by Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (AIFL) with 30.83% (rated CARE AA+; Positive / A1+), the Government of India (GoI) with 25.09%, and HDFC Bank holding 4.36% (rated CARE AAA; Stable / A1+). NIIFL maintains a significant interest in NIIF IFL both directly and indirectly through its portfolio company, AIFL.

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL), an investor-owned fund manager anchored by the Government of India (GoI), manages over USD 4.9 billion in assets across infrastructure and high-growth sectors. The platform is backed by both global and domestic institutional investors, with the GoI committing ₹20,000 crore across four funds—Master Fund, Private Markets Fund, Strategic Opportunities Fund, and the India-Japan Fund. The GoI holds a 49% stake, with matching capital expected from other investors. NIIF IFL benefits from continued strategic support, including board representation by NIIF nominees. As part of Aatmanirbhar Bharat Package 3.0, the Union Cabinet approved equity support of up to ₹6,000 crore for the NIIF debt platform (comprising NIIF IFL and AIFL), of which around ₹1,700 crore has been utilised.

Given NIIF IFL's strong operational performance—highlighted by zero NPAs, a diversified portfolio, and steady asset growth—combined with the quasi-sovereign status of NIIFL, CARE Ratings anticipates adequate financial flexibility for the company to raise growth capital. The quality and nature of key shareholders will remain an important monitorable going forward.

As of March 31, 2025, NIIF IFL maintains a comfortable capital position, with a tangible net worth of ₹4,322.65 crore. Its Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) and Tier-1 CAR stood at 21.71% and 20.85%, respectively (compared to 24.22% and 23.28% in the previous year), both well above the regulatory requirements. Gearing increased slightly to 5.42x as on March 31, 2025 from 5.13x as on March 31, 2024, due to higher borrowings to support portfolio growth and no equity infusion in FY25. Capital contributions from GoI, NIIF Fund II, and AIFL have totalled ₹1,916.93 crore over the past five years, underpinning capitalization levels. Considering the growth plans, gearing is expected to gradually increase to the 7x-7.5x range in the medium term as per management.

Equity capital infusion is not expected in FY26 as the company has a comfortable capitalization level which it can leverage and accordingly, growth in the portfolio is expected to be funded primarily through borrowing. For a portfolio with relatively high disbursements per borrower, having adequate capital profile is one of the primary risks mitigants and a key monitorable. In this sense, CARE Ratings expects capital profile of the company to remain comfortable. The Company currently has average ticket size of Rs. 133 crore against the regulatory limit of Rs. 1,157 crore.

In terms of funding flexibility, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to raise minimum 90% of their borrowings through the issuance of bonds for a tenor of 5 years and above. NIIF IFL has steadily been able to increase its liability franchise from with major participation from insurers, retirement benefit funds and banks (including trading desks). Of the total borrowings outstanding as on March 31, 2025, 42% is contributed by Insurance companies, followed by Banks (36%), Retirement funds (20%) and others including

mutual funds, trusts and corporates (3%). Given the stable operating performance, NIIF IFL has been able to raise funds at competitive rates. Going forward, the company plans to diversify its borrowings by issuing CBDT notified Zero Coupon Bonds (ZCB) and Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (NCRPS) which will help to not only diversify source of borrowing but will also help in reducing cost of borrowings. Post RBI approval to borrow by way of ECB loans, NIIF IFL's borrowing franchise is expected to diversify. Further, the company's ability to diversify its liability franchise in terms of lenders with continued access to funds at competitive rates is a key monitorable.

Profitability supported by tax exempt status and minimal credit costs

Net interest margins (NIM) calculated as a percentage of adjusted total assets (Total assets less Intangibles and Deferred tax assets) have remained stable at ~2% in the last five fiscal years, with a marginal decline of ~10 basis points in FY25, primarily due to increased leverage. Given the wholesale nature of the company's operations, operating expenses as a percentage of average total adjusted assets remained low at 0.27% in FY25, compared to 0.24% in FY24.. Provisioning on closing loan book remained at same level at 0.7% in FY25. This minimal credit cost reflects the company's consistent track record of zero delinquencies and slippages since inception, with expectations to maintain credit costs below 1% in the medium term.

NIIF IFL is also increasing its share of advisory services on project selection and ESG/climate risk assessments, generating significant fees that allowed to diversify revenue sources and is expected to increase gradually per the management.

NIIF IFL reported a profit after tax (PAT) of ₹487.21 crore in FY25, up from ₹420.47 crore in FY24. Return on total assets (ROTA) in FY25 remained in the range of 1.9% - 2.0%, similar to that of FY24. However, return on net worth (RONW) improved from 11.53% to 11.91% over the same period. ROTA is expected to remain in similar range in near term.

CareEdge Ratings notes that, subject to compliance with conditions set by the CBDT, an IDF-NBFC's income is exempt from tax, bolstering profitability. The CBDT has notified NIIF IFL of its entitlement to tax exemption from April 1, 2019. The company has also filed applications regarding taxation for prior years, which if resolved favourably, can lead to a reversal of significant tax provisions. NIIF IFL's ability to scale its business while maintaining strong profitability metrics remains a key credit monitorable.

Key weaknesses

Concentration risk

As an IDF-NBFC, the company is permitted, in line with regulatory guidelines, to finance only operational infrastructure projects that have completed a minimum of one year of satisfactory commercial operations. This significantly mitigates execution and cash flow risks. However, the company remains exposed to concentration risk, making its loan portfolio susceptible to asset quality shocks in the event of slippages, which could in turn impact profitability.

Beyond the regulatory limits on borrower and promoter group exposure, the company has instituted additional internal thresholds at the group, sector, and sub-sector levels. These limits are approved by the management and the Risk Management Committee/ Credit Committee and are reviewed periodically. As of March 31, 2025, the company's top 10 borrowers (outstanding position) represented 27.90% of the loan portfolio and 163.89% of its tangible net worth, reflecting a notable concentration. While this marks a modest improvement from 31.90% and 182.88%, respectively, as of FY24, the concentration levels are expected to remain broadly in similar lines going forward.

CARE Ratings notes that the regulatory framework for IDF-NBFCs provides several safeguards to address concentration risk. These include caps on single borrower exposure (30% of Tier 1 capital) and group exposure (50% of Tier 1 capital). Additionally, the company's internal risk parameters are more stringent than the regulatory minimum, offering additional protection. Further, the Company has implemented monitoring process for its portfolio such as real time access to plant performance, regular access to FasTag data and online access to escrow/ TRA accounts etc. Right to change O&M operator further ring fences the borrower from promoter group.

The company's access to a broad spectrum of operational infrastructure assets for refinancing has enhanced sectoral diversification. Yet, the company remains selective, with a strategic focus on low-risk sectors such as renewables, transport, logistics, communication infrastructure, and transmission. Going forward, the company's ability to manage inherent sectoral concentration risks while sustaining profitability will be a key monitorable.

Liquidity: Strong

NIIF IFL's liquidity profile is comfortable as in line with regulations, it can raise minimum 90% of its borrowings through issue of bonds and through loan route via ECBs having minimum maturity of five years, which is in line with behavioural maturity profile of assets. It can raise shorter tenor bonds and CPs to the extent of up to 10% of their total outstanding borrowing. The company had nil short-term borrowings as on March 31, 2025.

As on March 31, 2025, the asset liability management (ALM) profile of NIIF IFL reflects no negative cumulative mismatches across all time buckets. The company has cash and cash equivalents and liquid investments of ₹1881.51 crore and advances of ₹1915 crore (principal only; assuming prepayment assumption) against contractual debt obligations of ₹919 crore (principal only) for the next six months. CareEdge Ratings believes that cash and expected inflows from advances are substantial for meeting the company's expected outflows.

Applicable criteria

[Definition of Default](#)

[Factoring Linkages Government Support](#)

[Rating Outlook and Rating Watch](#)

[Financial Ratios - Financial Sector](#)

[Withdrawal Policy](#)

[Short Term Instruments](#)

[Non Banking Financial Companies](#)

About the company and industry

Industry classification

Macroeconomic indicator	Sector	Industry	Basic industry
Financial services	Financial services	Finance	Non-banking financial company (NBFC)

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (NIIF IFL) (the company)

NIIF IFL was established as an Infrastructure Debt Fund – Non-Banking Financial Company (IDF-NBFC) in accordance with Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines to provide long-term financial assistance to operational infrastructure projects that have successfully completed at least one year of commercial operations.

Originally incorporated on March 07, 2014, under the name IDFC Infra Debt Fund Limited (IDFC IDFL), the company was set up as a specialised infrastructure financing entity under the NBFC structure. It received its Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the RBI on September 22, 2014, authorising it to operate as an IDF-NBFC. On January 10, 2017, the company was renamed IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited (IDFC IFL).

In March 2019, NIIF Fund II of the National Investment and Infrastructure Fund (NIIF) acquired a 58.89% equity stake in IDFC IFL. Following this acquisition, the company was renamed NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited on July 11, 2019, to reflect the new ownership structure.

On March 30, 2020, Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (AIFL), an NBFC-Infrastructure Finance Company (NBFC-IFC), acquired a 30% stake in NIIF IFL from IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited (IDFC FHCL). In March 2022, NIIF IFL raised capital amounting to ₹1,012 crore.

As of March 31, 2025, the shareholding of NIIF IFL on a fully diluted basis is as follows:

- NIIF Fund II: 39.7%
- AIFL (rated CARE AA+ Positive): 30.8%
- Government of India (GoI): 25.1%
- HDFC Bank (rated CARE AAA; Stable / CARE A1+): 4.3%

NIIF IFL's loan book grew significantly from ₹6,407.22 crore as on March 31, 2020, to ₹25,389.97 as on March 31, 2025, translating to a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 31.70%. The company has extensive sector-specific experience in financing projects across energy, transportation, telecommunications, and both social and commercial infrastructure.

Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (AIFL)

AIFL, which is a portfolio company of the NIIF Fund II, was incorporated in May 2019 to function as an NBFC-IFC. The RBI granted COR to the company on January 28, 2020, and the company initiated lending operations in Q2FY21. AIFL was formed with the objective of lending across all phases of infrastructure projects with a mix of operating, brownfield and greenfield assets. AIFL's shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2025 is as follows – NIIF Fund II (59.05%), GoI (30.95%) and Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation (10%). The company has scaled its loan book significantly and has recorded an AUM of Rs. 15,431 crore as on March 31, 2025.

The management of AIFL is guided by an experienced Board of Directors, which also comprises of nominees of NIIF SOF. AIFL is a Board governed company, and its credit and operational decisions are reviewed and governed by the respective committees of the Board and the Management as relevant.

NIIF - Fund II (Key Shareholder)

NIIF SOF, also referred as NIIF Fund II, is a large India-focused growth equity fund. NIIF Fund II is managed by National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL), an investor-owned fund manager, anchored by the GoI in collaboration with the leading global and domestic institutional investors. GoI's stake in NIIFL is 49%. NIIFL manages assets over USD 4.9 billion through its four funds encompassing the Master Fund, Fund of Funds, NIIF Fund II and India-Japan Fund (IJF), each of which is registered with SEBI as Category II AIFs.

NIIF Fund II targets to invest in sectors that benefit from the changing business landscape in India and aims to capitalize on evolving macro trends and policy reforms across India. NIIF Fund II is building a scalable integrated financial services platform by investing equity in NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited and AIFL, enabling them to become sizeable players in the infrastructure debt financing space.

Standalone Financials of NIIF IFL

Brief Financials (₹ crore)	March 31, 2023 (A)	March 31, 2024 (A)	March 31, 2025 (A)
Total operating income	1,404.23	1,847.02	2,183.03
PAT	325.74	420.47	487.21
Adjusted Total Assets*	18,405.26	23,746.06	27,808.64
Net NPA (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00
ROTA (%) [§]	1.92	2.00	1.89

A: Audited; Note: these are latest available financial results

*Total Assets (-) Deferred Tax Assets (-) Intangibles

[§] Calculated on Average (opening and closing for the year) Adjusted Total Assets

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA:

None

Any other information:

Not applicable

Rating history for last three years: Annexure-2

Detailed explanation of covenants of rated instrument / facility: Annexure-3

Complexity level of instruments rated: Annexure-4

Lender details: Annexure-5

Annexure-1: Details of instruments/facilities

Name of the Instrument	ISIN	Date of Issuance (DD-MM-YYYY)	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date (DD-MM-YYYY)	Size of the Issue (₹ crore)	Rating Assigned and Rating Outlook
Bonds-Zero Coupon Bonds (proposed)	-	-	-	-	7000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Commercial Paper- Commercial Paper (Standalone) (Proposed)	-	-	-	-	2500.00	CARE A1+
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07509	30-Mar-21	7.25%	29-May-26	560.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07491	22-Mar-2021	7.25%	22-May-26	482.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07293	16-May-18	8.52%	15-May-26	26.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07467	31-Dec-20	6.45%	31-Dec-25	105.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07459	29-Sep-20	7.25%	28-Nov-25	245.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07442	12-Jun-20	7.50%	12-Aug-25	125.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07558	14-Jan-22	6.75%	23-Feb-27	1185.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07541	28-Sep-21	6.84%	27-Nov-26	1000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07525	22-Sep-21	6.84%	20-Nov-26	625.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07517	09-Sep-21	6.72%	09-Oct-26	650.00	CARE AAA; Stable

Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07640	16-Mar-23	8.06%	17-Mar-28	151.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07632	23-Jan-23	7.98%	24-Feb-28	842.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07624	13-Sep-22	7.68%	25-Nov-27	747.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07590	27-May-22	7.80%	27-Aug-27	400.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07608	04-Jul-22	8.00%	24-Aug-27	809.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07582	28-Mar-22	7.11%	28-May-27	875.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07574	22-Feb-22	7.05%	25-Feb-27	625.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07715	24-Jan-24	8.07%	24-Jan-39	405.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07723	14-Mar-24	7.95%	14-Mar-36	500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07699	16-Nov-23	8.00%	16-Nov-35	850.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07707	24-Jan-24	8.10%	24-Jan-34	624.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07673	31-Jul-23	7.97%	29-Jul-33	900.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07657	09-May-23	8.03%	09-May-33	500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07616	14-Jul-22	8.04%	27-May-32	1021.00	CARE AAA; Stable

Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07533	22-Sep-21	7.17%	22-Aug-31	887.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07483	04-Feb-21	7.25%	04-Feb-31	604.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07400	15-Jan-20	8.70%	15-Jan-30	500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07731	21-Jun-24	8.70%	23-Aug-29	440.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07681	25-Oct-23	8.09%	28-Nov-28	500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07665	10-Jul-23	7.97%	24-Aug-28	900.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07749	19-Sep-24	7.99	29-Nov-29	900.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07756	24-Oct-24	7.875	28-Nov-30	800.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07764	02-Dec-24	7.93	05-Dec-30	502.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07772	28-Feb-25	7.99	28-Feb-25	1000.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07780	19-Mar-25	7.93	20-May-32	933.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07798	08-Apr-25	7.71	22-Feb-35	500.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures (Proposed)	-	-	-	-	15782.00	CARE AAA; Stable
Debentures-Non-	INE246R07350	30-Apr-19	9.00%	28-May-24	0.00	Withdrawn

Convertible Debentures						
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07426	23-Apr-20	8.25%	21-May-25	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07434	01-Jun-20	7.50%	02-Jun-25	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07301	05-Jul-18	9.21%	27-Aug-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07319	19-Jul-18	9.255%	14-Aug-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07368	04-Jun-19	9.00%	19-Aug-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07376	20-Jun-19	9.00%	29-Aug-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07384	27-Sep-19	8.60%	07-Nov-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07392	23-Dec-19	8.65%	21-Feb-25	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07236	28-Nov-17	7.99%	28-Nov-24	0.00	Withdrawn
Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	INE246R07285	26-Apr-18	8.41%	27-May-25	0.00	Withdrawn

Annexure-2: Rating history for last three years

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument/Bank Facilities	Current Ratings			Rating History			
		Type	Amount Outstanding (₹ crore)	Rating	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2025-2026	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2024-2025	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2023-2024	Date(s) and Rating(s) assigned in 2022-2023
1	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	-	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (02-Aug-22)
2	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
3	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
4	Commercial Paper-Commercial Paper (Standalone)	ST	2500.00	CARE A1+	1)CARE A1+ (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE A1+ (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE A1+ (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE A1+ (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE A1+ (02-Aug-22)
5	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	125.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
6	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	1427.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
7	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	4000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
8	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	5000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)

9	Bonds-Zero Coupon Bonds	LT	5000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
10	Bonds-Zero Coupon Bonds	LT	2000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
11	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	8809.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23) 2)CARE AAA; Stable (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
12	Debentures-Market Linked Debentures	LT	-	-	-	-	1)Withdrawn (06-Jul-23)	1)CARE PP-MLD AAA; Stable (02-Aug-22)
13	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	10739.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23)	-
14	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	1605.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (17-Jul-23)	-
15	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	3000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	1)CARE AAA; Stable (02-Jul-24)	-	-
16	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	LT	3795.00	CARE AAA; Stable	1)CARE AAA; Stable (01-Jul-25)	-	-	-

LT: Long term; ST: Short term

Annexure-3: Detailed explanation of covenants of rated instruments/facilities

Not applicable

Annexure-4: Complexity level of instruments rated

Sr. No.	Name of the Instrument	Complexity Level
1	Bonds-Zero Coupon Bonds	Simple
2	Commercial Paper-Commercial Paper (Standalone)	Simple
3	Debentures-Non-Convertible Debentures	Simple

Annexure-5: Lender details

To view lender-wise details of bank facilities please [click here](#)

Annexure-6: List of entities consolidated

Not applicable

Note on complexity levels of rated instruments: CareEdge Ratings has classified instruments rated by it based on complexity. Investors/market intermediaries/regulators or others are welcome to write to care@careedge.in for clarifications.

Contact us

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No. CARE/HO/RL/2025-26/2576

Shri Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,

Mumbai
Maharashtra 400051



August 29, 2025

Confidential

Dear Sir,

Credit rating for proposed Debt Issue / Non-Convertible Debentures/ Zero Coupon Bonds

Please refer to our letter no. CARE/HO/RL/2025-26/2270 dated July 29, 2025, and your request for revalidation of the rating assigned to the Non-Convertible Debentures and Zero-Coupon Bonds of your company, for a limit of Rs. 45,500.00 crore.

2. The following rating(s) have been reviewed:

Sr. No.	Instrument	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
1.	Non-Convertible Debentures	125.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
2.	Non-Convertible Debentures	1,427.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
3.	Non-Convertible Debentures	4,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
4.	Non-Convertible Debentures	5,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
5.	Non-Convertible Debentures	8,809.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
6.	Non-Convertible Debentures	10,739.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
7.	Non-Convertible Debentures	1,605.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
8.	Non-Convertible Debentures	3,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed

¹Complete definitions of the ratings assigned are available at www.careratings.com and in other CARE Ratings Ltd.'s publications.

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Sr. No.	Instrument	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ¹	Rating Action
9.	Non-Convertible Debentures	3,795.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
10.	Zero Coupon Bonds	5,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed
11.	Zero Coupon Bonds	2,000.00	CARE AAA; Stable	Reaffirmed

- Please arrange to get the rating revalidated, in case the proposed issue is not made within **six months** from the date of this letter.
- Please inform us the below-mentioned details of issue immediately, but not later than 7 days from the date of placing the instrument:

Instrument type	ISIN	Issue Size (Rs cr.)	Coupon Rate	Coupon Payment Dates	Terms of Redemption	Redemption date	Name and contact details of Trustee/IPA	Details of top 10 investors
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- Our ratings do not factor in any rating related trigger clauses as per the terms of the facility/instrument, which may involve acceleration of payments in case of rating downgrades. However, if any such clauses are introduced and if triggered, the ratings may see volatility and sharp downgrades.



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Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,



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Encl.: As above

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No. CARE/HO/RL/2025-26/2575

Shri Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,

Mumbai
Maharashtra 400051



August 29, 2025

Confidential

Dear Sir,

Credit rating for Commercial Paper (CP) issue aggregating Rs.2,500.00 crore¹

Please refer to our letter no. CARE/HO/RL/2025-26/2269 dated July 29, 2025, and your request for revalidation of the rating assigned to the CP issue of your company, for a limit of Rs. 2,500.00 crore, with a maturity not exceeding one year.

2. The following rating(s) have been reviewed:

Instrument	Amount (₹ crore)	Rating ²	Rating Action
Commercial Paper	2,500.00	CARE A1+	Reaffirmed

3. Please arrange to get the rating revalidated in case the issue is not made within **two months** from the date of this letter i.e. by October 28, 2025. Once the CP is placed, the rating is valid for the tenure of such instrument till redemption.

4. Please inform us the below-mentioned details of issue immediately, but not later than 7 days from the date of placing the instrument:

Instrument type	ISIN	Issue Size (Rs cr.)	Coupon Rate	Coupon Payment Dates	Terms of Redemption	Redemption date	Name and contact details of Trustee/IPA	Details of top 10 investors
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¹ This represents the aggregate of all CP issuances of the company outstanding at any point in time.

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If you need any clarification, you are welcome to approach us in this regard.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,



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Encl.: As above



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July 22, 2025

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited: [ICRA]AAA (Stable) assigned; ratings reaffirmed

Summary of rating action

Instrument*	Previous rated amount (Rs. crore)	Current rated amount (Rs. crore)	Rating action
Non-convertible debenture programme	34,725	34,725	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); reaffirmed
Non-convertible debenture programme	0	3,775	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); assigned
Non-convertible debenture programme (zero coupon bonds)	7,000	7,000	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); reaffirmed
Commercial paper programme	2,500	2,500	[ICRA]A1+; reaffirmed
Non-convertible debenture programme	2,275	0	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); reaffirmed and withdrawn
Total	46,500	48,000	

*Instrument details are provided in Annexure I

Rationale

The ratings reflect NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited's (NIIF IFL) track record of nil stage 2 and stage 3 loan assets since the commencement of operations in 2015. The ratings also factor in the strength of the company's diversified portfolio spread across the renewable energy, transmission, transport & logistics and other infrastructure sectors. Moreover, the ratings consider the relatively tighter regulatory framework for non-banking financial companies-infrastructure debt funds (NBFC-IDFs), necessitating investment/lending only to infrastructure projects with at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations and direct lending to toll-operate-transfer (TOT) projects. The ratings also factor in the company's strong liquidity position, aided by the regulatory restrictions on the proportion of short-term debt in the overall borrowing mix, the limited interest rate risk and the comfortable capitalisation profile supported by strong shareholders. NIIF IFL's capital-to-risk weighted assets ratio (CRAR) stood at 21.7% against the regulatory requirement of 15.0% while the gearing was 5.4 times as on March 31, 2025.

The ratings draw comfort from NIIF IFL's experienced management team, with expertise in infrastructure finance, and the adequate profitability indicators. Strength is also reflected in the investors, i.e. National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II (NIIF II with a 39.7% equity stake as on March 31, 2025; Strategic Opportunities Fund) acting through its investment manager – National Investment and Infrastructure Limited (NIIFL), Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited (AIFL with a 30.8% stake; portfolio company of NIIF II) and the Government of India (GoI; 25.1% stake). ICRA expects NIIF IFL to continue reporting good asset quality indicators while growing its business volumes. Given the wholesale nature of the loans, the concentration risk remains relatively high. However, ICRA draws comfort from the company's prudent underwriting norms as reflected by the good asset quality indicators, diversified portfolio and the tighter regulatory framework.

ICRA notes that the scope of lending and fund-raising avenues had been broadened under the revised regulatory framework for NBFC-IDFs issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) in FY2024 and subsequently notified by the Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) on February 7, 2025. The impact of the same on the loan and borrowing mix would be visible over the medium term. Also, the capital requirement (minimum Tier I capital requirement of 10%) and exposure norms (maximum permissible single party exposure capped at 30% and group exposure capped at 50% of Tier I capital compared with higher limits earlier) have been revised in October 2023. NIIF IFL is within the threshold for exposure limits and comfortably above the regulatory capital adequacy requirement. While portfolio vulnerability can increase, given the expansion of the scope and the

requirement of tripartite agreements being made optional, the company's prudent underwriting and monitoring norms should help it manage the risk.

The Stable outlook reflects ICRA's expectation that the company would continue to grow its business profitably, while maintaining good asset quality indicators and prudent capitalisation levels, supported by good shareholders.

ICRA has reaffirmed and withdrawn the rating assigned to the Rs. 2,275-crore non-convertible debenture programme as no amount is outstanding against the same. The rating has been withdrawn in accordance with ICRA's policy on the withdrawal of credit ratings.

Key rating drivers and their description

Credit strengths

Strong asset quality; regulatory framework necessitates lending to operational projects, mitigating overall construction risk

– NIIF IFL's portfolio grew by ~15% year-on-year (YoY) to Rs. 25,390 crore as on March 31, 2025 from Rs. 22,118 crore as on March 31, 2024. The energy generation segment had the highest share in the portfolio at 67.7% as on March 31, 2025, followed by transport and logistics (16.3%), communication (8.6%), power transmission (2.9%), social/commercial infrastructure sector (2.5%) and water/sanitation (2.1%). The exposure to the power sector primarily comprises the renewable energy project. As per the board-approved risk and the environmental, social, and governance (ESG) policy, NIIF IFL has integrated environmental and social (E&S) risk-assessment and mitigation in the lending process.

The regulatory framework for NBFC-IDFs necessitates lending/investment only in infrastructure projects with at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations and direct lending to TOT projects. Hence, construction and execution risks are nil and operating risk is low given the track record of operations, though ICRA notes that the absence of tripartite agreements would expose NBFC-IDFs to the risk associated with the project in the event of termination. It is also noted that the current portfolio has a significantly higher weighted average seasoning of operations i.e ~ 7 years against the regulatory minimum of one year. The adequacy of the company's project appraisal and monitoring processes and the lower risks compared to under-construction projects have been demonstrated by the nil stage 2 and stage 3 assets. NIIF IFL mitigates the risk of dependence on promoters by including a right to change the O&M operator of the borrower. However, given the wholesale nature of the loan book, the portfolio remains vulnerable to lumpy slippages in the asset quality. In this regard, ICRA notes that NIIF IFL's provision cover of 0.7% for the entire portfolio is higher than the regulatory requirement of 0.4%.

Experienced management team – The ratings draw comfort from the experienced senior management team with considerable expertise in the infrastructure financing space. The company has robust underwriting and risk management systems, processes and policies, as evidenced by the strong asset quality. It is expected to follow prudent policies while increasing the scale of operations with sectoral diversification.

Comfortable capitalisation profile supported by strong shareholders – The company's capitalisation profile remains comfortable with a net worth of Rs. 4,326 crore as on March 31, 2025, a CRAR of 21.7% (Tier I – 20.9%) against the regulatory requirement of 15% (Tier I requirement of 10%) and a gearing of 5.4 times. In this regard, the share of operational public private partnership (PPP) infrastructure projects (lower risk weight of 50%) is expected to continue to account for more than 40% of the portfolio over the medium term. NIIF II holds a significant stake in NIIF IFL, both directly and through its portfolio company – AIFL. As on March 31, 2025, NIIF II held 39.7%, followed by AIFL (30.8%), the GoI (25.1%) and HDFC Bank Limited (erstwhile Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited; 4.4%). NIIFL is an investor-owned fund manager, anchored by the GoI in collaboration with leading global and domestic institutional investors. It is a collaborative investment platform for international and Indian investors looking for investment opportunities in infrastructure and other high growth sectors of the country. The GoI's strategic focus on private sector participation in infrastructure funding is also evident from its Rs. 20,000-crore capital commitment to the NIIF platform with a similar amount expected to be raised from external investors. Further, the GoI had approved the infusion of up to Rs. 6,000 crore in NIIF's Infrastructure Debt Financing Platform, comprising NIIF IFL and its shareholder – AIFL (of which ~Rs. 1,700 crore was infused till March 31, 2025).

In ICRA's opinion, prudent capitalisation levels are one of the key risk mitigants and a monitorable for a portfolio that has relatively high concentration risks. ICRA expects NIIF IFL to maintain prudent capitalisation levels and believes that support from key shareholders will be forthcoming if required. However, a change in the quality and nature of key shareholders will be a key monitorable.

Profitability supported by tax-exemption status enjoyed by IDFs – NIIF IFL's net interest margin (NIM) has remained range-bound (2.1-2.4%) over the past two years, with a downward bias primarily due to the higher gearing while lending spreads have remained stable. In line with past trends, the wholesale nature of operations kept the company's operating expenses low at 0.3% of average total assets (ATA) in FY2025 (0.2% in FY2024). The provisioning costs (0.1% of ATA in FY2025) remain low as the loan portfolio has not witnessed delinquencies/slippages since inception. The profit after tax (PAT) increased to Rs. 487 crore in FY2025 from Rs. 420 crore in FY2024, leading to a largely stable return on assets (RoA) of 1.9% in FY2024 (2.0% in FY2024). ICRA notes that, subject to compliance with the conditions stipulated by the CBDT, an NBFC-IDF's income is exempt from tax, supporting its future profitability. ICRA notes that regulatory changes could have an adverse impact on the profitability of NBFC-IDFs.

Credit challenges

Relatively high concentration risk – Regulations require all NBFC-IDFs to take exposure only in operational infrastructure projects with at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations and allows direct lending to TOT projects, mitigating the construction and execution risk. NIIF IFL's portfolio has an average of over five years of operations against the regulatory minimum of one year. However, the inherent nature of the business of infrastructure financing means that the company is exposed to project risks and the exposures are concentrated. Hence, its portfolio would remain vulnerable to asset quality shocks in case of slippages in a few key exposures, which may adversely affect its profitability. ICRA takes note of the average borrower exposure of Rs. 133 crore on outstanding basis as on March 31, 2025, comfortably lower than the single borrower limit (30% of Tier I). Nonetheless, the concentration risk remains with the top 20 borrowers accounting for 44% of the total portfolio as on March 31, 2025 against 47% as on March 31, 2024. Going forward, NIIF IFL's ability to maintain strict underwriting standards while growing the portfolio would be a key monitorable.

Liquidity position: Strong

NIIF IFL's asset-liability maturity (ALM) profile, as on March 31, 2025, reflected positive cumulative mismatches across all buckets. As on March 31, 2025, the company had available liquidity in the form of cash and liquid investments up to Rs. 2,187 crore and expected inflow of Rs. 3,859 crore from the performing advances over the next one year, providing comfortable liquidity cover over the debt repayments of Rs. 2,087 (including interest) crore due during the above-mentioned period.

NBFC-IDFs can raise resources through the issuance of bonds with a minimum maturity of five years and the loan route via external commercial borrowings (ECBs) with a minimum tenure of five years. Shorter-tenure bonds and commercial paper are permitted up to 10% of the outstanding debt. Further, since NBFC-IDFs can invest in infrastructure projects that have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations, loan repayments start immediately after disbursement, supporting the ALM profile.

Rating sensitivities

Positive factors – Not applicable

Negative factors – Pressure on NIIF IFL's ratings could emerge on a sustained increase in the leverage to 9 times and/or weakening of the asset quality, leading to continued deterioration in the solvency. A significant change in the regulatory framework, leading to an increase in portfolio vulnerability, and/or a change in the profile of the key shareholders could warrant a rating revision.

Analytical approach

Analytical approach	Comments
Applicable rating methodologies	ICRA's credit rating methodology for non-banking finance companies Policy on withdrawal of credit ratings
Parent/Group support	The ratings derive strength from NIIF IFL's parentage with 39.7% held by NIIF II, 30.8% by AIFL and 25.1% by the Gol as on March 31, 2025.
Consolidation/Standalone	Standalone

About the company

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited {NIIF IFL; erstwhile IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited (IDFC IFL)} is an infrastructure debt fund (IDF) under the non-banking financial company (NBFC) structure, set up in March 2014 and operating after the receipt of RBI approval on September 22, 2014. It provides long-term financial assistance for various infrastructure projects, which have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations.

While NIIF IFL was incorporated as IDFC IFL, it was renamed NIIF IFL after the change in ownership in March 2019. On March 12, 2019, IDFC Financial Holding Company Limited (IDFC FHCL) transferred 51.48% of its stake in IDFC IFL to NIIF II. On March 15, 2019, SBI Life Insurance Company Limited transferred its entire holding in IDFC IFL to NIIF II. On March 30, 2020, NIIF IFL announced that AIFL, an NBFC-infrastructure finance company (NBFC-IFC), acquired a 30% equity stake from IDFC FHCL upon the consummation of the second tranche of the transaction in terms of the share purchase agreement (SPA) entered between IDFC FHCL, IDFC Limited and NIIF II on October 30, 2018. With this, AIFL became NIIF IFL's sponsor instead of IDFC FHCL. As on March 31, 2025, NIIF II had a 39.7% equity stake in NIIF IFL, followed by AIFL (30.8%), the Gol (25.1%) and HDFC Bank Limited (erstwhile HDFC Limited; 4.4%).

NIIF IFL reported a profit after tax (PAT) of Rs. 487 crore in FY2025 on a total managed asset¹ base of Rs. 27,990 crore as on March 31, 2025 compared with a PAT of Rs. 420 crore in FY2024 on a total asset base of Rs. 23,903 crore as on March 31, 2024. Its portfolio stood at Rs. 25,390 crore as on March 31, 2025 compared with Rs. 22,118 crore as on March 31, 2024. It had a net worth of Rs. 4,326 crore as on March 31, 2025 (Rs. 3,860 crore as on March 31, 2024). It has reported nil gross stage 3 since inception.

Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited

An RBI-regulated NBFC-IFC incorporated in May 2019, AIFL is a portfolio company of NIIF SOF, which has a majority stake in the company. The RBI granted a certificate of registration (CoR) to the company on January 28, 2020, which initiated lending operations in Q2 FY2021. AIFL was formed with the objective of lending across all phases of the infrastructure project lifecycle with a mix of operating brownfield and greenfield assets. Its board comprises three nominees of NIIF SOF and three independent directors.

National Investment & Infrastructure Fund Limited

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIFL) is an investor-owned fund manager, anchored by the Gol in collaboration with leading global and domestic institutional investors. It manages assets of more than \$4.9 billion through four funds, namely Master Fund, Private Markets Fund (erstwhile Fund of Funds), SOF and India-Japan Fund, each of which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as a Category II alternative investment fund (AIF). NIIFL has received a capital commitment of Rs. 20,000 crore from the Gol across its funds and a similar amount will be raised from external strategic investors such that the Gol's contribution to the corpus of NIIF's funds will reach 49%.

NIIF SOF has been established to provide long-term capital to high-growth future-ready businesses in India. It has built a scalable integrated financial services platform by investing equity in NIIF IFL and AIFL, enabling them to become sizeable players in the Indian infrastructure debt financing space.

¹ *Managed Assets = Total assets + provisions on loan book*

Key financial indicators (audited)

NIIF IFL	FY2023	FY2024	FY2025
Total income	1,404	1,847	2,183
Profit after tax	326	420	487
Managed assets*	18,531	23,903	27,990
Return on average managed assets	1.9%	2.0%	1.9%
Managed gearing (Debt/Net worth; times)	4.3	5.1	5.4
Gross stage 3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CRAR	20.9%	24.2%	21.7%

Source: Company, ICRA Research; Amount in Rs. crore; All ratios as per ICRA's calculations/definitions/nomenclature; * Includes provisions on loan book

Status of non-cooperation with previous CRA: Not applicable

Any other information: None

Rating history for past three years

Instrument	FY2026			Chronology of rating history for the past 3 years					
	Type	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	July 22, 2025	FY2025		FY2024		FY2023	
				Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating
Non-convertible debenture	Long term	34,725	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	29-JUL-2024	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	01-AUG-2023	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	02-AUG-2022	[ICRA]AA A (Stable)
Non-convertible debenture	Long term	3,775	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial paper	Short term	2,500	[ICRA]A1+	29-JUL-2024	[ICRA]A1+	01-AUG-2023	[ICRA]A1+	02-AUG-2022	[ICRA]A1 +
Non-convertible debenture (zero coupon bonds)	Long term	7,000	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	29-JUL-2024	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	01-AUG-2023	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	02-AUG-2022	[ICRA]AA A (Stable)
Market linked debenture	Long term	-	-	29-JUL-2024	PP-MLD[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn	01-AUG-2023	PP-MLD[ICRA]AAA (Stable)	02-AUG-2022	PP-MLD[ICRA]AAA (Stable)

Source: Company data

Complexity level of the rated instrument

Instrument	Complexity indicator
Non-convertible debenture programme	Very Simple
Non-convertible debenture programme (zero coupon bonds)	Very Simple
Commercial paper programme	Very Simple
Market linked debenture programme	Moderately Complex

The Complexity Indicator refers to the ease with which the returns associated with the rated instrument could be estimated. It does not indicate the risk related to the timely payments on the instrument, which is rather indicated by the instrument's credit rating. It also does not indicate the complexity associated with analysing an entity's financial, business, industry risks or the complexity related to the structural, transactional or legal aspects. Details on the complexity levels of the instruments are available on ICRA's website: [Click here](#)

Annexure I: Instrument details (as on July 14, 2025)

ISIN	Instrument name	Date of issuance /Sanction	Coupon rate	Maturity date	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	Current rating and outlook
INE246R07319	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-19-2018	9.2550%	Aug-14-2024	189	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07368	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-04-2019	9.0000%	Aug-19-2024	59	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07301	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-05-2018	9.2100%	Aug-27-2024	47	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07376	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-20-2019	9.0000%	Aug-29-2024	81	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07384	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-27-2019	8.6000%	Nov-07-2024	390	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07236	Non-convertible debenture	Nov-28-2017	7.9900%	Nov-28-2024	115	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07392	Non-convertible debenture	Dec-23-2019	8.6500%	Feb-21-2025	600	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07426	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-23-2020	8.2500%	May-21-2025	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07285	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-26-2018	8.4150%	May-27-2025	44	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07434	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-01-2020	7.5000%	Jun-02-2025	250	[ICRA]AAA (Stable); withdrawn
INE246R07442	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-12-2020	7.5000%	Aug-12-2025	125	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07459	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-29-2020	7.2500%	Nov-28-2025	245	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07467	Non-convertible debenture	Dec-31-2020	6.4500%	Dec-31-2025	105	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07293	Non-convertible debenture	May-16-2018	8.5200%	May-15-2026	26	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07491	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-22-2021	7.2500%	May-22-2026	125	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07491 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-12-2021	7.2500%	May-22-2026	207	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07491 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	May-21-2021	7.2500%	May-22-2026	150	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07509	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-30-2021	7.2500%	May-29-2026	560	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07517	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-09-2021	6.7200%	Oct-09-2026	650	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07525	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-22-2021	6.8400%	Nov-20-2026	625	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07541	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-28-2021	6.8400%	Nov-27-2026	1,000	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07558	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-14-2022	6.7500%	Feb-23-2027	300	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07558 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-28-2022	6.7500%	Feb-23-2027	885	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07574	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-22-2022	7.0500%	Feb-25-2027	625	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07582	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-28-2022	7.1100%	May-28-2027	375	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07582 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	May-17-2022	7.1100%	May-28-2027	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07608	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-04-2022	7.9950%	Aug-24-2027	809	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07590	Non-convertible debenture	May-27-2022	7.8000%	Aug-27-2027	400	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07624	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-13-2022	7.6800%	Nov-25-2027	225	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07624 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Oct-20-2022	7.6800%	Nov-25-2027	522	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07632	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-23-2023	7.9800%	Feb-24-2028	684	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07632 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-24-2023	7.9800%	Feb-24-2028	158	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07640	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-16-2023	8.0550%	Mar-17-2028	151	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07665	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-10-2023	7.9650%	Aug-24-2028	400	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07665 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Aug-24-2023	7.9650%	Aug-24-2028	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07681	Non-convertible debenture	Oct-25-2023	8.0850%	Nov-28-2028	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07731	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-21-2024	8.0700%	Aug-23-2029	440	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07400 ¹	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-15-2020	8.7000%	Jan-15-2030	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)

ISIN	Instrument name	Date of issuance /Sanction	Coupon rate	Maturity date	Amount rated (Rs. crore)	Current rating and outlook
INE246R07483	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-04-2021	7.2500%	Feb-04-2031	75	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07483 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-18-2021	7.2500%	Feb-04-2031	29	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07483 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-29-2021	7.2500%	Feb-04-2031	40	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07483 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-16-2021	7.2500%	Feb-04-2031	100	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07483 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-23-2023	7.2500%	Feb-04-2031	360	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07533	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-22-2021	7.1700%	Aug-22-2031	255	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07533 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-11-2022	7.1700%	Aug-22-2031	142	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07533 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Nov-30-2022	7.1700%	Aug-22-2031	90	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07533 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-18-2023	7.1700%	Aug-22-2031	400	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07616	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-14-2022	8.0400%	May-27-2032	241	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07616 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Aug-30-2022	8.0400%	May-27-2032	200	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07616 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Oct-14-2022	8.0400%	May-27-2032	80	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07616 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-06-2023	8.0400%	May-27-2032	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07657 [@]	Non-convertible debenture	May-09-2023	8.0300%	May-09-2033	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07673 [#]	Non-convertible debenture	Jul-31-2023	7.9700%	Jul-29-2033	900	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07707	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-24-2024	8.1000%	Jan-24-2034	25	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07707 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-29-2024	8.1000%	Jan-24-2034	64	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07699 [^]	Non-convertible debenture	Nov-16-2023	8.0000%	Nov-16-2035	850	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07723 ^{&}	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-14-2024	7.9500%	Mar-14-2036	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07715	Non-convertible debenture	Jan-24-2024	8.0700%	Jan-24-2039	180	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07715 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-14-2024	8.0700%	Jan-24-2039	100	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07749	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-19-2024	7.9900%	Nov-29-2029	900	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07756	Non-convertible debenture	Oct-24-2024	7.8800%	Nov-28-2030	800	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07764	Non-convertible debenture	Dec-02-2024	7.9300%	Dec-05-2030	502	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07772	Non-convertible debenture	Feb-28-2025	7.9900%	Feb-28-2037	1,000	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07780	Non-convertible debenture	Mar-19-2025	7.9300%	May-20-2032	933	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07798	Non-convertible debenture	Apr-08-2025	7.7100%	Feb-22-2035	500	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07814	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-24-2025	7.4300%	Aug-24-2030	400	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07806	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-24-2025	7.3050%	Aug-17-2030	100	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07707 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Sep-19-2024	8.1000%	Jan-24-2034	535	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07715 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Oct-24-2024	8.0700%	Jan-24-2039	125	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
INE246R07715 (reissue)	Non-convertible debenture	Jun-24-2025	8.0700%	Jan-24-2039	50	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
NA*	Non-convertible debenture	NA	NA	NA	15,232	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
NA*	Non-convertible debenture programme (zero coupon bonds)	NA	NA	NA	7,000	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
NA*	Commercial paper	NA	NA	NA	2,500	[ICRA]A1+

Source: Company; * Yet to be placed/unutilised; [!] Staggered equal maturity from 6th year; [@] Staggered equal maturity from 6th year; [#] Staggered equal maturity from 6th year; [^] Staggered equal maturity from 8th year; [&] Staggered equal maturity from 8th year

Annexure II: List of entities considered for consolidated analysis

Not applicable

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ICRA Limited



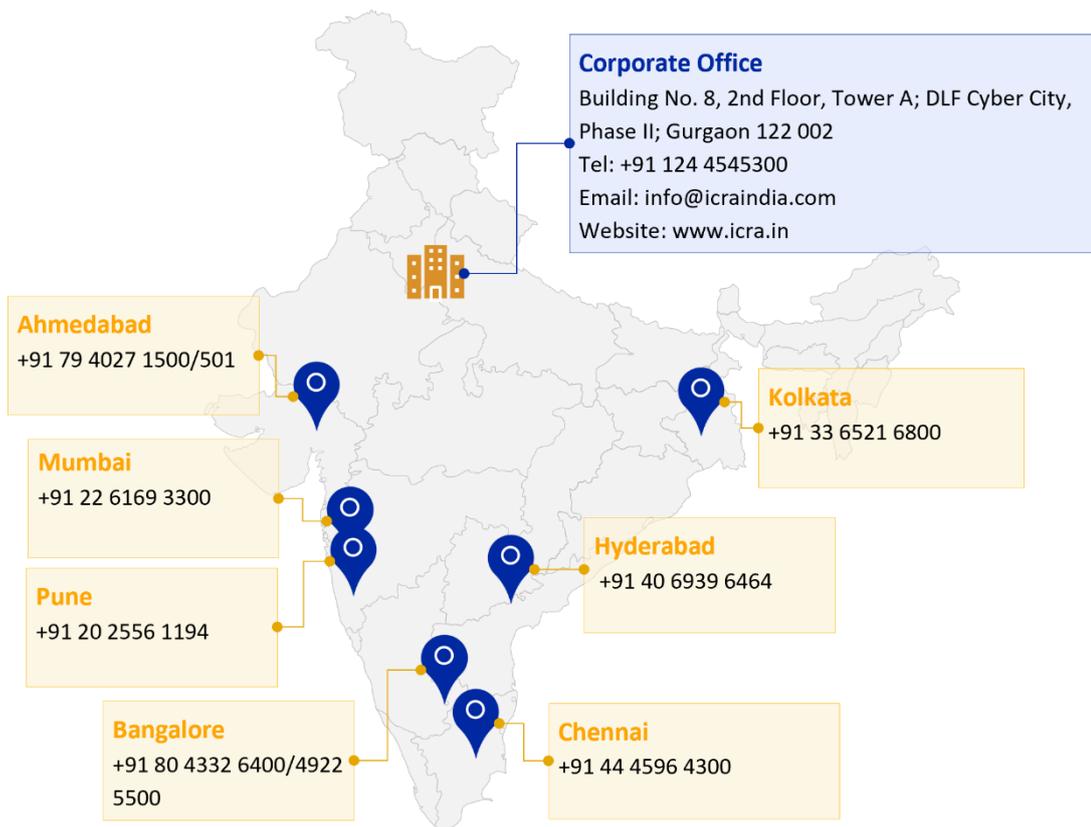
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Branches



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Ref No: ICRA/NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited/03092025/2

Date: September 03, 2025

Mr. Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower,
Gn Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra East,
Mumbai - 400051

Dear Sir,

Re: ICRA's credit rating for below mentioned instruments of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Please refer to your request to revalidate the rating letter issued for the below mentioned instruments.

We confirm that the following ratings of the instruments rated by ICRA and last communicated to you vide our letter dated **July 22, 2025** stand valid.

Instrument	Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating ¹
Non-convertible debenture programme (zero coupon bonds)	7,000.00*	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
Non-convertible debenture programme	38,500.00^	[ICRA]AAA (Stable)
Total	45,500.00	

Note: * Rs. 7,000.00 crore yet to be placed as on September 03, 2025; ^ Rs. 15,232.00 crore yet to be placed as on September 03, 2025

The other terms and conditions for the rating of the aforementioned instrument shall remain the same as communicated vide our letters dated **July 22, 2025** (Ref No: ICRA/NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited/22072025/2).

The rating, as aforesaid, however, should not be treated as a recommendation to buy, sell or hold long term debt/non-convertible debenture to be issued by you.

In line with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD-3/P/CIR/2024/160 dated November 18, 2024, issuers are encouraged to utilize the penny-drop verification service as provided by banks. This measure is intended to prevent payment failures when disbursing principal and/or interest to respective investors or debenture holders.

Penny-drop verification serves as an efficient method for confirming the bank account details of persons designated to receive payments. Once an account has been verified through this facility, it can be used for subsequent transactions related to interest and principal payments, thereby ensuring successful remittance and avoiding failure.

We look forward to further strengthening our existing relationship and assure you of our best services.

With kind regards,
Yours sincerely,
For ICRA Limited

AGAPPA Digitally signed
by AGAPPA
MANI MANI KARTHIK
KARTHIK Date: 2025.09.03
12:28:53 +05'30'

A M Karthik
Senior Vice President
a.karthik@icraindia.com

¹ Complete definitions of the ratings assigned are available at www.icra.in.

Ref No: ICRA/NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited/03092025/1

Date: September 03, 2025

Mr. Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

3rd Floor, UTI Tower,
Gn Block, Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra East,
Mumbai - 400051

Dear Sir,

Re: ICRA's credit rating for below mentioned instruments of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Please refer to your request to revalidate the rating for the below mentioned instruments.

We confirm that the following ratings of the instruments rated by ICRA and last communicated to you vide our letter dated **July 22, 2025**, stands valid.

Instrument	Rated Amount (Rs. crore)	Rating ¹
Commercial paper programme	2,500.00	[ICRA]A1+

We wish to highlight the following with respect to the Rating(s):

- If the instrument rated, as above, is not issued by you within a period of 3 months from the date of this letter, the Rating(s) would need to be revalidated before issuance;
- Subject to Clause (c) below, once the instrument is issued, the rating is valid throughout the life of the captioned programme (which shall have a maximum maturity of twelve months from the date of the issuance of the instrument).
- Notwithstanding anything contain in clause (b) above, ICRA reserves the right to review and/or, revise the above rating at any time on the basis of new information or unavailability of information or such circumstances, which ICRA believes, may have an impact on the aforesaid rating assigned to you.

The Rating(s), as aforesaid, however, should not be treated as a recommendation to buy, sell or hold CP issued by you. The Rating(s) is restricted to the rated amount mentioned in the letter dated **July 22, 2025**. In case, you propose to enhance the size of the rated instrument, the same would require to be rated afresh. ICRA does not assume any responsibility on its part, for any liability, that may arise consequent to your not complying with any eligibility criteria, applicable from time to time, for issuance of rated instrument.

The other terms and conditions for the rating of the captioned instrument shall remain the same as were communicated vide our letter **Ref No: ICRA/NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited/22072025/1** dated **July 22, 2025**.

The Rating(s) assigned must be understood solely as an opinion and should not be treated, or cause to be treated, as recommendation to buy, sell, or hold the rated Instrument issued/availed by your company.

In line with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/DDHS/DDHS-PoD-3/P/CIR/2024/160 dated November 18, 2024, issuers are encouraged to utilize the penny-drop verification service as provided by banks. This measure is intended to prevent payment failures when disbursing principal and/or interest to respective investors or debenture holders.

Penny-drop verification serves as an efficient method for confirming the bank account details of persons designated to receive payments. Once an account has been verified through this facility, it can be used for subsequent transactions related to interest and principal payments, thereby ensuring successful remittance and avoiding failure.

We look forward to further strengthening our existing relationship and assure you of our best services.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

For ICRA Limited

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A M Karthik

Senior Vice President

a.karthik@icraindia.com

¹ Complete definitions of the ratings assigned are available at www.icra.in.

Rating Rationale

August 07, 2025 | Mumbai

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

'Crisil AAA/Stable' assigned to Zero Coupon Bonds

Rating Action

Rs.5000 Crore Zero Coupon Bonds	Crisil AAA/Stable (Assigned)
Rs.3500 Crore Non Convertible Debentures	Crisil AAA/Stable (Reaffirmed)
Rs.1500 Crore Non Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	Crisil AAA/Stable (Reaffirmed)

Note: None of the Directors on Crisil Ratings Limited's Board are members of rating committee and thus do not participate in discussion or assignment of any ratings. The Board of Directors also does not discuss any ratings at its meetings.

1 crore = 10 million

Refer to Annexure for Details of Instruments & Bank Facilities

Detailed Rationale

Crisil Ratings has assigned its '**Crisil AAA/Stable**' rating to Rs 5,000 crore of zero-coupon bonds of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (NIIF IFL). Ratings on existing debt instruments have been reaffirmed at '**Crisil AAA/Stable**'

One of the key drivers for NIIF IFL's credit rating is the tight, well-defined regulatory and operating framework designed specifically for infrastructure debt funds set up through the non-banking finance company route (IDF-NBFCs). This regulatory structure, coupled with an expectation of prudent management policies, lends significant predictability and stability to NIIF IFL's business profile. This emanates from

- a clear and focused business model resulting in limited asset quality risks
- limited asset liability mismatch

Capitalisation and leverage ratio also remain an important drivers of the credit risk profile of NIIF IFL. As per the regulatory framework, the fundamental element of asset protection through lending to operational projects (with at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations) enables IDF-NBFCs to operate at a higher leverage than other NBFCs. NIIF IFL had a gearing of 5.4 times as on March 31, 2025 (5.1 times as on March 31, 2024) and is expected to remain below 9 times. Crisil Ratings believes the leverage level provides healthy capital coverage against potential asset-side risks.

NIIF IFL was the largest IDF-NBFC in India as on March 31, 2025. The company's loan book grew by around 15% to Rs 25,390 crore as on March 31, 2025, from Rs 22,118 crore as on March 31, 2024. With regard to portfolio composition, renewable energy projects aggregate to 65% of the loan book, followed by transport & logistics (16%), communication (9%) and others (10%). As on March 31, 2025, the Government of India (GoI) holds around 25.1% stake in the Company, the Strategic Opportunities Fund (SOF), managed by National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (NIIF), directly holds around 39.7% and indirectly holds an additional 30.8% through Aseem Infrastructure Finance Ltd (AIFL) and HDFC Bank Ltd owns the balance 4.4%. GoI has committed Rs 6,000 crore of equity under Atmanirbhar Bharat 3.0, across AIFL and NIIF IFL, of which around Rs 1,700 crore has been utilised.

With regards to the resource profile, the Company plans to raise zero coupon bonds to further widen the investor franchise and attract new class of investors. As per CBDT guidelines, the Company needs to maintain separate sinking fund to provide an additional layer of security to investors. However, zero coupon and premium on redemption structure provides better post tax return to investors as well as lower cost of borrowing for NIIF IFL.

The ratings on the NCRPS instrument factor in the payment structure of the instrument – specifically that dividend can be paid by the Company even in a year in which they are not profitable, to the extent that there are free reserves available. Based on the instrument structure, NIIF IFL has undertaken to declare dividend, if applicable, even if they report losses for any year, out of the available free reserves, subject to extant regulations and relevant approvals. Crisil Ratings believes that the company's free reserves, going forward, are likely to remain adequate to enable payout of dividend throughout the tenor of the instrument

Analytical Approach

To arrive at the ratings, Crisil Ratings has considered the standalone business and financial risk profile of NIIF IFL.

Key Rating Drivers & Detailed Description

Strengths:

Focused and predictable business model resulting in robust asset quality: As per regulations, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to refinance only infrastructure projects that have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations and have recently been permitted to finance toll operate transfer (TOT) projects as the direct lender. As a result, projects financed by IDF-NBFCs do not carry any construction risk and are already generating cash flows. Accordingly,

project related construction and execution risks for NIIF IFL are nil. The company has a good track record of operations, as reflected by the robust asset quality with nil overdue loans since inception.

The Company has strong portfolio monitoring processes in place to regularly track the performance of the portfolio. The company refinances only projects that are rated investment grade and above. The average internal rating of the overall portfolio is in the 'A' category as on March 31, 2025.

The guidelines for IDF-NBFCs which were revised in fiscal 2024, provide flexibility to the hitherto closed-box structure of their business model. The requirement of a tripartite agreement (which ensures a priority charge from a government-backed project authority) for projects in certain PPP sectors (roads, ports, airports), where there was a project authority, is no longer mandatory for IDF NBFCs.

In 2015, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) permitted IDF-NBFCs to refinance both PPP and non-PPP infrastructure projects that have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations. While all senior lenders (including IDFs) have the credit enhancement mechanism of access to termination payments in all concession-based PPP projects, the tripartite mechanism (which provides a priority charge on termination payments) is no longer required for IDF-NBFCs. This could expose them to the residual risk (after obtaining termination payments which typically covers ~ 75% of debt) in these projects. However, not all projects financed would have a structured termination clause in their agreement. Such risks are mitigated by the company's prudent underwriting norms, rigorous project selection, monitoring processes, fixed rate financing (which reduces interest rate risk) and refinancing with longer tenor etc. Further, the asset quality of such operational projects is expected to remain stable, given these are already operational with track record, are already generating cash flows and are entirely secured via charge on assets, contracts, cashflows/bank accounts and ownership.

Furthermore, given that IDF-NBFCs are permitted (since 2015) to refinance operational projects across the infrastructure spectrum, it has resulted in greater diversification in the portfolio of NIIF IFL, across both sectors and projects.

In line with the strategy till date, the company proposes to consider refinancing only those operational projects with a satisfactory investment grade rating and sectors with a robust track record. According to the company's business plan, PPP infrastructure projects that are satisfactorily operational for over 1 year (which qualify for a lower regulatory risk weight of 50%) are expected to form approximately 40-50% of the portfolio over the medium term. A large proportion of assets are expected to continue to be primarily in the green energy segment (solar and wind power projects), which is a strategic focus area for the company, given its emphasis on ESG. Other sectors that the company will continue to lend to are transport (including airports, ports, roads), logistics (including warehousing), and communication (including telecom towers). The proportion of lending to sectors such as water, hospitals, hotels and data centres, is expected to remain relatively small. All these projects are expected to have minimum investment grade ratings. The company's business model is therefore expected to remain focused and predictable.

Comfortable capitalisation: Capital position is supported by the demonstrated ability of NIIF IFL to raise capital on a regular basis. The company has raised around Rs 2,457 crore of equity since inception. Resultantly, networth stood at Rs 4,326 crore as on March 31, 2025 (Rs 3,860 crore as on March 31, 2024). Gearing stood at 5.4 times as on March 31, 2025 (5.1 times as on March 31, 2024) and is expected to remain below 9 times.

Crisil Ratings expects the capital profile to remain comfortable over the medium term, supported by regular capital infusion and flexibility to raise capital.

Experienced management team and expectation of prudent policies: NIIF IFL has a strong professional management team that has been able to build the business in a niche segment. The company has hired professionals having significant experience and relevant expertise. The management has put in place strong risk management systems, processes and policies. The board of directors of NIIF IFL includes three nominee directors from SOF and three independent directors. NIIF IFL is likely to follow prudent practices in selection of projects and have an investment portfolio diversified by sector, geography, and promoter groups.

Weakness:

Exposed to concentration risks in loan portfolio: Given the wholesale nature of the business, the company has large ticket size loans in its book. As on March 31, 2025, the top 10 exposures accounted for 28% of the loan book (32% as on March 31, 2024). Hence, the portfolio remains vulnerable to slippages in any of the top exposures of the company. However, the average exposure per borrower is Rs ~133 Crore as on March 31, 2025 which is significantly lower than the regulatory concentration limits for IDF-NBFCs (30% of their tier 1 capital for a single borrower/party, and 50% of their Tier 1 capital for a single group of borrowers/parties)

Liquidity: Superior

The asset liability management of IDF NBFCs is supported by regulation that mandates at least 90% of liabilities to have minimum five years maturity. Regulation permits flexibility for IDF NBFCs to raise shorter tenure bonds and commercial papers up to 10% of the outstanding debt. NIIF IFL has demonstrated the ability to raise long tenor funds (of 5-15 years) to match long tenor project assets.

The company had comfortable liquidity in the form of cash & cash equivalents of Rs 2,187 crore as on March 31, 2025 sufficient to cover the upcoming debt repayment of Rs 1,745 crore (principal and interest) till September 2025. The asset-liability management profile as on March 31, 2025, was comfortable, with positive gaps up to at least 1 year bucket.

Outlook: Stable

Crisil Ratings believes NIIF IFL will operate within the well-defined business and financial contours, as outlined in the business plan, and will benefit from its experienced management team and prudent policies. Leverage ratio and asset

quality performance will be a key monitorable

Rating sensitivity factors

Downward factors

- Higher-than-expected increase in leverage levels (beyond 9 times) on a sustained basis
- Higher-than-expected deterioration in asset quality

About the Company

NIIF IFL is an infrastructure debt fund set up as an NBFC (infrastructure debt fund-non- banking financial company; IDF-NBFC). It was incorporated as IDFC Infra Debt Fund Ltd (IDFC IDF). The company received approval from the RBI in September 2014 and commenced business on January 16, 2015. On January 10, 2017, the Company changed its name from IDFC Infra Debt Fund Limited to IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited. In March 2019 National Investment and Infrastructure Fund (NIIF) Fund II acquired 58.89% equity stake in the Company and the name of the Company was changed to NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited with effect from July 11, 2019.

NIIF (the majority shareholder) is a collaborative investment platform for Indian and international investors, anchored by GoI. It invests across asset classes such as infrastructure, private equity and other diversified sectors in India, through four funds i.e. the Master Fund, Private Markets Fund (erstwhile Fund of Funds), Strategic Opportunities Fund and India-Japan Fund. GoI holds a 49% stake in NIIF Limited, and the rest is held by domestic and global institutional investors.

As on March 31, 2025, NIIF IFL had gross loans outstanding of Rs 25,390 crore (Rs 22,118 crore as on March 31, 2024).

For fiscal 2025, the company reported a profit after tax (PAT) of Rs 487 crore on total income of Rs 2,183 crore, against Rs 420 crore and Rs 1,847 crore, respectively, for the previous fiscal. For the quarter ended June 30, 2025, the company reported PAT of Rs 134 crore on total income of Rs 604 crore as against Rs 121 crore and Rs 510 crore, respectively, for the corresponding period of the previous fiscal

Key Financial Indicators

For the period ended	Unit	Mar-25	Mar-24
Total assets	Rs crore	27812	23748
Total income	Rs crore	2183	1847
Profit after tax (PAT)	Rs crore	487	420
Gross stage 3	%	Nil	Nil
Gearing	Times	5.4	5.1
Return on assets	%	1.9	2.0

Any other information

Crisil Ratings notes the intimation made by the Company on July 24, 2025, to the stock exchange regarding the resignation of the CEO due to personal reasons. The company continues to be run by a professional management team with oversight exercised by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors have appointed Chief Business Officer of the Company, as the interim Chief Executive Officer with effect from August 26, 2025, till the appointment of a new Chief Executive Officer.

Note on complexity levels of the rated instrument:

Crisil Ratings` complexity levels are assigned to various types of financial instruments and are included (where applicable) in the 'Annexure - Details of Instrument' in this Rating Rationale.

Crisil Ratings will disclose complexity level for all securities - including those that are yet to be placed - based on available information. The complexity level for instruments may be updated, where required, in the rating rationale published subsequent to the issuance of the instrument when details on such features are available.

For more details on the Crisil Ratings` complexity levels please visit www.crisilratings.com. Users may also call the Customer Service Helpdesk with queries on specific instruments.

Annexure - Details of Instrument(s)

ISIN	Name Of Instrument	Date Of Allotment	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Issue Size (Rs.Crore)	Complexity Levels	Rating Outstanding with Outlook
NA	Non Convertible Debentures [#]	NA	NA	NA	3500.00	Simple	Crisil AAA/Stable
NA	Non Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares [#]	NA	NA	NA	1500.00	Complex	Crisil AAA/Stable
NA	Zero Coupon Bonds [#]	NA	NA	NA	5000.00	Simple	Crisil AAA/Stable

[#] Yet to be issued

Annexure - Rating History for last 3 Years

	Current	2025 (History)	2024	2023	2022	Start of 2022

Instrument	Type	Outstanding Amount	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Date	Rating	Rating
Non Convertible Debentures	LT	3500.0	Crisil AAA/Stable		--	30-08-24	Crisil AAA/Stable		--		--	--
Zero Coupon Bonds	LT	5000.0	Crisil AAA/Stable		--		--		--		--	--
Non Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares	LT	1500.0	Crisil AAA/Stable		--	30-08-24	Crisil AAA/Stable		--		--	--

All amounts are in Rs.Cr.

Criteria Details

Links to related criteria

[Basics of Ratings \(including default recognition, assessing information adequacy\)](#)

[Criteria for Finance and Securities companies \(including approach for financial ratios\)](#)

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For more information, visit www.crisilratings.com

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It is India's foremost provider of ratings, data, research, analytics and solutions with a strong track record of growth, culture of innovation, and global footprint.

It has delivered independent opinions, actionable insights, and efficient solutions to over 100,000 customers through businesses that operate from India, the US, the UK, Argentina, Poland, China, Hong Kong and Singapore.

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RL/IDIDFL/374057/NCDPS/0925/128114/168550696
September 04, 2025



Mr. Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E),
Mumbai City - 400051

Dear Mr. Sudeep Bhatia,

Re: Crisil Rating on the Rs.3500 Crore Non Convertible Debentures of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

All ratings assigned by Crisil Ratings are kept under continuous surveillance and review.

Please refer to our rating letter dated August 08, 2025 bearing Ref. no: RL/IDIDFL/374057/NCD/0825/126442/168550697

Rating outstanding on the captioned debt instruments is "Crisil AAA/Stable" (pronounced as "Crisil triple A rating" with Stable outlook). Securities with this rating are considered to have the highest degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such securities carry lowest credit risk.

In the event of your company not making the issue within a period of 180 days from the above date, or in the event of any change in the size or structure of your proposed issue, a fresh letter of revalidation from Crisil Ratings will be necessary.

As per our Rating Agreement, Crisil Ratings would disseminate the rating along with outlook through its publications and other media, and keep the rating along with outlook under surveillance for the life of the instrument. Crisil Ratings reserves the right to withdraw, or revise the rating / outlook assigned to the captioned instrument at any time, on the basis of new information, or unavailability of information, or other circumstances which Crisil Ratings believes may have an impact on the rating. Please visit www.crisilratings.com and search with the name of the rated entity to access the latest rating/s.

As per SEBI circular (reference number: CIR/IMD/DF/17/2013; dated October 22, 2013) on centralized database for corporate bonds/debentures, you are required to provide international securities identification number (ISIN; along with the reference number and the date of the rating letter) of all bond/debenture issuances made against this rating letter to us. The circular also requires you to share this information with us within 2 days after the allotment of the ISIN. We request you to mail us all the necessary and relevant information at debtissue@crisil.com. This will enable Crisil Ratings to verify and confirm to the depositories, including NSDL and CDSL, the ISIN details of debt rated by us, as required by SEBI. Feel free to contact us at debtissue@crisil.com for any clarification you may need.

Should you require any clarification, please feel free to get in touch with us.

With warm regards,

Yours sincerely,

Aesha Maru
Associate Director - Crisil Ratings

Nivedita Shibu
Director - Crisil Ratings



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RL/IDIDFL/374057/NCDPS/0925/128114/168550696
September 04, 2025



Mr. Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E),
Mumbai City - 400051

Dear Mr. Sudeep Bhatia,

Re: Crisil Rating on the Rs.1500 Crore Non Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

All ratings assigned by Crisil Ratings are kept under continuous surveillance and review.

Please refer to our rating letter dated August 08, 2025 bearing Ref. no: RL/IDIDFL/374057/NCDPS/0825/126440/168550696

Rating outstanding on the captioned debt instruments is "Crisil AAA/Stable" (pronounced as "Crisil triple A rating" with Stable outlook). Securities with this rating are considered to have the highest degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such securities carry lowest credit risk.

In the event of your company not making the issue within a period of 180 days from the above date, or in the event of any change in the size or structure of your proposed issue, a fresh letter of revalidation from Crisil Ratings will be necessary.

As per our Rating Agreement, Crisil Ratings would disseminate the rating along with outlook through its publications and other media, and keep the rating along with outlook under surveillance for the life of the instrument. Crisil Ratings reserves the right to withdraw, or revise the rating / outlook assigned to the captioned instrument at any time, on the basis of new information, or unavailability of information, or other circumstances which Crisil Ratings believes may have an impact on the rating. Please visit www.crisilratings.com and search with the name of the rated entity to access the latest rating/s.

As per SEBI circular (reference number: CIR/IMD/DF/17/2013; dated October 22, 2013) on centralized database for corporate bonds/debentures, you are required to provide international securities identification number (ISIN; along with the reference number and the date of the rating letter) of all bond/debenture issuances made against this rating letter to us. The circular also requires you to share this information with us within 2 days after the allotment of the ISIN. We request you to mail us all the necessary and relevant information at debtissue@crisil.com. This will enable Crisil Ratings to verify and confirm to the depositories, including NSDL and CDSL, the ISIN details of debt rated by us, as required by SEBI. Feel free to contact us at debtissue@crisil.com for any clarification you may need.

Should you require any clarification, please feel free to get in touch with us.

With warm regards,

Yours sincerely,

Aesha Maru
Associate Director - Crisil Ratings

Nivedita Shibu
Director - Crisil Ratings



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CONFIDENTIAL

RL/IDIDFL/374057/ZEROCBOND/0925/128112/168556077
September 04, 2025

Mr. Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited
3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E),
Mumbai City - 400051

Dear Mr. Sudeep Bhatia,

Re: Crisil Rating on the Rs. 5000 Crore Zero Coupon Bonds of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

All ratings assigned by Crisil Ratings are kept under continuous surveillance and review.

Please refer to our rating letter dated August 08, 2025 bearing Ref. no:
RL/IDIDFL/374057/ZEROCBOND/0825/126443/168556077

Rating outstanding on the captioned debt instruments is "Crisil AAA/Stable" (pronounced as "Crisil triple A rating" with Stable outlook). Securities with this rating are considered to have the highest degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligations. Such securities carry lowest credit risk.

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Should you require any clarification, please feel free to get in touch with us.

With warm regards,

Yours sincerely,

Aesha Maru
Associate Director - Crisil RatingsNivedita Shibu
Director - Crisil Ratings

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Annexure III

Broad Lending and Borrowing Policy

Lending

The Company is a registered IDF-NBFC and is regulated by Reserve Bank of India (RBI). The operations of the Company are governed by Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 and other guidelines/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time and extant Government policies/ notifications/ rules on Infrastructure Debt Funds (IDFs) registered as Non-Banking Financing Companies (NBFCs). The policies and operating parameters adopted by the Company will be compliant with these guidelines/circulars.

As per the extant guidelines issued by RBI, IDF-NBFCs are permitted to (i) refinance post commencement operation date (COD) infrastructure projects that have completed at least one year of satisfactory commercial operations; and (ii) finance toll operate transfer (TOT) projects

Infrastructure projects are classified as Public Private Partnerships (PPP) or non-PPP based on the definitions of the Department of Economic Affairs (DEA), Ministry of Finance (MoF), Government of India (GoI). PPP projects could be with or without a project authority.

The products offered by the Company are term loans and Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs). The company endeavours to provide long tenor facilities with fixed interest rates (reset ~5/ 10 years), depending on transaction specific requirements, market conditions and cost of funds. The Company may subscribe to or invest in listed / unlisted NCDs/ permitted instruments of the borrowers. The Company may refinance projects that have investment grade credit ratings.

As per the extant guidelines of RBI, the maximum exposure that the Company (being an IDF-NBFC) can take on individual borrower/party, shall be 30% of the Tier 1 capital and for a single Group of borrowers/parties shall be 50% of the Tier 1 capital. The above exposure norms shall stand revised as per the guidelines that may be issued by RBI from time to time. The Company may provide refinancing to a single promoter group, lower than regulatory norms, based on internal assessment of groups, from time to time.

Portfolio Monitoring

Monitoring and supervision of the facilities extended by the Company is an activity of vital importance with the following broad objectives:

- Ensuring compliance with covenants in the financing documents.
- Collection and monitoring of data relating to the physical and financial performance of assisted companies;
- Watch for early signs of improvement/ deterioration in credit quality;
- Work on an early action plan to preserve credit quality and prevent slippage of accounts;
- Annual site visits
- Auditors'/ Chartered Accountant's certificate for end-use of funds.
- Trust and Retention mechanism as applicable.

Borrowing

The Company borrows from debt capital market with an objective of meeting the ongoing funding requirement of the company to support its balance sheet growth, including managing liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The Company is permitted to raise funds by way of rupee or dollar denominated Bonds of minimum 5 (five) years tenure. From April 21, 2016, IDF-NBFCs have been permitted by RBI to raise funds through shorter tenor bonds and commercial papers (CPs) from the domestic market to the extent of up to 10% of their total outstanding borrowings. Further, IDF-NBFCs are required to follow applicable fund-raising and other guidelines/provisions of Companies Act, RBI/SEBI/ Income tax Rules.

RBI vide its circular dated November 10, 2023, permitted IDF-NBFCs to raise funds through external commercial borrowings (ECBs) from institutions other than foreign branches of Indian banks. Such borrowings shall be subject to minimum tenor of five years. Also, IDF-NBFCs shall also be required to adhere to guidelines issued by the foreign exchange department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Lodha & Company
6, Karim Chambers
40, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Fort
Mumbai – 400 001
Email: Mumbai@lodhaco.com

M. P. Chitale & Co.
1st Floor, Hamam House
Ambalal Doshi Marg, Fort
Mumbai – 400 001
Email: office@mpchitale.com

Independent Auditors' Report

**To the Members of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited ("the Company"), which comprises of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's response
1.	Impairment of financial assets – Provision for expected credit losses as on March 31, 2023 for loans carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs. 124.88 Crores [As at March 31, 2022 – Rs. 99.40 Crores] [Refer Note no. 2 & 31.3 to the Financial Statements]	Audit Procedure performed: We performed the following audit procedures: ✓ Performed process walkthroughs to identify the key systems, applications and controls used in the impairment allowance processes.



<p>Ind AS 109 - "Financial instruments" (Ind AS 109) requires the Company to provide for impairment of its financial assets (designated as amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach.</p> <p>The recognition and measurement of ECL on financial instrument involves significant judgement and estimates.</p> <p>(i) Data Input – The application of ECL model requires several data inputs to calculate Probability of Default ("PDs") and Loss Given Default ("LGD"). The increased risk relating to the completeness and accuracy of the data considered to create assumptions in the model.</p> <p>(ii) Model estimations – Judgmental model used to estimate ECL which involves determination of Probability of Default (PD), Loss given default (LGD), Exposure at default (EAD) and management overlay.</p> <p>(iii) Completeness and accuracy of the data from internal and external sources used in the Models.</p> <p>Considering the significance of ECL to the overall standalone financial statements and the degree of Management's estimates and judgements involved in this matter that requires significant auditors' attention. We have considered the expected credit loss allowance on financial assets to be a key audit matter.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Testing the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the completeness and accuracy of data, inputs, assumptions into the Ind AS 109 Impairment model. ✓ Reviewed the Board approved loss allowance policy and verified the alignment of methodology adopted for computation of ECL that addresses the policies approved by the Board of Directors ✓ We tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans and advances based on their past-due status. ✓ Evaluated whether the methodology applied by the Company is compliant with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards, RBI's master directions relating to Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances and confirmed that the calculations are performed in accordance with the approved methodology. ✓ We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the computation of ECL provision performed by the Company in spreadsheets. ✓ Assessing whether the disclosures on key judgements, assumptions and quantitative data with respect to impairment loss allowance in financial statements are appropriate and sufficient. ✓ We have also obtained management representations wherever considered necessary
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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Board Report including annexures to the Board report but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



When we read the Board report including annexures to the Board report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that individually or in aggregate makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work and (ii) to evaluate the effect of and identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company for the previous year ended March 31, 2022 were audited by Lodha & Company, Chartered Accountants, being the sole auditors and had expressed an unmodified opinion vide their report dated May 06, 2022 on such financial statements. This report has been relied upon by M. P. Chitale & Co. (Joint Auditors) for the purpose of the audit of the financial statements. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. Pursuant to the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records.
- (c) The Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- (e) On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on records by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a Directors in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Sec 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

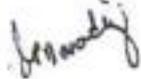
According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

- (h) With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial performance in its financial statements. [Refer note no 27 to financial statements]
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.



- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under sub clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of The Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as provided under (a) and (b) above, contains any material misstatement. [Refer note 33(g) and (h) to the financial statements.]
- v. The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the financial year 2022-23. Accordingly, reporting under rule 11 (f) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

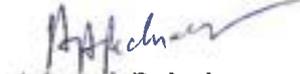
For LODHA & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 301051E



R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101
UDIN: 23044101BGTQZE7206

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023

For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 101851W



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037
UDIN: 23041037BGPVNR8925



Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023



Annexure "A" referred to in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:

- i. (a) In respect of Company's Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Intangible Assets:

The Company has maintained proper records, showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of PPE and relevant details of right-of-use assets.

- A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
B. During the year, the management has carried out physical verification of all the PPE. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable considering the size of the Company and nature of its PPE. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deed of the immovable property disclosed in the financial statements included under PPE are held in the erstwhile name of the Company.

- (c) The Company has not revalued any of its PPE (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2023 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended, and rules made thereunder and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. [Refer note no. 33(c) to the financial statements]

- ii. (a) The Company is engaged in providing financial services primarily into non-banking financial services (NBFC). Accordingly, it does not hold any inventories and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores on the basis of security of current assets by banks and financial institutions during the year and hence reporting under of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- iii. In respect of Investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:

- (a) The Company is engaged in providing financial services primarily into non-banking financial services (NBFC) and hence reporting under Clause 3(iii)(a) and 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investments, nor given any guarantee or nor provided any security during the year. In respect of the loans granted during the year, having regard to the nature of business carried on by the Company, the terms and conditions thereof are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

- (c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as stipulated.



- (d) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year either payable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, no deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 have been accepted by the Company and hence reporting under Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and to the best of our knowledge, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for the services of the Company and hence reporting under Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, custom duty, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues mentioned in clause vii (a) which have been not deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and hence reporting under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) Based on our audit procedures and on the basis of information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the repayment of interest thereon to the lenders and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) On the basis of information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans (by way of issuance of non-convertible debentures) have been applied for the purposes they have been raised and have been temporarily invested in fixed deposits and mutual funds with Banks until its deployment for the stated purposes.
- (d) The Company has not raised any short - term funds during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint venture and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has utilized the monies raised by way of debt instruments (by way of issuance of non-convertible



- debentures) for the purposes for which they were raised. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer during the year.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, there were no preferential allotment and private placement of shares and debentures during the year.
- xii. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
- (b) During the year, no report under sub section 12 of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed in rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) Based on our audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle blower complaints were received during the year by the Company and hence provisions of clause 3(xi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and all the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards. (Refer note no. 32 of the financial statements)
- xv. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
- xvi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions prescribed under Section 192 of the Act with directors or persons connected with them during the year.
- xvii. (a) The Company being a NBFC- IDF is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (b) Since, the Company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) In our opinion, the Company is not a Core Investment Company and there is no core investment company within the "Companies in the Group" as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xix. There has not been a resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and it should not be construed as a guarantee or assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts unspent in respect of corporate social responsibility towards ongoing or other than ongoing projects and hence reporting under clause 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. Since the Company did not have any subsidiary, joint venture or an associate, it is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements and hence reporting under Clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For LODHA & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 301051E

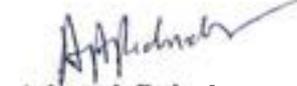


R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101
UDIN: 23044101BGTQZE7206

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023



For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 101851W



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037
UDIN: 23041037BGPVNR8925



Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023

Annexure "B" referred to in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the entity are being made



only in accordance with authorisations of management (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the entity's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements and (4) also provide reasonable assurance by the internal auditors through their internal audit reports given to the organisation from time to time.

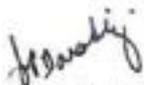
Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, broadly in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential Component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

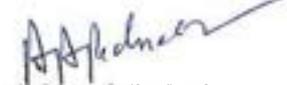
For LODHA & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 301051E


R. P. Baradiya

Partner
Membership No. 044101
UDIN: 23044101BGTQZE7206

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023

For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm registration No. – 101851W


Ashutosh Pednekar

Partner
Membership No. 041037
UDIN: 23041037BGPVNR8925

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 28, 2023



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Crs)	
		As at	As at
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
ASSETS			
I Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	1	533.58	1,241.55
(b) Loans	2	17,717.01	14,093.00
(c) Other financial assets	3	0.29	0.25
		18,250.88	15,334.80
II Non Financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	4	147.65	115.22
(b) Property, plant and equipment	5a	0.48	0.65
(c) Right of use assets	5b	5.75	-
(d) Intangible asset under development	5c	0.28	0.85
(e) Intangible assets	5d	0.88	-
(f) Other non-financial assets	6	0.50	1.58
		155.54	118.30
Total assets		18,406.42	15,453.10
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
I Financial liabilities			
(a) Payables			
(I) Trade payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	7	0.02	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		0.65	0.78
(II) Other payables			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	8	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		3.32	3.03
(b) Debt Securities	9	14,949.81	12,322.74
(c) Lease liabilities	10 (a)	5.95	-
(d) Other financial liabilities	10 (b)	2.38	7.68
		14,962.13	12,334.23
II Non-Financial liabilities			
(a) Provisions	11	2.87	2.00
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	12	1.69	1.93
		4.56	3.93
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	13A	1,030.28	1,030.28
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	13A	678.74	878.74
(c) Other equity	13B	1,530.71	1,205.92
		3,439.73	3,114.94
Total liabilities and equity		18,406.42	15,453.10

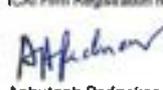
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E


R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101



For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 121851W

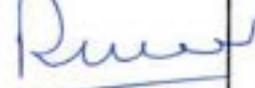

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



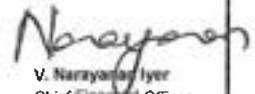
Place: Mumbai
Date: 28th April, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited


Surya Prakash Rao Pendya
Chairman


Rajiv Dhar
Director


Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer


V. Narayanaswamy
Chief Financial Officer


Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Statement of Profit and Loss for year ended March 31, 2023

(₹ in Crs)

	Notes	For year ended March 31, 2023	For year ended March 31, 2022
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	14	1,397.08	977.19
Fees and commission income	15 (a)	5.19	-
Net gain on fair value changes	15 (b)	1.85	-
I Total revenue from operations		1,404.12	977.19
II Other income	16	0.11	7.12
III Total income (I+II)		1,404.23	984.31
Expenses			
Finance costs	17	1,017.01	676.97
Fees and commission expense	18	0.16	0.36
Impairment on financial instruments	19	25.47	46.13
Employee benefits expenses	20	21.56	14.81
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	5 & 21	2.37	2.43
Other expenses	22	11.92	10.36
IV Total expenses		1,078.49	751.06
V Profit before tax (III - IV)		325.74	233.25
VI Tax expense	23	-	-
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Total tax expenses		-	-
VII Profit for the year (V - VI)		325.74	233.25
VIII Other comprehensive income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		(0.95)	(0.15)
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income (A+B)		(0.95)	(0.15)
IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII)		324.79	233.10
X Earnings per equity share (nominal value of share- ₹10 each)			
Basic (₹)		2.37	2.31
Diluted (₹)		2.37	2.31

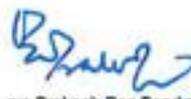
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
As per our attached report of even date

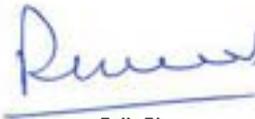
For Lodha & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E


R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101

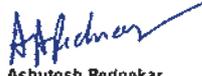


For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited


Surya Prakash Rao Paneythla
Chairman

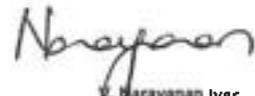

Rajiv Dhar
Director

For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W


Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037




Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer


Narayanan Iyer
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: 28th April, 2023


Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



NIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U87190MH2014PLC253944

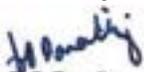
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2023

	(₹ in Crs)	
	For year ended March 31, 2023	For year ended March 31, 2022
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	325.74	233.25
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	2.37	2.43
Interest on Debt Securities - EIR Adjustments	11.03	2.97
Interest on Loan - EIR adjustment	(10.69)	(11.12)
Net gain on sale of property, plant and equipments	(0.02)	(0.02)
Write back of excess fund received	-	(2.19)
Interest lease liabilities	0.49	0.14
Impairment on financial instruments	25.47	46.13
Operating profit before working capital changes	354.39	271.59
Changes in working capital:		
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	(0.11)	0.03
(Decrease)/Increase in Other payables	0.28	(0.52)
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	(0.04)	3.56
(Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities	(5.30)	0.86
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision	0.87	1.31
Increase/(Decrease) in other non financial liabilities	(0.24)	0.28
Increase/(Decrease) Interest accrual on debt securities	102.86	77.67
(Increase)/Decrease in non-financial assets	0.13	(0.73)
(Increase)/Decrease in loans	(3,638.80)	(5,704.58)
Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations	(3,185.96)	(5,350.54)
(Payment) of tax (net)	(32.43)	(30.47)
Net Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations (A)	(3,218.39)	(5,381.01)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment/intangible assets	(1.44)	(0.97)
Sale of property, plant and equipments	0.43	0.02
Net cash flow generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(1.01)	(0.95)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of equity share capital (including Security Premium)	-	317.84
Proceeds from issuance of CCPS	-	694.15
Share issue expense	-	(0.07)
Proceeds from debt securities issued (Net)	2,513.18	4,872.17
Payment for the lease liability	(1.75)	(0.64)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (C)	2,511.43	5,883.45
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (D) = (A + B + C)	(707.97)	501.49
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Year (E)	1,241.55	740.06
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year (F) = (D) + (E)	533.58	1,241.55
Cash and cash equivalents include the following		
Cash and Balances with banks in current account	11.41	96.00
Fixed deposits with maturity less than 3 months	522.17	1,145.55
Total cash and cash equivalents	533.58	1,241.55

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)

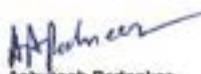
As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E


R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101



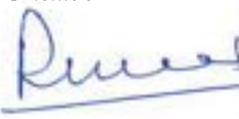
For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W


Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037

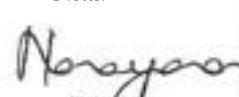


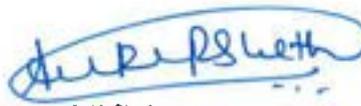
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited


Surya Prakash Rao Pindiyala
Chairman


Rajiv Dhar
Director


Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer


V. Narayanan Iyer
Chief Financial Officer


Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



Place: Mumbai
Date: 28th April, 2023

A1 Equity share capital

Notes	Number	Amount
As At March 31, 2021	91,67,30,161	916.73
Issued during the year	11,45,53,305	114.55
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	-	-
As At March 31, 2022	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28
Issued during the period	-	-
As At March 31, 2023	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28

A2 Compulsorily convertible preference share capital.

Note	Series I Number	Amount	Series II Number	Amount
As At March 31, 2021	8,75,27,757	184.66	-	-
Issued during the year	-	-	25,70,69,408	694.09
As At March 31, 2022	8,75,27,757	184.66	25,70,69,408	694.09
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
As At March 31, 2023	8,75,27,757	184.66	25,70,69,408	694.09

A3 Other equity

	Securities Premium	Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	Impairment Reserve	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	General Reserve	Total
As At March 31, 2021	344.37	87.83	0.04	336.48	0.88	769.50
Premium on shares issued	203.29	-	-	-	-	203.29
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	46.62	-	(46.62)	-	-
Share capital issue expenses	(0.07)	-	-	-	-	(0.07)
Changes in reserves due to prior period errors	-	-	-	(0.15)	-	(0.15)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	233.25	-	233.25
Profit for the year	-	-	-	622.85	-	622.85
As at March 31, 2022	547.69	134.45	0.04	622.85	0.88	1,206.92
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act 1934	-	64.96	-	(64.96)	-	-
Changes in reserves due to prior period errors	-	-	-	(0.95)	-	(0.95)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	325.74	-	325.74
Profit for the year	-	-	-	782.78	-	782.78
As At March 31, 2023	547.69	199.41	0.04	782.78	0.88	1,630.71

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E

Moodli
R. P. Baradaya
Partner
Membership No. 044101



For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashtosh Pednekar
Ashtosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Surye Prakash Nis. Pendyals
Surye Prakash Nis. Pendyals
Chairman

Shikha Rajaraman
Shikha Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Rajiv Dhar
Rajiv Dhar
Director

Ankit Sheeth
Ankit Sheeth
Company Secretary



1 Corporate information

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (Formerly IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited) ('the Company') is a public limited company, incorporated in India on March 7, 2014, under the provisions of Companies Act, applicable in India and is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC - IDF) regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The registered office of the Company is located at 3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051.

The Company has received a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC - IDF) license from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on September 22, 2014. The object of the Company is to undertake infrastructure debt fund activities i.e. mainly re-financing existing debt of infrastructure companies.

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on April 28, 2023.

As per RBI regulations, the Sponsor of the Company is M/s Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited, which is a NBFC-Infrastructure Finance Company registered with RBI. The majority shareholder is M/s National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II which is an Alternative Investment Fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

2 Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and notification for Implementation of Indian Accounting Standard vide circular RBI/2019-20/170 DOR(NBFC).CC.PD.No 109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated 13 March 2020 ('RBI Notification for Implementation of Ind AS') issued by RBI.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) is measured at fair value;
- assets held for sale – measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;

The financial statement are presented in Indian Currency (INR) and all values are rounded to nearest rupee crores except when otherwise indicated.

(iii) Order of liquidity

The Company is covered in the definition of Non-Banking Financial Company as defined in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016. Pursuant to Ind AS 1 and amendment to Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on October 11, 2018, the Company presents its balance sheet in the order of liquidity as the Company does not supply goods or services within a clearly identifiable operating cycle. A maturity analysis of recovery or settlement of assets and liabilities within 12 months after the reporting date and more than 12 months after the reporting date is presented in Note 29. The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III to the Act as amended from time to time. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' as amended from time to time.



(iv) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realized may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on its financial assets measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the above financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies such as macroeconomic scenarios and estimated recovery from collateral and board approved guidance.

Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies:

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

Determination of lease term:

Ind AS 116 – Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

B Policy on segment

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. lend/invest in Infrastructure projects. The Company also operates in a single geographical segment i.e. domestic. The chief operating decision maker (CODM) in the Company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation, is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and in the internal reporting provided to the CEO for corporate planning, there are no separate reportable segments (including geographical segments).



NIIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

C (I) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives of fixed assets.

Vehicles	4 years
Computers	3 years
Office Equipments (mobiles & Camera)	2 years
Office Equipments (Others)	5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Tenure of lease
Server/networking equipment	6 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit and loss within other gains/(losses).

(II) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets not ready for use on the date of Balance sheet is shown as Intangible assets under development.

D Leases

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low value assets. The company recognises the lease payments associated with short term leases as an expense in profit or loss.



E Impairment of non-financial asset

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

F Taxes on Income

The Company is an Infra Debt Fund - Non Banking Finance Company (IDF - NBFC) registered with the Reserve Bank of India on September 22, 2014. The income of the Company, being IDF-NBFC, is exempt under section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, from with effect from financial year 2019-20.

G Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss). Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Classification of financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories.

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit and loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit and loss or other comprehensive income.

Debt Instruments

For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the classification of debt instruments depending on:

- (i) the Company's business model for managing the asset; and
- (ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset (SPPI).

Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- how the asset's performance and the business model is evaluated and reported to key management personnel
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model and how these risks are assessed and managed
- how managers are compensated.

Solely Payment of Principal and Interest ("SPPI") Assessment

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financials to identify whether they meet the SPPI test, where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, the Company assesses whether the financial instruments cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (the 'SPPI test'). In making this assessment, the Company considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.



Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Company measures all equity investments at fair value through profit and loss, except where the Company's management has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to profit and loss, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognised in profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Gains and losses on equity investments at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement**Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost e.g. Debentures, Bonds etc. The assets held under amortised costs are not traded/sold, except for management of concentration risk or for any such similar exigency to protect the value of asset. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in investment income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income: Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit and loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair value through profit and loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through OCI, are measured at fair value through profit and loss e.g. investments in mutual funds. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised in profit and loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Interest Income

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset (i.e. its amortised cost before any impairment allowance). The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees. When the Company revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial asset is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognised in profit and loss. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial asset cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Interest income from Fixed Deposits placed with banks is recognised on accrual basis by the Company.

Fees and Commission Income

Fee income is recognised when the Company satisfies the performance obligation, at fair value of the consideration received or receivable based the requirement of Ind AS 115 unless included in the EIR. The fees included in this part of the statement of profit and loss include other fees charged for servicing a loan, non-utilisation fees relating to loan commitments when it is unlikely that these will result in a specific lending arrangement and advisory fee.

Modification of loans

The Company sometimes renegotiates or otherwise modifies the contractual cash flows of loans to customers. When this happens, the Company assesses whether or not the new terms are substantially different to the original terms. The Company does this by considering, among others, the following factors:

- (i) if the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay.
- (ii) whether any substantial new terms are introduced, such as a profit share/equity-based return that substantially affects the risk profile of the loan.
- (iii) significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty.
- (iv) significant change in the interest rate.
- (v) change in the currency the loan is denominated in.
- (vi) insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan.

If the terms are substantially different, the Company derecognises the original financial asset and recognises a 'new' asset at fair value and recalculates a new effective interest rate for the asset. The date of renegotiation is consequently considered to be the date of initial recognition for impairment calculation purposes, including for the purpose of determining whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred. However, the Company also assesses whether the new financial asset recognised is deemed to be credit-impaired at initial recognition, especially in circumstances where the renegotiation was driven by the debtor being unable to make the originally agreed payments. Differences in the carrying amount are also recognised in profit and loss as a gain or loss on derecognition.

If the terms are not substantially different, the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition, and the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount based on the revised cash flows of the financial asset and recognises a modification gain or loss in profit and loss. The new gross carrying amount is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original effective interest rate.



De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets, or a portion thereof, are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the assets have expired, or when they have been transferred and either

- (i) the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, or
- (ii) the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the Company has not retained control.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit and loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit and loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity:

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The Company has issued Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) - Tranche I & Tranche II in March'21 & March'22 respectively. The CCPS do not carry any voting rights. The CCPS are not redeemable & each CCPS shall be converted into one equity share of ₹10 each upon induction of a new investor or expiry of 3 (Three) years from the date of issuance of First Tranche CCPS (30 March 2021), whichever is earlier. CCPS have liquidation preference over Equity Shares, in accordance with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities (including borrowings and debt securities) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial liability. The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.

Interest expenses on Financials Liabilities

The Interest Expenses on Financial liabilities along with amortisation of transaction costs incurred are recognised as Finance Cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit and loss. If the exchange or modification is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified liability.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the group or the counterparty.

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility. The details are available in Note 34 to the financial statements.



H Impairment - Expected Credit Loss Measurement

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with loans and debentures carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Refer Note 31.3 for details of impairment methodology applied by the Company.

I Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

J Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

K Employee benefits

Defined contribution benefits include provident fund, superannuation fund. Defined Employee benefits includes gratuity fund, compensated absences and long term incentive plans.

Defined contribution plan

The Company pays contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund and pension fund as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Defined benefit plan

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit and loss as past service cost.

Compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next 12 months is treated as short term compensated absences and the accumulated leave which are carried forward beyond 12 months are treated as long term compensated absences. Compensated absences are provided for, based on actuarial valuation report as short term and long term compensated absences. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method as at the reporting date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employee renders the related service. The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.



Long-term employee benefits

The Company has a long term incentive plan which is paid in three annual tranches. The Company accounts for the liability as per an actuarial valuation report. The actuarial valuation of the long term incentives liability is calculated based on certain assumptions, as per the projected unit credit method made at reporting period. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

L Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the group
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year, conversion of mandatorily convertible instruments from the date the contract is entered into and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

M Goods and services tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax paid, except :

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

The Company expenses off 50% of eligible input tax credit in line with applicable Goods and Services Tax laws.

N New Accounting Pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time

Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements - The amendments require companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information, together with other information, is material when it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions of primary users of general purpose financial statements

Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - The definition of a "change in accounting estimates" has been replaced with a definition of "accounting estimates". Accounting estimates are defined as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty

Ind AS 12 Income Taxes - The amendments clarify how companies account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments narrowed the scope of the Initial recognition exemption of Ind AS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Accordingly, companies will need to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising on transactions such as initial recognition of a lease and a decommissioning provision



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

1 Cash and cash equivalents	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Cash on Hand	β	-
Balance with bank:		
In current account	11.41	96.00
In deposit account (with original maturity less than 3 months)	522.17	1,145.55
Total	533.58	1,241.55

Note: The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by β. Amount of cash on hand is ₹ 5,796

2 Loans (At amortised costs)	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Term loans	13,377.29	11,201.86
Debt Securities	4,443.40	2,955.91
Total Loans (*)	17,820.69	14,157.77
Interest accrued on loans	4.38	9.46
Interest accrued on debt securities	16.82	25.17
Total Gross Loans	17,841.89	14,192.40
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(124.88)	(99.40)
Total Net Loans	17,717.01	14,093.00
(*) The loans outstanding before adjustment of Effective Interest Rate, Premium Amortisation and Discount Accretion	17,839.47	14,200.55
(a) The above amount includes:		
(i) Secured by tangible assets	17,839.47	14,200.55
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government guarantees	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	-	-
Total- Gross	17,839.47	14,200.55
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(124.88)	(99.40)
Total- Net	17,714.59	14,101.16
(b) Loans in India	17,714.59	14,101.16
(c) Loans outside India		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	-	-
Total- Net	-	-
Total [b+c]	17,714.59	14,101.16



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023****3 Other financial assets** (₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Receivables from Group Company*	0.04	-
Deposits	0.25	0.25
Total	0.29	0.25

* Refer note 32

4 Current tax assets (Net) (₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Income tax paid	147.65	115.22
Total	147.65	115.22

The Company had filed application with Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for notification as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF) from Financial year 2014-15, the year of receipt of licence from RBI as NBFC-IDF, and has been claiming tax exemption under Section 10(47) read with Rule 2F of the Income Tax Act.

The CBDT has issued a notification dated October 21, 2019 notifying the Company under Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act w.e.f. Financial year 2019-20 (i.e from the financial year starting 1st April 2019).

The Company has made an application to CBDT for review of the said notification with a request to notify it under section 10(47) of Income Tax Act with retrospective effect, i.e. w.e.f. Financial year 2014-15 (the year in which it received RBI registration as NBFC-IDF). In the interim, the tax liability from Financial year 2014-15 till financial year 2018-19 amounting to ₹ 108.01 crore had been provided for in earlier years.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

5 a Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2023	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.56	-	0.32	0.24	0.49	0.05	0.32	0.23	0.01
Computers	0.66	0.14	0.06	0.74	0.35	0.14	0.06	0.43	0.31
Office Equipments	0.15	0.09	0.02	0.22	0.10	0.04	0.01	0.13	0.09
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	-	-	1.76	1.61	0.15	-	1.76	-
Furniture	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.01	0.00	-	0.01	0.03
Total tangible assets	3.21	0.23	0.40	3.04	2.60	0.29	0.39	2.86	0.18

As at March 31, 2022	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2022	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2021	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Balance as at March 31, 2022
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.84	-	0.38	0.56	0.80	0.08	0.38	0.49	0.07
Computers	0.57	0.09	-	0.66	0.23	0.12	-	0.35	0.31
Office Equipments	0.13	0.03	0.01	0.15	0.08	0.02	-	0.10	0.05
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	-	-	1.76	1.01	0.59	-	1.61	0.15
Furniture	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.01	0.01	-	0.01	0.03
Total tangible assets	3.48	0.12	0.40	3.21	2.13	0.82	0.76	2.94	0.65

Note: The freehold land has been mortgaged in favour of Debenture Trustees against the secured debentures issued by the Company

5 b Right of use Assets

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2023	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Right of use Assets	-	7.60	-	7.60	-	1.92	-	1.92	5.71
Total	-	7.60	-	7.60	-	1.92	-	1.92	5.71

As at March 31, 2022	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2022	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2021	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Balance as at March 31, 2022
Right of use Assets	3.23	-	0.41	4.65	3.23	1.81	-	4.83	-
Total	3.23	-	0.41	4.65	3.23	1.81	-	4.86	-

5 c Intangible assets under development

Particulars	(₹ in Crs)	
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Loan Management Software	-	0.65
Risk Assessment Software	0.26	-
Total intangible assets under development	0.26	0.65

Particulars	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	-
Projects in progress	0.26	-	-	-	0.26
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	-
Projects in progress	0.65	-	-	-	0.65
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

5 d Intangible Asset

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2023	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Intangible Asset	-	0.94	-	0.94	-	0.08	-	0.08	0.86
Total Intangible Asset	-	0.94	-	0.94	-	0.08	-	0.86	0.86

As at March 31, 2022	Gross block			Balance as at March 31, 2022	Accumulated depreciation			Net block	
	Balance as at April 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals		Balance as at April 1, 2021	Depreciation charge for the year	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Balance as at March 31, 2022
Intangible Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Intangible Asset	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

6 Other non-financial assets	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Prepaid expenses	0.35	0.99
Supplier Advance	0.01	0.13
Other Advance	0.14	0.46
Total	0.50	1.58

7 Trade payables*	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.02	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.65	0.78
Total	0.67	0.78

Trade Payables ageing schedule	Outstanding as on 31, March 2023 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Particulars					
MSME	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
Others	0.51	0.14	-	-	0.65
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Payables ageing schedule	Outstanding as on 31, March 2022 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Particulars					
MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Others	0.78	-	-	-	0.78
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

8 Other payables	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3.32	3.03
Total	3.32	3.03

9 Debt Securities	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
At Amortised cost		
Debentures (Secured, non convertible)(*) fully paid up, privately placed	14,525.78	11,753.37
Commercial papers (unsecured)	-	248.20
Interest accrued but not due	424.03	321.17
Total (A)	14,949.81	12,322.74
(*) The borrowings outstanding before adjustment of unamortised fees under Effective Interest Rate	14,598.00	12,033.00
Debt securities in India	14,949.81	12,322.74
Debt securities outside India	-	-
Total (B)	14,949.81	12,322.74
Face value per debenture	10,00,000	10,00,000

Based on Original Maturity	Rate of interest range			Grand Total
	4% to 6%	6% to 8%	8% to 10%	
1) Less than 1 year	-	-	-	-
2) 1Year to 3Years	300	-	-	300
3) 3Years to 5Years	-	-	150	150
4) >5Years	-	10,731	3,417	14,148
Grand Total	300	10,731	3,567	14,598



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

10 (a) Lease liabilities		(₹ in Crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Lease liabilities	5.95	-	
Total	5.95	-	

10 (b) Other financial liabilities			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Advance receipts from borrowers	2.38	7.68	
Total	2.38	7.68	

11 Provisions		(₹ in Crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Provision for gratuity	0.19	0.43	
Provision for employee benefits	0.09	-	
Provision for compensated absences	0.43	0.68	
Provision for long term incentive plan	2.16	0.89	
Total	2.87	2.00	

12 Other non-financial liabilities		(₹ in Crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
Statutory dues	1.69	1.93	
Total	1.69	1.93	



Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

13 A Share capital

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Authorised shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,81,50,00,000	1,815 00	1,81,50,00,000	1,815 00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	8,80,95,238	185 00	8,80,95,238	185 00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	25,92,59,259	700 00	25,92,59,259	700 00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid-up shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,03,02,83,466	1,030 28	1,03,02,83,466	1,030 28
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	8,79,27,757	184 65	8,79,27,757	184 65
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	25,70,69,408	694 09	25,70,69,408	694 09
Total		<u>1,908 02</u>		<u>1,908 02</u>

(a) Movements in equity share capital.

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,03,02,83,466	1,030 28	91,57,30,161	915 73
Issued during the year	-	-	11,45,53,305	114 55
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>1,03,02,83,466</u>	<u>1,030 28</u>	<u>1,03,02,83,466</u>	<u>1,030 28</u>

(b) Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 21) Series I

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	8,79,27,757	184 65	-	-
Issued during the year	-	-	8,79,27,757	184 65
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>8,79,27,757</u>	<u>184 65</u>	<u>8,79,27,757</u>	<u>184 65</u>

Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 27) Series II

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	25,70,69,408	694 09	-	-
Issued during the year	-	-	25,70,69,408	694 09
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>25,70,69,408</u>	<u>694 09</u>	<u>25,70,69,408</u>	<u>694 09</u>

(c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

The Company has equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

- ii In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders
- iii The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. Such dividend is not recognised as a liability at the Balance Sheet date

(d) Terms / rights attached to Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)

- i The Company has issued Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) having a par value of ₹ 21 (Series I) & 27 (Series II) per share.
- ii The CCPS shall carry a pre-determined cumulative dividend rate of 0.001% per annum. In addition to the same, if the holders of Equity Shares are paid dividend in excess of 0.001% per annum, CCPS holders shall be entitled to dividend at such higher rate. The dividend shall be payable, subject to cash flow solvency, in the event the board of directors of the Company declare any dividend for the relevant year, and shall be paid in priority to Equity Shares
- iii The CCPS are not redeemable & each CCPS shall be converted into one equity share of ₹ 10 each upon induction of a new investor or expiry of 3 (Three) years from the date of issuance of First Tranche CCPS (30 March 2021), whichever is earlier
- iv Subject to Section 47(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the CCPS do not carry any voting rights
- v CCPS shall have liquidation preference over the Equity Shares, in accordance with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

(e) Details of shares held by the promoter entity

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
	-	-	-	-

(f) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company

Equity shares

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
National Investment & Infrastructure Fund II & Nominees (*)	54,63,50,979	53.03%	54,63,50,979	53.03%
Aasem Infrastructure Finance Limited	42,39,32,487	41.15%	42,39,32,487	41.15%
Housing Development Finance Corporation Limited	6,00,00,000	5.82%	6,00,00,000	5.82%

0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series I)

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
President of India (*)	8,79,27,757	100.00%	8,79,27,757	100.00%

(*) Represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India

0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series II)

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
President of India (*)	25,70,69,408	100.00%	25,70,69,408	100.00%

(*) Represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India



Notes forming part of financial statements as at March 31, 2023

13 B Other Equity

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
(a) Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	782.78	522.96
(b) Securities premium	547.59	547.59
(c) General Reserves	0.88	0.88
(d) Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	199.41	134.45
(e) Impairment Reserve	0.04	0.04
Total	1,530.71	1,205.92
(a) Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	522.96	336.48
Net profit for the year	325.74	233.25
Items of other comprehensive income	(0.95)	(0.15)
Transfer to Special Reserve u/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934	(64.96)	(48.62)
Closing balance	782.78	522.96
(b) Securities Premium		
Opening balance	547.59	344.37
Changes during the year	-	203.29
Share capital issue expenses	-	(0.07)
Closing balance	547.59	547.59
(c) General Reserve		
Opening balance	0.88	0.88
Appropriations during the year	-	-
Closing balance	0.88	0.88
(d) Special Reserve u/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934		
Opening balance	134.45	87.83
Appropriations during the year	64.96	46.62
Closing balance	199.41	134.45
(e) Impairment Reserve		
Opening balance	0.04	0.04
Appropriations during the year	-	-
Closing balance	0.04	0.04
Total	1,530.71	1,205.92

Nature and purpose of reserve

a) Securities premium

Securities premium represents the excess of issue price over face value of equity shares & compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCPS) issue during the year. As per section 52 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, expenses on issue of equity share have been adjusted against securities premium.

b) General Reserves

General Reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

c) Special reserves u/s 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934

As per section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934, every non-banking financial company (NBFC) shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent (20%) of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared. No appropriation of any sum from the reserve fund shall be made by the non-banking financial company annually.

d) Impairment Reserve

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) CC PD No.109/22 10.108/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, NBFCs are required to hold expected credit loss allowances in accordance with the provisions of IndAS 109. In parallel NBFCs are required to compute provisions as per extant prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP). Where the expected credit loss allowance computed under IndAS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs are required to appropriate the shortfall from their retained earnings to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

14 Interest Income

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
On financial assets measured at amortised costs		
Interest on loans	1,350.22	954.66
Interest on deposits with Bank	46.86	22.53
Total	1,397.08	977.19

15 (a) Fees and commission income

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Fees and commission income	5.19	-
Total	5.19	-

15 (b) Net gain on fair value changes

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Gain from Mutual fund Investment		
- Realised	1.85	-
- Unrealised	-	-
Total	1.85	-

16 Other Income

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Shared Service Cost Recovery	0.09	0.67
Profit on sale of asset	0.02	0.02
Interest on IT Refunds	-	4.14
Miscellaneous Income	-	2.29
Total	0.11	7.12

17 Finance Costs

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
On financial liabilities measured at amortised costs		
<u>Interest expense</u>		
(i) Debt securities	1,014.45	675.19
(ii) Lease Liabilities	0.49	0.14
Other borrowing cost (Rating fee & Other expenses)	2.07	1.64
Total	1,017.01	676.97

18 Fees and commission expense

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Commission paid to project authorities	0.16	0.36
Total	0.16	0.36

19 Impairment on financial instruments

	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
On financial instruments measured at amortised costs		
Term loans & Debentures	25.47	46.13
Total	25.47	46.13



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Crs)	
		Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
20	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries, wages and bonus	19.42	13.37
	Contribution to gratuity fund	0.42	0.34
	Contribution to provident and other funds	1.20	0.84
	Staff welfare expenses	0.52	0.26
	Total	21.56	14.81
21	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	0.39	0.82
	Amortisation of right to use of assets	1.92	1.61
	Amortisation of intangible assets	0.06	-
	Total	2.37	2.43
22	Other expenses		
	Professional fees	2.05	2.58
	Rates and taxes	1.46	2.43
	Computer and IT related expenses	2.12	1.10
	Insurance charges	0.26	0.39
	Electricity charges	0.16	0.13
	Travelling and conveyance	0.55	0.11
	Printing and stationery	0.05	0.02
	Communication costs	0.02	0.06
	Stamp duty and registration fees	0.31	0.31
	Directors' sitting fees	0.41	0.16
	Contribution towards corporate social responsibility	3.73	2.56
	Donations	-	0.10
	Auditor's remuneration	0.38	0.31
	Advertising & publicity	0.09	0.05
	Miscellaneous expenses	0.33	0.05
	Total	11.92	10.36
(a)	Breakup of Auditors' remuneration		
	Audit fees	0.32	0.27
	Tax audit fees	0.02	0.02
	Certification fees	0.04	0.02
	Out-of-pocket expenses	β	-
	Total	0.38	0.31

Note: The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by β. Amount of cash on hand is ₹ 38,000



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Notes forming part of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023****(b) Contribution for corporate social responsibility (CSR)**

Amount required to be spent by the Company on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) related activities during the year ₹ 3.73 crore (previous year ₹ 2.56 crore). Amount spent towards CSR during the year and recognised as expense in the statement of profit and loss on CSR related activities is ₹ 3.73 crore (previous year ₹ 2.56 crore), which comprise of following:

	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Amount spent during the year on:		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	3.73	2.56
(iii) On purposes other than (i) above - unspent balance	-	-
Total	3.73	2.56
(a) shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(b) total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(c) reason for shortfall	NA	NA
(d) nature of CSR activities	Promoting Healthcare & Education	Promoting Healthcare & Education
(e) details of related party transactions	Nil	Nil
(f) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	Nil	Nil

23 Income tax

The Company is registered as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF-NBFC) with RBI. As per Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, any income of IDFs notified by Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for this purpose is exempt from income tax.



24 (i) Employee benefit obligations

a) Defined contribution plans

(₹ in Crs)

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss towards contribution to defined contribution plans which are included under contribution to provident and other funds:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Provident fund	0.82	0.55
Pension fund	0.38	0.29

b) Defined benefit plans

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for India employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age. As per internal policy gratuity liabilities for all employees is uncapped and ₹ 20 lakhs limit is not applicable.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

i) Balance sheet

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
As at March 31, 2021	4.34	4.41	(0.07)
Current service cost	0.36	-	0.36
Interest expense/(income)	0.21	-	0.21
Return on plan assets	-	0.21	(0.21)
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	(0.05)	0.05
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.04	-	0.04
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	(0.09)	-	(0.09)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.14	-	0.14
Benefit payments	(0.75)	(0.75)	-
As at March 31, 2022	4.25	3.82	0.43
Current service cost	0.40	-	0.40
Interest expense/(income)	0.18	-	0.18
Employer contributions	-	1.62	(1.62)
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	0.13	(0.13)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(0.04)	-	(0.04)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	(0.09)	-	(0.09)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	1.06	-	1.06
Benefit payments	(2.20)	(2.20)	-
As at March 31, 2023	3.56	3.37	0.19



Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Present value of plan liabilities	3.56	4.25
Fair value of plan assets	3.37	3.82
Plan liability net of plan assets	0.19	0.43

ii) **Statement of profit and loss**

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Employee benefit expense	-	-
Losses on acquisition	-	-
Current service cost	0.40	0.36
Total	0.40	0.36
Finance costs	0.02	(0.01)
Gains/(losses) on settlements	-	-
Net impact on the profit before tax	0.42	0.34

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability:		
Opening amount recognized in OCI outside profit and loss account	(0.09)	(0.24)
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest expense/income	0.03	0.05
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(0.04)	0.04
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	(0.09)	(0.08)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	1.06	0.14
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in experience	-	-
Net impact on the other comprehensive income before tax	0.87	(0.09)

iii) **Defined benefit plan assets**

Category of assets (% allocation)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Insurer managed funds	3.37	3.82
Total	3.37	3.82

iv) **Actuarial assumptions**

With the objective of presenting the plan assets and plan liabilities of the defined benefits plans and post retirement medical benefits at their fair value on the balance sheet, assumptions under Ind AS 19 are set by reference to market conditions at the valuation date.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Discount rate	7.30%	5.90%
Salary escalation rate*	10.00%	9.00%

* takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors



v) Sensitivity

(₹ in Crs)

Gratuity

As at March 31, 2023	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(0.17)	0.17
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	0.17	(0.17)

As at March 31, 2022	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(0.05)	0.05
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	0.05	(0.05)

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

vi) Maturity

The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end as follows:

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	1.06	2.37
Between 2 and 5 years	2.43	1.46
Between 5 and 10 years	0.65	0.73
Beyond 10 years	0.41	0.45
Total expected payments	4.55	5.01

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 2.94 years (previous year - 2.33 years)

vii) Provision for long term incentive plan (LTIP)

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Liability for long term incentive plan	2.16	0.89

viii) Provision for leave encashment

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As At	As At
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Liability for compensated absences	0.43	0.68



24 (ii) Lease

Disclosure on Lease in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 116 on 'Leases'

A) Payment of Rent from April 01, 2022 to March 31, 2023 is ₹ 2.20 Crore (Previous Year ₹ 2.05 Crore).

B) The following is the breakup of Current and non-current portion of Lease Liability: (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current	1.84	-
Non Current	4.11	-
Total Lease Liability	5.95	-

C) The following is the movement of Lease Liability (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	-	2.42
Addition	7.66	-
Interest Expense on lease liability	0.49	0.14
Actual payment of rent	2.20	2.56
Closing Balance	5.95	-

D) The Carrying Value of Right of Use Asset (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Opening Balance	-	2.02
Addition	7.66	-
Gross Carrying value	7.66	2.02
Depreciation	1.91	2.02
Carrying value of right of use asset	5.75	-

E) The following represents the Contractual Maturity of the Lease Liability on an undiscounted basis (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
On demand	-	-
Upto 3 months	0.55	-
Above 3 months to 12 months	1.66	-
Above 1 Year -3 Years	4.42	-
Above 3 Years-5 Years	-	-
Above 5 Years	-	-
Total	6.62	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023****25. Segment information**

The Company is engaged in business of financing by way of loans (non banking financial services). All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments, as per Ind AS 108 – Operating Segments.

26. Earnings per share (EPS)**a) The basic earnings per share has been calculated based on the following:****(₹ in Crs)**

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Net profit after tax available for equity shareholders (A)	325.74	233.25
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,03,02,83,466	91,69,855
Weighted average number of compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCPS)	34,49,97,165	9,07,450
Weighted average number of shares (B)	1,37,52,80,631	1,00,77,305

b) The reconciliation between the basic and the diluted earnings per share is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Basic earnings per share (A/B)	2.37	2.31
Diluted earnings per share (A/B)	2.37	2.31



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

27. Capital commitments

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)	-	0.22
Undisbursed commitments	-	813.00
Total	-	813.22

There are no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2023 & March 31, 2022

28 Capital management

The Company maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business and is meeting capital adequacy requirements of the local banking supervisor, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) of India. The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, amongst other measures, the regulations issued by RBI. Company has complied in full with all its externally imposed capital requirements over the reported period. The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI circular (Ref No. DNBR .PD. 008 / 03.10.119 / 2016-17 dated September 01, 2016) and RBI circular DNBR(PD) CC No. 053 / 03.10.119 / 2015-16 :

(₹ in Crs)

Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR):	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Tier I capital	3,432.83	3,114.90
Tier II capital	124.88	99.40
Total capital	3,557.71	3,214.30
Risk weighted assets	17,061.47	13,685.14
CRAR (%)	20.85%	23.49%
CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	20.12%	22.76%
CRAR - Tier II capital (%)	0.73%	0.73%
Amount of subordinated debt considered as Tier II capital	-	-
Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments	-	-

Regulatory Tier I capital, which comprises share capital, share premium, special reserves, share option outstanding account, retained earnings including current year profit and non-controlling interests less accrued dividends & Intangible assets. Certain adjustments are made to Ind AS based results and reserves, as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India.



NII INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023
Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities
29 The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023			As at March 31, 2022		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	533.58	-	533.58	1,241.55	-	1,241.55
Loans	1,066.77	16,650.24	17,717.01	836.40	13,256.60	14,093.00
Other financial assets	0.04	0.25	0.29	-	0.25	0.25
Non-financial assets						
Income tax assets (Net)	-	147.65	147.65	-	115.22	115.22
Property, plant and equipment	-	0.48	0.48	-	0.65	0.65
Right of use Assets	-	5.75	5.75	-	-	-
Intangibles including Intangibles under development	-	1.16	1.16	-	0.85	0.85
Other non-financial assets	0.50	-	0.50	1.58	-	1.58
Total assets	1,600.89	16,805.53	18,406.42	2,079.53	13,373.57	15,453.10
Financial liabilities						
Payables						
(I) Trade payables						
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.02	-	0.02	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.65	-	0.65	0.78	-	0.78
(II) Other payables						
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3.32	-	3.32	3.03	-	3.03
Debt securities	1,163.03	13,786.78	14,949.81	2,177.72	10,145.02	12,322.74
Borrowings (Other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Lease liabilities	1.84	4.11	5.95	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	2.38	-	2.38	7.68	-	7.68
Non-financial Liabilities						
Provisions	0.75	2.12	2.87	0.13	1.87	2.00
Other non-financial liabilities	1.59	-	1.69	1.93	-	1.93
Total liabilities	1,173.68	13,793.01	14,966.69	2,191.27	10,146.89	12,338.16
Net	427.21	3,012.52	3,439.73	(111.74)	3,226.68	3,114.94



NIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

30 Fair value measurement
a) Financial Instruments by Category

(₹ in Crs)

The following table provides categorization of all financial instruments at carrying value except for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value

As at March 31, 2023	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	13,283.55
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	4,412.26
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	21.20
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	533.58
Other financial assets	-	-	0.29
Total financial assets	-	-	18,250.88
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	14,525.78
- Commercial paper	-	-	-
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	424.03
Trade payables	-	-	0.67
Other Payables	-	-	3.32
Lease liability	-	-	5.95
Other financial liabilities	-	-	2.38
Total financial liabilities	-	-	14,962.13
As at March 31, 2022	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	11,123.22
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	2,935.16
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	34.63
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	1,241.55
Other financial assets	-	-	0.25
Total financial assets	-	-	15,334.80
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	11,753.37
- Commercial paper	-	-	248.20
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	321.17
Trade payables	-	-	3.81
Other financial liabilities	-	-	7.68
Total financial liabilities	-	-	12,334.23

Note: There are no other categories of financial instruments other than those mentioned above. The financial assets are shown gross of provision for Expected Credit Loss

b) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

As at March 31, 2023

(₹ in Crs)

Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Loans					
- Term loans	2	-	-	13,283.55	13,283.55
- Debentures and bonds	2	-	-	4,412.26	4,412.26
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	2	-	-	21.20	21.20
Total financial assets		-	-	17,717.01	17,717.01
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities					
- Debentures and bonds	9	-	-	14,525.78	14,525.78
- Commercial papers	9	-	-	-	-
- Accrued interest on borrowings	9	-	-	424.03	424.03
Total financial liabilities		-	-	14,949.81	14,949.81



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

As at March 31, 2022						(₹ in Crs)
Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets						
Loans						
- Term loans	2	-	-	11,123.13	11,123.13	
- Debentures and bonds	2	-	-	2,935.24	2,935.24	
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	2	-	-	34.63	34.63	
Total financial assets				14,093.00	14,093.00	
Financial liabilities						
Debt securities						
- Debentures and bonds	9	-	-	11,753.37	11,753.37	
- Commercial papers	9	-	-	248.20	248.20	
- Accrued interest on borrowings	9	-	-	321.17	321.17	
Total financial liabilities				12,322.74	12,322.74	

i) There are no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

ii) The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial assets by valuation technique:

The fair value of financial instruments are classified into three categories i.e. Level 1, 2 or 3 depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The hierarchies used are as follows:

Level 1: Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as mutual funds) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

c) **Valuation technique used to determine fair value**

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of the unquoted mutual fund units is determined using observable NAV representing repurchase price issued by the mutual fund/venture capital fund
- the fair values of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on the observable yield curves.
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

d) **Valuation Process**

The finance department of the Company includes a team that performs the valuations of financial assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values. This team directly reports to the chief financial officer (CFO) and audit committee (AC). Discussion on valuation processes and result are held between CFO, AC and the valuation team regularly in line with Company's quarterly reporting periods.

e) **Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Loans				
Rupee loans	13,377.29	13,377.29	11,201.86	11,201.86
Debentures and Bonds	4,443.40	4,443.40	2,955.91	2,955.91
Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	21.20	21.20	34.63	34.63
Total financial assets	17,841.89	17,841.89	14,192.40	14,192.40
Financial liabilities				
Debt securities				
Debentures	14,525.78	14,525.78	11,753.37	11,753.37
Commercial papers	-	-	248.20	248.20
Total financial liabilities	14,525.78	14,525.78	12,001.57	12,001.57

Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual creditworthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk. The fair values of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost i.e. debt securities issued were calculated based on their cash flows discounted using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, other financial assets and liabilities. Such amounts have been classified as Level 3 on the basis that no adjustments have been made to the balances in the balance sheet.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

31 Financial risk management

31.1. Introduction

Risk management is an integral part of the business practices of the Company. The framework of risk management concentrates on formalising a system to deal with the most relevant risks, building on existing management practices, knowledge and structures. The process of risk management is paramount to the Company and each employee is accountable for risks relating to his/her responsibilities. The key risk management tenets adopted by the Company includes maker-checker principle and three levels of defence (first level - employee, second level - risk team, third level - internal audit). The Company is exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, price risk and operations risk through its business operations.

31.2. Risk management structure

The Company has set up a robust risk governance framework based on the following key principles:

- The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Company's risk management framework. The board is principally responsible for approving the Company's risk related strategies and policies
- To ensure that the Company has a sound system of risk management and internal controls in place, the board has established a risk committee. The risk committee assists the board in relation to the oversight and review of the Company's risk management principles and policies, strategies, appetite, processes and controls. The risk committee has direct access to the Company's management and has open communication with them.
- Policies, processes and systems are put in place for effective risk management.
- The Company has an independent risk unit which is entrusted with the responsibility of implementing risk policy and processes for risk identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring and control. It reports to the Chief Risk Officer (CRO), who in turn reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company. The board has put in place the policy to safeguard the independence of CRO (The CRO meets the Risk Management Committee (RMC) on a quarterly basis without the presence of CEO).
- The Company's Resources team is primarily responsible for funding and liquidity risks and is guided by the asset liability management policy. The market risks of the Company are supervised by the asset liability committee
- The Company maintains SOPs for all its processes. Operational risks of the Company are monitored by business operations risk committee.
- The Business team monitors project assets on regular basis and highlights pending compliances to senior management on quarterly basis. It also conducts annual site visits and monitors financial covenants.
- Annual review of financial and operational performance of projects and their re-rating is conducted by the risk team.
- Risk management processes are also audited quarterly by internal audit and findings and recommendations are provided to the audit committee.

31.3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering financial loss, should any of the Company's customers, clients or market counterparties fail to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Company. Credit risk arises mainly from loans and advances arising from lending activities.

Credit risk is the single largest risk for the Company's business, management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk. The credit risk management and control are centralised in a risk committee which reports regularly to the Board. The company adheres to high standards of credit risk management and mitigation. The lending proposals are subjected to a thorough assessment of promoters; group financial strength and leverage; operational & financial performance track record; cash flows; valuation of collateral

The exposures are subjected to regular monitoring of (i.e. cash flows of the projects, security cover and operational performance is regularly monitored). The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of exposure at each sector/sub-sector level. The concentration of risk is monitored in relation to such limits

31.3.1. Credit risk measurement - loans and advances

The estimation of credit exposure for risk management purposes is complex and requires the use of models, as the exposure varies with changes in market conditions, expected cash flows and the passage of time. The assessment of credit risk of a loans and advances (including loan commitments) entails further estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, of the associated loss ratios and of default correlations counterparties. The Company measures credit risk using probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD). This is similar to the approach used for the purpose of measuring expected credit loss (ECL) under Ind AS 109

The Company's concentration risk is managed at the sector/sub-sector level. These limits are approved by the risk committee and reviewed at regular intervals. The following table shows the risk concentration towards each sector/sub-sector.

Sector/sub-sector	Exposure limit as per risk policy		Exposure as % of total exposure		Amount Outstanding (₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Energy Generation - Wind	25%	25%	10.98%	14.08%	2,186.59	1,999.11
Energy Generation - Solar	45%	45%	39.47%	31.00%	6,431.85	4,401.67
Energy Generation - Hydro	15%	15%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-
Energy Generation - Other	25%	25%	18.45%	16.54%	3,716.07	2,349.35
Energy Transmission	25%	25%	3.73%	10.66%	746.80	1,513.70
Total Energy Sector	85%	-	-	-	-	-
Transport - Roads	-	-	4.06%	2.24%	119.79	318.36
Ports, Airports, Railways etc. (without tripartite)	25%	25%	8.59%	8.28%	1,720.24	1,175.69
Logistics	25%	25%	1.98%	2.84%	399.94	403.99
Bulk Material Transportation	25%	25%	2.31%	3.33%	464.99	472.99
Other social and commercial infrastructure	25%	25%	0.00%	1.02%	-	145.40
Hospitals	25%	25%	0.88%	1.76%	178.05	249.47
Education Institutions	25%	25%	0.37%	0.96%	73.87	136.22
Water & Sanitation	15%	15%	2.75%	0.00%	521.79	-
Communication	15%	15%	6.43%	7.29%	1,279.49	1,034.59
Total			100.00%	100.00%	17,839.47	14,200.55

a) Credit risk grading

The Company uses internal credit risk grading framework that reflects its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparty. The Company use internal rating model tailored to various categories of counterparties. Borrower and loan specific information collected at the time of initial application and annual re-rating exercise is fed into risk rating model. This is supplemented by external data such as credit bureau scoring information.

The framework is robust and comparable to credit models used by premier credit rating bureaus. The credit rating model considers various parameters (such as promoter strength, operating risk, market risk, financial factors, etc.) and a score is assigned to each parameter between 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest). The internal rating grade is based on the final score derived from the credit rating model.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

The Company's internal score scales and mapping of internal rating grades are set out below:

Internal score	Internal rating grades	Description of the grade
5.00 - 4.00	IAAA	Highest Safety
3.91 - 4.00	IAA+	
3.81 - 3.90	IAA	
3.71 - 3.80	IA-	High Safety
3.61 - 3.70	A+	
3.51 - 3.60	IA	
3.41 - 3.50	A-	Adequate Safety
3.11 - 3.40	BBB+	
2.81 - 3.10	BBB	
2.61 - 2.80	BBB-	Moderate Safety
2.25 - 2.60	BB+, BB & BB-	
1.00 - 2.25	B, IC & ID	
		Moderate Risk
		High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default

As per risk rating policy, the Company does not finance the projects below having internal rating grade below BBB-, arrived as per the above mentioned risk rating framework. In case of difference between internal rating grade and external credit rating (if any), then lower of the two ratings would be considered while evaluating the minimum rating criteria.

However, at the time of sanction, if the external credit rating is below internal rating grade, but is expected to improve due to various factors (including refinance loan terms), Company may provide financial assistance to such borrowers on the condition that the disbursement would be made only after the minimum investment grade rating as aforesaid is obtained.

An annual review of the loans / debentures (credit substitutes) would be conducted to determine the credit migration and rating of the portfolio. The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the Company's debt portfolio at March 31.

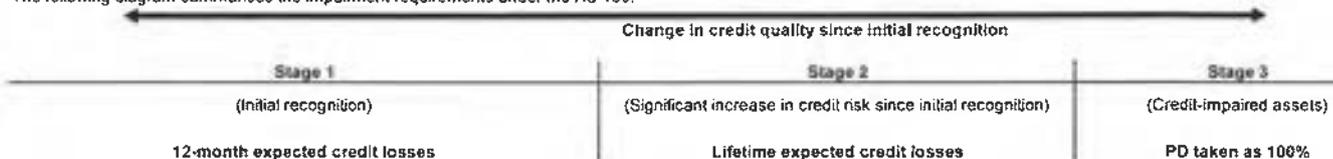
Internal rating grades	% of total customer		% of total outstanding	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
IAAA	0%	0%	0%	0%
IAA+, IAA, IAA-	30%	33%	44%	40%
IA+ IA IA-	48%	40%	39%	36%
BBB+	17%	18%	15%	20%
BBB	3%	6%	2%	3%
BBB-	2%	3%	0%	1%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

b) Expected credit loss measurement

Ind AS 109 outlines a 'three-stage' model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit-impaired on initial recognition is classified in 'Stage 1' and has its credit risk continuously monitored by the Company.
- If a significant increase in credit risk ('SICR') since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Refer note 31(b)(i) below for a description of how the Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred
- If the financial instrument is credit-impaired, the financial instrument is then moved to 'Stage 3'. Refer note 31(b)(ii) below for a description of how the Company defines credit-impaired and default
- Financial instruments in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. Instruments in Stages 2 have their ECL measured based on expected credit losses on a lifetime basis while for Stage 3, probability of default is taken as 100%. Refer note 31(b)(iii) below for a description of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring the ECL.
- A pervasive concept in measuring ECL in accordance with Ind AS 109 is that it should consider forward-looking information.

The following diagram summarises the impairment requirements under Ind AS 109:



i) Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the quantitative, qualitative or backstop criteria have been met

Quantitative criteria:

The credit risk on a financial asset of the Company are assumed to have increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 61 days past due. Accordingly the financial assets shall be classified as Stage 2, if on the reporting date, it has been more than 61 days past due.

Qualitative criteria:

For all financial instruments held by the Company, if the borrower is on the watch list and/or the instrument meets one or more of the following criteria:

- Internal rating downgrade of two notches or more
- Any events of non-cooperation
- Evidence of diversion of funds

Backstop:

A backstop is applied and the financial instrument considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk if the borrower is more than 61 days past due on its contractual payments.

The Company has not used the low credit risk exemption for any financial instruments in the year ended March 31, 2023.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

ii) Default and credit-impaired asset

The Company defines a financial asset as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

The borrower is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments to be considered in default

Qualitative criteria:

The borrower meets unlikelihood to pay criteria, which indicates the borrower is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- the borrower is in long-term forbearance
- the borrower is insolvent

The criteria above have been applied to all financial instruments held by the Company and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD) throughout the Company's expected loss calculations.

iii) Upgradation from higher stage to lower stage

For upgradation from higher stage to lower stage (i.e. to have cured):

Loan and advances is not moved from higher stage to lower stage immediately after payment of overdue amount, following cooling off period is applied:

From Stage 2 to Stage 1

- Continues in lower than 61 dpd for at least six months

From Stage 3 to Stage 2

- Continues in lower than 90 dpd for at least six months or
- Moves to Zero dpd

This period of six months has been determined based on an analysis which considers the likelihood of a financial instrument returning to default status after cure using different possible cure definitions.

iv) Measuring ECL -- Explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or Lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are the discounted product of the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD), and loss given default (LGD), defined as follows:

PD Estimation:

The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per "Definition of default and credit-impaired" above), either over the next 12 months (12M PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime PD) of the obligation

The lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12M PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the loans. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets within a portfolio and credit grade band. This is supported by historical analysis.

The credit quality of the portfolio is assessed using internally developed credit rating model. The internal rating grade is determined for every initial application and annual re-rating is also performed for all existing counterparties. In the absence of default/SMA history and limited number of counterparties involved, credit rating data available in public domain has been used to assign PDs to Internal rating grades

- For Stage 1, 12 month PD are calculated. CRISIL 1 year cumulative default rate data and GDP forecast estimates have been used to arrive at 12 month PD for base case, best case and worst case economic scenarios
- For Stage 2, Lifetime PD are calculated by considering the survival rate of the counterparty for the remaining maturity. The PD is based on CRISIL average transition matrices based on corporates.
- For Stage 3, Lifetime PD is taken as 100%.

Internal rating grades -- 12 month PD Mapping:

Internal rating grades		PD% Base Case	PD% Best Case	PD% Worst Case
Highest Safety	iAAA	0.03%	0.03%	0.20%
	iAA+	0.03%	0.03%	0.40%
High Safety	iAA	0.03%	0.03%	0.40%
	iAA-	0.03%	0.03%	0.40%
Adequate Safety	iA+	0.05%	0.03%	0.71%
	iA	0.05%	0.03%	0.71%
	iA-	0.05%	0.03%	0.71%
Moderate Safety	iBBB+	0.48%	0.04%	3.41%
	iBBB	0.48%	0.04%	3.41%
	iBBB-	0.48%	0.04%	3.41%
Moderate Risk	iBB+	3.51%	0.77%	11.48%
	iBB	3.51%	0.77%	11.48%
	iBB-	3.51%	0.77%	11.48%
High Risk	iB	9.21%	2.96%	22.09%
Very High Risk	iC	23.46%	10.07%	43.25%
Default	iD	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Exposure at default:

EAD is based on the amounts the Company expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD).

For amortising products and bullet repayment loans, this is based on the contractual repayments owed by the borrower over a 12 month or lifetime basis. This will also be adjusted for any expected overpayments made by a borrower. Early repayment/refinance assumptions are also incorporated into the calculation.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

Loss given default:

Loss Given Default (LGD) represents the Company's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. LGD varies by type of counterparty, type and seniority of claim and availability of collateral or other credit support. LGD is expressed as a percentage loss per unit of exposure at the time of default (EAD). LGD is calculated on a 12-month or lifetime basis, where 12-month LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs in the next 12 months and Lifetime LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs over the remaining expected lifetime of the loan.

The 12-month and lifetime LGDs are determined based on the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. These vary by product type and security coverage.

- In case of re-financing of operating road project, the Company enters into a tripartite agreement with the concessionaire and NHA/any other project authority for ensuring a compulsory buyout with termination payments. The LGD for road project loans is taken as 5% since the entire credit exposure arising out of loan agreement is secured by way of tripartite agreement with Government authorities. 5% assumption on LGD is hence assumed only to capture any time delay in enforcing the tripartite agreement.
- In case of re-financing of other operating infrastructure project loans, the primary credit support is cash flow control and additional comfort is taken as project assets as collateral. In absence of actual instances of default and consequential recoveries, the LGD rates under "Foundation IRB approach" as prescribed by RBI, after considering the threshold level of collateralisation and required level of over collateralisation for full recognition of collateral, have been taken as a proxy measure.

ECL computation:

The ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD for each future month and for each individual exposure or collective segment. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for the likelihood of survival (i.e. the exposure has not prepaid or defaulted in an earlier month).

v) Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL model

The assessment of SICR and the calculation of ECL both incorporate forward-looking information. The Company has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit losses for portfolio.

Judgment has also been applied in this process. Forecasts of these economic variables (the "base economic scenario") are provided on a regular basis and provide the best estimate view of the economy over the next five years.

The assessment of SICR is performed using the Lifetime PD under each of the base, and the other scenarios, multiplied by the associated scenario weighting, along with qualitative and backstop indicators. This determines whether the whole financial instrument is in Stage 1, Stage 2, or Stage 3 and hence whether 12-month or lifetime ECL should be recorded. Following this assessment, the Company measures ECL as either a probability weighted 12 month ECL (Stage 1), or a probability weighted lifetime ECL (Stages 2 and 3). These probability-weighted ECLs are determined by running each scenario through the relevant ECL model and multiplying it by the appropriate scenario weighting (as opposed to weighting the inputs).

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Company considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes and has analysed the non-linearities and asymmetries within the Company's different portfolios to establish that the chosen scenarios are appropriately representative of the range of possible scenarios.

The Company has identified the "GDP growth rate" as a key driver for the expected credit loss. To smoothen the GDP growth rate for past 15 years, GDP growth rates achieved during black swan events such as during the COVID period (FY21) and subsequent high revival growth rate (FY22) have not been considered while taking the GDP numbers for March 2023 ECL workings.

The following table sets out the assumptions used for base case, best case and worst case ECL scenarios, taking GDP growth rate as key driver for expected loss:

Year ended March 31, 2023

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28
Base case	50%	5.89%	6.33%	6.21%	6.07%	6.00%
Best case	20%	8.71%	9.15%	9.03%	8.89%	8.82%
Worst case	30%	3.07%	3.51%	3.39%	3.25%	3.18%

Year ended March 31, 2022

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27
Base case	50%	8.15%	8.89%	6.99%	7.04%	6.54%
Best case	20%	11.08%	9.82%	9.92%	9.97%	9.46%
Worst case	30%	5.23%	3.97%	4.06%	4.11%	3.61%

The GDP estimates are used to project the grade wise PD for base case, best case and worst case scenario. The final (weighted) ECL is arrived at by assigning 50%, 20% and 30% weights to the base case, best case and worst case ECL respectively.

The GDP estimates are presented for financials years

	Year ended March 31, 2023			Year ended March 31, 2022		
	Base case	Best case	Worst case	Base case	Best case	Worst case
Assigned probabilities %	50%	20%	30%	50%	20%	30%
ECL (₹ in Crs)	14.56	3.13	123.84	7.24	2.21	63.50

Scenario weighted ECL as on March 31, 2023 is ₹ 45.06 crore (March 31, 2022 is ₹ 23.11 crore).



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

vi) **Financial assets measured on a collective basis**
ECL is calculated on individual basis for all loan assets.

vii) **Proposal appraisal**

The Company collects relevant project/ corporate documents and initiate appraisal of the proposal. The evaluation process encompasses establishment of viability of proposal including borrower's ability to service the loan. The evaluation is undertaken through a combination of review of project/corporate documents, external rating rationales (if any), meetings with project promoters/key officials, site visits, etc

Proposals shall be approved by the Board/ Committee of the Board post recommendation by the decision board

Term loans /debentures can have fixed rate or floating rate of interest linked to the Company's benchmark rate or another agreed benchmark. There may be reset of spreads after defined intervals.

Below is the mix of assets with spread reset dates falling within 1 year and more than 1 year:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Less than 1 year	1.47%	2.12%
More than 1 year	98.53%	97.88%

viii) **Overview of modified and forbore loan**

All the loan assets of the Company are categorised under Stage 1 and there are no modified or forbore loans

c) **Credit risk exposure**

i) **Maximum exposure to credit risk - Loans and debenture measured at amortised subject to impairment**

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety	-	-	-	-
High Safety	7,835.66	-	-	7,835.66
Adequate Safety	6,972.42	-	-	6,972.42
Moderate Safety	3,031.39	-	-	3,031.39
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	17,839.57	-	-	17,839.57

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety	-	-	-	-
High Safety	5,665.18	-	-	5,665.18
Adequate Safety	5,167.40	-	-	5,167.40
Moderate Safety	3,367.97	-	-	3,367.97
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	14,200.55	-	-	14,200.55

ii) **Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment**

The Company does not have any exposure to Financial instruments not subjected to impairment.

iii) **Collateral and other credit enhancement**

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Guidelines are in place covering the acceptability and valuation of each type of collateral.

The Company employs a range of policies and practices to mitigate credit risk. The most common of these is accepting collateral for funds advanced. The Company has internal policies on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation.

The Company prepares a valuation of the collateral obtained as part of the loan origination process. This assessment is reviewed periodically. The principal collateral types are:

- charges over tangible assets such as property, plant and equipment; and
- charges over book debts, inventories, bank deposits, and other working capital items; and
- charges over financial instruments such as debt securities and equities.

The fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a regular basis.

Particulars	Gross Exposure	Impairment allowance	Undrawn amount	EIR Adjustment	Carrying amount
As at March 31, 2023					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	13,377.29	93.74	-	53.56	13,283.55
- Debentures and bonds	4,443.40	31.14	-	17.79	4,412.26
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	21.20	-	-	-	21.20
Total	17,841.89	124.88	-	71.35	17,717.01
As at March 31, 2022					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	11,201.86	78.70	813.00	45.94	11,123.16
- Debentures and bonds	2,955.91	20.70	-	2.99	2,935.21
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	34.63	-	-	-	34.63
Total	14,192.40	99.40	813.00	48.93	14,093.00



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

iv) Loss allowance

The loss allowance recognised in the period is impacted by a variety of factors, as described below:

- transfers between Stage 1 and Stages 2 or 3 due to financial instruments experiencing significant increases (or decreases) of credit risk or becoming credit-impaired in the period, and the consequent "step up" (or "step down") between 12-month and Lifetime ECL;
- additional allowances for new financial instruments recognised during the period, as well as releases for financial instruments de-recognised in the period;
- impact on the measurement of ECL due to changes in PDs, EADs and LGDs in the period, arising from regular refreshing of inputs to models;
- impacts on the measurement of ECL due to changes made to models and assumptions;
- financial assets derecognised during the period and write-offs of allowances related to assets that were written off during the period.

An analysis of change in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio and corresponding loss allowance:

The following table further explains changes in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio to help explain their significance to the changes in the loss allowance for the same portfolio as discussed below:

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	14,192.40	-	-	14,192.40
New assets originated or purchased	6,560.59	-	-	6,560.59
Assets derecognised or repaid	(2,911.10)	-	-	(2,911.10)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	17,841.89	-	-	17,841.89

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	8,476.70	-	-	8,476.70
New assets originated or purchased	9,356.91	-	-	9,356.91
Assets derecognised or repaid	(3,641.21)	-	-	(3,641.21)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	14,192.40	-	-	14,192.40

The following table explains the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and at the end of the annual period due to various factors:

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	99.41	-	-	99.41
New assets originated or purchased	45.92	-	-	45.92
Assets derecognised or repaid	(20.45)	-	-	(20.45)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	124.88	-	-	124.88

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2022			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	53.28	-	-	53.28
New assets originated or purchased	65.50	-	-	65.50
Assets derecognised or repaid	(27.65)	-	-	(27.65)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	8.48	-	-	8.48
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	99.41	-	-	99.41

The origination of new loan assets is the primary factor that contributed to the change in the loss allowance during the period.

31.3.2 Other financial assets

The Company has credit risk exposure in cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, and other financial assets. Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits are held with only high rated banks/financial institutions only, therefore credit risk is perceived to be low. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

31.4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stressful circumstances. To limit this risk management has adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a monthly basis. The Company has developed internal control processes and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining liquid investments. In accordance with the Company's policy, the liquidity position is assessed by setting limits on the amount of liquidity exposure and monitoring exposures in relation to each such limits:

a) Liquidity Risk framework

Category	Limits
Limits on cumulative negative gaps, as a % of cumulative outflows (maximum)	-10% of cumulative outflows for 0 to 7 days, over 7 days to 14 days -20% of cumulative outflows for 14 days to 1-month -30% of cumulative outflows for 1-month to 6-months -40% of cumulative outflows for 6-months to 1-year -55% of cumulative outflows for 1-year to 3-years -70% of cumulative outflows for 3-years to 5-years
Capital adequacy ratio (CRAR) (minimum)	15%
Capital Classification	Tier II Capital shall not exceed Tier I Capital
Borrowings through shorter tenor bonds and commercial papers (CPs)	Up to 10% of total outstanding borrowings
Credit rating (minimum)	A
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) (minimum)	0.70
Earnings at risk (EaR) (maximum)	₹ 15 Crore

b) Analysis of financial assets and liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial assets and liabilities balance sheet date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Company expects that many customers will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay and the table does not reflect the expected cash flows indicated by its deposit retention history.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

		(₹ in Crs)										
As at March 31, 2023		1 - 7 Days	8 - 14 Days	15 Days - 1 Month	Over 1 Month to 2 Months	Over 2 Months to 3 Months	Over 3 Months to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year to 3 Years	Over 3 Year to 5 Years	Above 5 Years	Total
Financial assets												
Loans		-	22.95	17.46	26.09	200.47	253.99	568.76	2,504.93	2,499.38	11,768.39	17,862.42
Total undiscounted financial assets		-	22.95	17.46	26.09	200.47	253.99	568.76	2,504.93	2,499.38	11,768.39	17,862.42
Financial liabilities												
Debt securities		-	-	48.55	86.36	33.21	459.20	533.71	2,870.00	9,177.00	1,812.00	15,022.03
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		-	-	48.55	86.36	33.21	459.20	533.71	2,870.00	9,177.00	1,812.00	15,022.03
As at March 31, 2022												
Financial assets												
Loans		-	37.31	20.34	23.77	138.98	202.93	415.75	2,322.06	2,264.69	8,812.04	14,237.86
Total undiscounted financial assets		-	37.31	20.34	23.77	138.98	202.93	415.75	2,322.06	2,264.69	8,812.04	14,237.86
Financial liabilities												
Debt securities		-	151.94	62.58	440.85	33.21	438.29	1,050.84	2,240.00	6,622.00	1,314.46	12,354.17
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		-	151.94	62.58	440.85	33.21	438.29	1,050.84	2,240.00	6,622.00	1,314.46	12,354.17



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

(c) Public disclosure on liquidity risk

The disclosure in terms of RBI circular ref. DOR.NBFC(PD)CC.NO.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 04, 2019 on liquidity risk management framework for NBFCs is provided below-

(i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty

Sr no	Year	No. of counterparties	Amount (₹ In Crs)	% of Total Borrowings	% of Total Liabilities
1	March 31, 2023	21	10,655.00	73.26%	71.46%
2	March 31, 2022	24	9,586.70	79.50%	77.54%

(ii) Top 20 large deposits - Nil

(iii) Top 10 borrowings: ₹ 7,995 Crore (represent 54.77% of total borrowings) (previous year 6,674 crore represent 55.46% of total borrowings)

(iv) Funding concentration based on significant instrument/product

Sr no	Name of instrument	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
1	Non Convertible Debentures	Amount (₹ in Crs) 14,598.00	Amount (₹ in Crs) 12,074.54
2	Commercial papers	% of Total Liabilities 100.00%	% of Total Liabilities 97.85%



(v) Stock ratios:

Sr no	Instrument	March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	
		As a % of total public funds	As a % of total liabilities	As a % of total assets	As a % of total liabilities
(a)	Commercial papers	NA	Nil	Nil	2%
(b)	Non Convertible Debentures (original maturity <1 year)	NA	Nil	NA	Nil
(c)	Other short term liabilities	NA	8%	6%	18%

(vi) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

The Company has instituted Asset Liability Management Policy under which the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) has been set up for oversight Asset Liability Management (ALM), including liquidity risk management. The overall ALM framework, as well as liquidity risk is managed by-

- (i) Board-which provides the overall direction for the Policy and framework.
- (ii) ALCO-comprises of Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Chief Business Officer (CBO). It is a decision making body responsible for strategic management of interest rate and liquidity risks.
- (iii) Asset Liability Management Support Group-which consist of operating staff from Risk, Accounts and Resources group, who analyse/monitor liquidity profile, limits & report to ALCO & RBI.
- (iv) Finance Committee-comprises of CEO, CRO, CBO and CFO which is authorised to borrow monies through various instruments permitted by RBI.
- (v) Resources Group-which is ALM support group and is responsible for fund raising, maintain appropriate liquidity buffers, provide market related inputs and actively implement ALM strategy.



D) Disclosure on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) under RBI circular no. RBI/2019-20/88 DOR NBFC (PD) CC, No.102/03,10.001/2019-20 dated November 04, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies

Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Dec-22	30-Sep-22	30-Jun-22
	Total Unweighted Value (average)*			
High Quality Liquid Assets	997.96	1,421.68	1,466.52	545.17
1 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)	997.96	1,421.68	1,466.52	545.17
Cash Outflows	-	-	-	-
2 Deposits (for deposit taking companies)	-	-	-	-
3 Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	-	-
4 Secured wholesale funding	308.51	181.03	345.69	161.15
5 Additional requirements of which	-	-	-	-
(i) Outflows related to derivative exposures	-	-	-	-
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-	-	-
6 Other contractual funding obligations	747.93	458.59	228.75	587.30
7 Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-
8 Total Cash Outflows	1,056.44	639.62	574.44	748.45
Cash Inflows	-	-	-	-
9 Secured lending	-	-	-	-
10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	391.85	410.78	271.98	241.62
11 Other cash inflows	612.69	146.89	200.11	472.57
12 Total Cash Inflows	1,004.54	557.67	472.09	714.19
	Total Adjusted Value	Total Adjusted Value	Total Adjusted Value	Total Adjusted Value
13 Total HQLA	997.96	1,421.68	1,466.52	545.17
14 Total Net Cash Outflows (Higher of inflow less outflows or 25% of outflows)	461.51	221.37	306.54	325.07
15 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)	216%	642%	478%	168%

*Unweighted values calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows).

Weighted values calculated after the application of respective stress factors on inflow (75%) and outflow (115%).

Notes:

- HQLA includes unencumbered portion of current account balance, short term fixed deposits with scheduled commercial banks
- The above numbers of quarter end reporting date are simple average values of previous 3 months

(a) the main drivers of their LCR results and the evolution of the contribution of inputs to the LCR's calculation over time:

(b) intra-period changes as well as changes over time: Quarterly LCR mentioned in table above

(c) the composition of HQLAs: Mentioned in above table

(d) concentration of funding sources: Refer 31.4 (c) liquidity risk

(e) derivative exposures and potential collateral calls: NA

(f) currency mismatch in the LCR: NA

(g) other inflows and outflows in the LCR calculation that are not captured in the LCR common template but which the institution considers to be relevant for its liquidity profile: NA



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Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

31.5. Market Risk

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and mutual fund NAV's.

a) Interest rate risk-lending

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company's main interest rate risk arises from lending with variable rates, which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. During March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company's lending portfolio at variable rate are mainly denominated in Indian rupees (₹).

The Company's fixed rate lending portfolio is carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

i) Interest rate risk exposure

(₹ in Crs)

The exposure of the Company's lending portfolio to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting years are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Variable rate lending portfolio	262.33	301.30
Fixed rate loans	17,577.14	13,899.25
Total	17,839.47	14,200.55

As at the end of the reporting period, the Company had the following variable rate lending portfolio outstanding:

As at March 31, 2023	Weighted average interest rate	Balance	% of total loans
Loans	8.72%	262.33	1.47%
Net exposure interest rate risk	8.72%	262.33	1.47%

As at March 31, 2022	Weighted average interest rate	Balance	% of total loans
Loans	8.81%	301.30	2.12%
Net exposure interest rate risk	8.81%	301.30	2.12%

An analysis by maturities is provided in note 31.4. The percentage of total loans shows the proportion of loans that are currently at variable rates in relation to the total amount of debt securities.

ii) Sensitivity

a) Interest rate risk - Loans and debenture

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from lending portfolio as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	Year ended March 31, 2023	Year ended March 31, 2022
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points	2.62	3.01
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points	(2.62)	(3.01)

* The sensitivity is derived holding all other variables constant

b) Price risk

Since the Company does not hold any equity instruments, it is not exposed to price risk.

c) Foreign currency risk:

The Company does not have any foreign currency exposures in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date that will result in net currency gains or losses in the statement of profit and loss due to change foreign currency exchange rates. This mitigates the foreign currency risk exposure for the Company.

31.6. Operational and business risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from systems failure, human error, fraud or external events. Operational risk management process comprises of identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring / controlling, reporting and mitigation of operational risk. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorisation and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes, such as the use of internal audit. Periodic Business Operational Risk Committee (BORC) meetings are convened to keep a track of operational risks and mitigation plans across the Company.



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Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Parent Entity

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)

b) Associates Companies / JVs

Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer (Appointed w.e.f. July 1, 2022)
 Mr. Sadashiv S. Rao - Chief Executive Officer (Cease to be CEO w.e.f. June 30, 2022)
 Mr. V. Narayanan Iyer - Chief Financial Officer
 Mr. Sanjay Ajgaonkar - Chief Financial Officer (Cease to be CFO w.e.f. Aug 31, 2021)
 Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary (Appointed w.e.f. Dec 21, 2022)
 Ms. Shweta Laddha - Company Secretary (Cease to be CS w.e.f. Dec 06, 2021)

d) Directors

Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pendyala - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Mr. AKT Chan - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Ms. Ritu Anand - Independent Director (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. May 6, 2022)
 Mr. Rajiv Dhar - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Mr. Ashwini Kumar - Independent Director
 Ms. Rosamary Sebastian - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. June 7, 2022)
 Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. February 1, 2023)

(₹ in Crs)

Related Party	Parent		Entity with significant influence		Subsidiaries		Associates/JV		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total		
	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	1.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	1.07	
Reimbursement of Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.87	
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	0.07	-	-	-	0.01	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.08	0.03	
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183.86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183.86	
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114.55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114.55	
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197.38	
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.57	4.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.57	4.65
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.41	0.16	-	-	-	0.41	0.16
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	
Total	-	-	0.07	-	-	-	0.59	497.75	6.57	4.65	-	-	0.41	0.16	-	-	7.85	802.58	



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

33 Other Disclosures:

a) Ratios

Ratios	Description	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Total Equity	4.35	3.96
Current Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Long Term Debt to Working Capital	NA	NA	NA
Bad Debts to Account Receivable Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Current Liability Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Total Debts to Total Assets	Total Debt / Total Asset	0.81	0.80
Debtors Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Inventory Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Operating Margin (%)	Operating Profit / Total Revenue	23.12%	23.13%
Net Profit Margin (%)	PAT / Total Revenue	23.13%	23.68%
Net Worth (in crore)	Share capital + Reserves and surplus + Instruments entirely equity in nature	3,439.73	3,114.94
Net Profit After Tax (in crore)		325.74	233.25
Earnings Per Share (Basic)	PAT / Total number of shares	2.37	2.31
Earnings Per Share (Diluted)	PAT / Total diluted number of shares	2.37	2.31
Gross/ Net Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)		Nil	Nil
Capital Redemption Reserve/Debt Redemption Reserve *	NA	NA	NA
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio	2.16	1.99

* Not applicable, being a Non-Banking Financial Service Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India.

- b) There are no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956
- c) No proceeding has been initiated during the year or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property
- d) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- e) During the current year the Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.
- f) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- g) The Company, has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- h) The Company, has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- i) The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information received from suppliers regarding their status under the said act as available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors, is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Outstanding principal amount and interest due to suppliers registered under MSMED Act and remaining unpaid at the year end:	0.02	-
- Principal amount	0.02	-
- Interest due thereon	-	-
Interest paid other than under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period.	-	-
Interest paid under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable (where the principal has already been paid but interest has not been paid).	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of MSMED Act.	-	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

34 The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI circular (Ref No. DNBR PD/008/03.10.119/2015-17 dated September 01, 2016) and RBI circular DNBR(PD) CC No. 053/03.10.119/2015-16 :

(a) Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR): Refer note 28

(b) Details of investments are set out below:

	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
1 Value of Investments		
(i) Gross Value of Investments		
(a) In India		
(b) Outside India		
(ii) Provision for depreciation	(A)	
(a) In India		
(b) Outside India	(B)	
(iii) Net Value of Investments		
(a) In India		
(b) Outside India	(A-B)	
2 Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments.		
(i) Opening balance		
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year		
(iii) Less: Write-offs/ write-back of excess provisions during the year		
(iv) Closing balance		

(c) Investor group wise classification of all investments (Current and Long Term) in shares and securities (both Quoted and Unquoted):

	As at March 31, 2023		As at March 31, 2022	
	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV	Book Value Net of Provision	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV
1 Related parties				
(a) Subsidiaries				
(b) Companies in the same group				
(c) Other related parties				
2 Other than related parties				
Total				

(d) Securitisation /Assignment

The Company has not undertaken any transactions of Securitisation/Assignment in the current and in the previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company

(e) Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold and accounts subjected to restructuring:

The Company has not undertaken any transactions for purchase/sale of NPA's in the current and in the previous year and hence the related disclosure are not applicable to the Company

(f) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

Please refer note 31.4 for the Asset Liability Management maturity patterns

In computing the above information, certain estimates, assumptions and adjustments have been made by the Management which have been relied upon by auditors

(g) Exposures to real estate sector (Based on amounts sanctioned):

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures, direct or indirect to real estate sector as at March 31, 2023 and as at March 31, 2022

(h) Exposures to Capital Market

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures to capital market as at March 31, 2023 and as at March 31, 2022

(i) Details of Single Borrower Limit and Borrower Group Limit exceeded by the Company

During the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, the Company's credit exposure to single borrowers and group borrowers were within the limits prescribed by the RBI.

(j) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed:

	As at March 31, 2023 net of provision	As at March 31, 2022 net of provision
1 Related parties		
(a) Subsidiaries		
(b) Companies in the same group		
(c) Other related parties		
2 Other than related parties	17,717.01	14,093.00
Total	17,717.01	14,093.00

(*) Net of provision for standard assets

(k) Unsecured advances

The Company has not given any unsecured advances in the current year and in the previous year

(l) Registration obtained from other financial regulators

The Company has not obtained registrations from other financial sector regulators.

(m) Penalties / fines imposed by the RBI

During the year ended March 31, 2023 there was no penalty imposed by the RBI and other regulators (Previous Year ₹ Nil).



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

(n) Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head 'Expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Provisions for depreciation on Investment	-	-
Provision towards NPA	-	-
Provision made towards Income tax	-	-
Other Provision and Contingencies	-	-
Provision for Standard Assets	25.47	46.13
	25.47	46.13

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) .CC PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, the template of comparison between provisions required under Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109 is provided below:-

(₹ in Crs)						
Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2023	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisio under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
	Stage 2					
Subtotal		17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3					
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3					
1-3 years	Stage 3					
More than 3 years	Stage 3					
Subtotal for Doubtful						
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition.	Stage 1					
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms						
Total	Stage 1	17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
Total		17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51

Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2022	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisio under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	14,192.40	99.40	14,093.00	56.77	42.63
	Stage 2					
Subtotal		14,192.40	99.40	14,093.00	56.77	42.63
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3					
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3					
1-3 years	Stage 3					
More than 3 years	Stage 3					
Subtotal for Doubtful						
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition.	Stage 1					
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms						
Total	Stage 1	14,192.40	99.40	14,093.00	56.77	42.63
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
Total		14,192.40	99.40	14,093.00	56.77	42.63

(o) Drawdowns from Reserves

The Company has not undertaken any drawdown from reserves during the current year and previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company.

(p) Concentration of Advances

	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers/ customers	8,479.53	6,866.49
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the NBFC	47.53%	48.50%



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

(q) Concentration of Exposures

	As at March 31, 2023	(₹ in Crs) As at March 31, 2022
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	9,375.31	7,362.92
Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the NBFC on borrowers / customers	46.49%	47.02%

(r) Concentration of Non Performing Assets (NPAs) /Sectorwise NPAs/ Movement in NPAs

The Company did not have any NPAs in the current year and in the previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company.

(s) The information on Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad) is given below:

(₹ in Crs)

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(₹ in Crs)

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2022		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(t) The information on off balance sheet SPV sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms):

(₹ in Crs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
	Nil	Nil

(u) Disclosure of complaints :

The Company has not received any complaints during the year ended March 31, 2023 & March 31, 2022 hence disclosure of complains is not required.

(v) The debentures of the Company have been assigned rating of "AAA" by ICRA Limited & CARE Ratings Limited.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

35 The additional information required to be disclosed in terms of RBI circular (Ref. No. RBI/2009-2010/355/IDMD/4135/11.08.43/2009-10) dated March 23, 2010 is not applicable for the Company.

36 Sectoral exposure: Refer note 31.3.1

37 Intra group Exposure

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Total amount of intra-group exposures	-	-
Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	-	-
Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers	-	-

38 The Company has neither transferred nor acquired any loans without request / instance of borrower as mentioned in per Chapter III of the 'Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021' dated September 24, 2021. Accordingly, the disclosures as mentioned in above mentioned directions are not required to be made.

39 Frauds reported during the year- Nil (Previous year Nil)

40 There are no contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2023 (Previous year Nil)

41 The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by 0.

42 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with those of the current year's classification/disclosure.

For Lodha & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E


K.P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited


Surya Prakash Rao Pandeyala
Chairman


Rajiv Dhar
Director

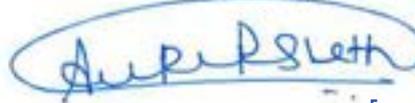
For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W


Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037




Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer


V. Narayanan Iyer
Chief Financial Officer



Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



Place: Mumbai
Date: 26th April, 2023

Independent Auditors' Report

**To the Members of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“the Company”), which comprises of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr.No	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's response
1.	<p>Impairment of financial assets – Provision for expected credit losses as on March 31, 2024 for loans carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs.154.83 Crores [As at March 31, 2023 – 124.88 Crores] [Refer Note no. 2 & 31.3 to the Financial Statements]</p> <p>Ind AS 109 - “Financial instruments” (Ind AS 109) requires the Company to provide for impairment of its financial assets (designated as amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach.</p> <p>The recognition and measurement of ECL on financial instrument involves significant judgement and estimates.</p> <p>(i) Data Input – The application of ECL model requires several data inputs to calculate Probability of Default (“PDs”) and Loss Given Default (“LGD”). The increased risk relating to the completeness and accuracy of the data considered to create assumptions in the model.</p> <p>(ii) Model estimations – Judgmental model used to estimate ECL which involves determination of Probability of Default (PD), Loss given default (LGD), Exposure at default (EAD) and management overlay.</p>	<p>Audit Procedure performed: We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Performed process walkthroughs to identify the key systems, applications and controls used in the impairment allowance processes. ✓ Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the completeness and accuracy of data, inputs, assumptions into the Ind AS 109 Impairment model. ✓ Reviewed the Board approved loss allowance policy and verified the alignment of methodology adopted for computation of ECL including management overlay that addresses the policies approved by the Board of Directors ✓ We tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans and advances based on their past-due status. ✓ Evaluated whether the methodology applied by the Company is compliant with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards, RBI’s master directions relating to Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to



Sr.No	Key Audit Matters	Auditor's response
	<p>(iii) Completeness and accuracy of the data from internal and external sources used in the Models.</p> <p>Considering the significance of ECL to the overall standalone financial statements and the degree of Management's estimates and judgements involved in this matter that requires significant auditors' attention. We have considered the expected credit loss allowance on financial assets to be a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Advances and confirmed that the calculations are performed in accordance with the approved methodology.</p> <p>✓ We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the computation of ECL provision performed by the Company in spreadsheets.</p> <p>✓ Assessing whether the disclosures on key judgements, assumptions and quantitative data with respect to impairment loss allowance in financial statements are appropriate and sufficient.</p> <p>✓ We have also obtained management representations wherever considered necessary</p>

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Board Report including annexures to the Board report but does not include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Board report including annexures to the Board report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.



Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial control system with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that individually or in aggregate makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work and (ii) to evaluate the effect of and identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. Pursuant to the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records.
 - (c) The Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on records by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a Directors in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "B"



- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Sec 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

- (h) With respect to the matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (b) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under sub clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of The Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as provided under (a) and (b)



above, contains any material misstatement. [Refer note 34(g) and (h) to the financial statements.]

- v. The Company has declared and paid dividend for Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares during the financial year in accordance with section 123 of Companies Act, 2013.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software, except that audit trail feature is not enabled for direct changes to data as described in note 33 to the financial statements. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of accounting software.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For LODHA & CO. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 301051E / E300284



R. P. Baradiya
Partner
ICAI M No.- 044101
UDIN: 24044101BKCJAU4144

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024

For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 101851W



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
ICAI M No.- 041037
UDIN: 24041037BKEINV9080



Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024



Annexure "A" referred to in "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:

1. a) In respect of Company's Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) and Intangible Assets:

The Company has maintained proper records, showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of PPE and relevant details of right-of-use assets.

A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

B. During the year, the management has carried out physical verification of all the PPE. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable considering the size of the Company and nature of its PPE. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deed of the immovable property disclosed in the financial statements included under PPE are held in the erstwhile name of the Company.

c) The Company has not revalued any of its PPE (including right- of-use assets) and intangible assets during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

d) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended, and rules made thereunder and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company. [Refer note no. 34(c) to the financial statements]

2. a) The Company is engaged in providing financial services primarily into non-banking financial services (NBFC). Accordingly, it does not hold any inventories and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not availed working capital limits from banks and financial institutions during the year and hence reporting under of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



3. In respect of Investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:
 - a) The Company's principal business is to give loans and hence reporting under Clause 3(iii)(a) and 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any investments, nor given any guarantee or nor provided any security during the year. In respect of the loans granted during the year, having regard to the nature of business carried on by the Company, the terms and conditions thereof are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as stipulated.
 - d) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year either payable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, no deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 have been accepted by the Company and hence reporting under Clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
6. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for the services of the Company and hence reporting under Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
7. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, custom duty, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other



material statutory dues during the year with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, there are no statutory dues mentioned in clause vii (a) which have been not deposited on account of any dispute.
8. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and hence reporting under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
9. a) Based on our audit procedures and on the basis of information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the repayment of interest thereon to the lenders and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans (by way of issuance of non-convertible debentures) have been applied for the purposes they have been raised including temporarily parking the funds received in fixed deposits with Banks / mutual funds until its deployment for the stated purposes.
- d) The Company has not raised any short term funds during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
10. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has utilized the monies raised by way of debt instruments (by way of issuance of non-convertible debentures) for the purposes for which they were raised. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer during the year.



- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records, there were no preferential allotment and private placement of shares and debentures during the year.
11. a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
- b) During the year, no report under sub section 12 of Section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed in rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) Based on our audit procedures performed and according to the information and explanation given to us, no whistle blower complaints were received during the year by the Company and hence provisions of clause 3(xi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and all the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards. (Refer note no. 32 of the financial statements)
14. a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on our examination of the records, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions prescribed under Section 192 of the Act with directors or persons connected with them during the year.



16. a) The Company being an Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non- Banking Financial Company (IDF-NBFC) is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- b) Since, the Company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) In our opinion, the Company is not a Core Investment Company and there is no core investment company within the "Companies in the Group" as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
17. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
18. There has not been a resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and it should not be construed as a guarantee or assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
20. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no amounts unspent in respect of corporate social responsibility towards ongoing or other than ongoing projects and hence reporting under clause 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



21. Since the Company did not have any subsidiary, joint venture or an associate, it is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements and hence reporting under Clause 3(xxii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For LODHA & CO. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 301051E / E300284

For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 101851W



R. P. Baradiya
Partner
ICAI M No.- 044101
UDIN: 24044101BKCJAU4144

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
ICAI M No.- 041037
UDIN: 24041037BKEINV9080

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024



Annexure “B” referred to in “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial



statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A Company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the entity are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the entity's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements and (4) also provide reasonable assurance by the internal auditors through their internal audit reports given to the organisation from time to time.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, broadly in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential Component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Lodha & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 301051E / E300284



R. P. Baradiya
Partner
ICAI M No.- 044101
UDIN: 24044101BKCJAU4144

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024

For M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI FRN – 101851W



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
ICAI M No.- 041037
UDIN: 24041037BKEINV9080

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 03, 2024



NIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

		(₹ in Crs)	
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
I Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	1a	911.50	533.58
(b) Bank Balance other than (a) above		0.02	-
(c) Investment	1b	582.84	-
(d) Loans	2	21,989.77	17,717.01
(e) Other financial assets	3	0.26	0.20
		23,484.39	18,250.88
II Non Financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	4	250.92	147.65
(b) Property, plant and equipment	5a	0.90	0.48
(c) Capital work in progress	5b	0.98	-
(d) Right of use Assets	5c	7.86	5.75
(e) Intangible assets	5d	1.37	0.88
(f) Intangible Asset under Development	5e	0.55	0.28
(g) Other non-financial assets	6	1.01	0.50
		263.59	155.64
Total assets		23,747.98	18,406.42
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
I Financial liabilities			
(a) Payables			
(i) Trade payables	7		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		β	0.02
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1.63	0.65
(ii) Other payables	8		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		4.42	3.32
(b) Debt Securities	9	19,782.14	14,949.81
(c) Finance Lease liabilities	10 (a)	8.17	5.96
(d) Other financial liabilities	10 (b)	74.03	2.38
		19,870.39	14,962.14
II Non-Financial liabilities			
(a) Provisions	11	6.47	2.87
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	12	11.47	1.69
		17.94	4.56
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	13A	1,375.28	1,030.28
(b) Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature	13A	-	878.74
(c) Other equity	13B	2,484.37	1,530.70
		3,859.65	3,439.72
Total liabilities and equity		23,747.98	18,406.42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)

As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E/E300284

R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101

For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 3, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Padmanabh Sinha
Director
DIN no.00101379

Nitesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no.09832942

Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Pankil Mehta
Chief Financial Officer

Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



NIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No. U67190MH2014PLC253944

Statement of Profit and Loss for year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ in Crs)

	Notes	For year ended March 31, 2024	For year ended March 31, 2023
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	14	1,797.54	1,397.00
Fees and commission income	15 (a)	10.90	5.27
Net gain on fair value changes	15 (b)	28.18	1.85
I Total revenue from operations		1,836.62	1,404.12
II Other income	16	10.40	0.11
III Total income (I+II)		1,847.02	1,404.23
Expenses			
Finance costs	17	1,351.83	1,017.01
Fees and commission expense	18	0.33	0.16
Impairment on financial instruments	19	29.95	25.47
Employee benefits expenses	20	30.76	21.56
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	5 & 21	3.07	2.37
Other expenses	22	15.66	11.92
IV Total expenses		1,431.60	1,078.49
V Profit before tax (III - IV)		415.42	325.74
VI Tax expense			
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Earlier year tax adjustment		(5.05)	-
Total tax expenses		(5.05)	-
VII Profit for the year (V - VI)		420.47	325.74
VIII Other comprehensive income			
A (i) items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		(0.52)	(0.95)
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income (A+B)		(0.52)	(0.95)
IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII) (Comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the year)		419.95	324.79
X Earnings per equity share (nominal value of share- ₹10 each)			
Basic (₹)		3.06	2.37
Diluted (₹)		3.06	2.37

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E/E300284

R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101

For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 3, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Padmanabhi Sinha
Director
DIN no.00101379

Nitish Shrivastava
Director
DIN no.09632942

Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Pankil Mehta
Chief Financial Officer

Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



NIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
 CIN No: U87190MH2014PLC253944
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

	(₹ in Crs)	
	For year ended March 31, 2024	For year ended March 31, 2023
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	415.42	325.74
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortisation & Impairment	3.07	2.37
Interest on Debt Securities - EIR Adjustments	17.77	11.03
Interest on Loan - EIR adjustment	(19.11)	(10.69)
Net (Gain) / loss on sale of property, plant and equipments	(0.03)	(0.02)
Gain on Mutual fund investment	(28.16)	-
Discount accreted on T-Bills	(21.85)	-
Interest on Borrowings other than debt securities (Ind AS 116 impact)	0.45	0.49
Impairment on financial instruments	29.95	25.47
Operating profit before working capital changes	397.49	354.39
Changes in working capital:		
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	0.96	(0.11)
(Decrease)/Increase in Other payables	1.10	0.28
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	0.01	(0.04)
(Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities	71.65	(5.30)
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision	3.07	0.87
Increase/(Decrease) in other non financial liabilities	9.79	(0.24)
Increase/(Decrease) Interest accrual on debt securities	222.04	102.86
(Increase)/Decrease in non-financial assets	(0.51)	0.13
(Increase)/Decrease in loans	(4,283.60)	(3,636.80)
Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations	(3,578.00)	(3,185.96)
(Payment) of tax (net)	(98.22)	(32.43)
Net Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations (A)	(3,676.22)	(3,218.39)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment/intangible assets	(2.84)	(1.44)
Sale of property, plant and equipments	0.03	0.43
Purchase of Mutual Fund	(9,288.59)	-
Sale of Mutual fund	9,316.77	-
Purchase of T-bills	(5,965.98)	-
Redemption of T-bills	5,405.00	-
Net cash flow generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(535.61)	(1.01)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from debt securities & CPs issued (Net)	4,592.52	2,513.18
Payment for the lease liability	(2.77)	(1.75)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (C)	4,589.75	2,511.43
Net increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (D) = (A + B + C)	377.92	(707.97)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Year (E)	533.58	1,241.55
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year (F) = (D) + (E)	911.50	533.58
Cash and cash equivalents include the following		
Balances with banks in current account	214.98	11.41
Fixed deposits with maturity less than 3 months	696.52	522.17
Total cash and cash equivalents	911.50	533.58

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
 As per our attached report of even date

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

For Lodha & Co. LLP
 Chartered Accountants
 ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E/E300284

R. P. Baradiya
R. P. Baradiya
 Partner
 Membership No. 044101

For M.P.Chitale & Co.
 Chartered Accountants
 ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Ashutosh Pednekar
 Partner
 Membership No. 041037

Place: Mumbai
 Date: May 3, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Pedmanath Sinha
Pedmanath Sinha
 Director
 DIN no.00101379

Nilesh Shrivastava
Nilesh Shrivastava
 Director
 DIN no.09632942

Shiva Rajaraman
Shiva Rajaraman
 Chief Executive Officer

Pankil Mehta
Pankil Mehta
 Chief Financial Officer

Ankit Sheth
Ankit Sheth
 Company Secretary



A1 Equity share capital

	Note	Number	Amount
As At March 31, 2022		1,03,02,83,486	1,030.28
Issued during the year	13	-	-
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors		-	-
As At March 31, 2023		1,03,02,83,486	1,030.28
Conversion of CCPS during the year	13	34,49,97,165	345.00
As At March 31, 2024		1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28

A2 Compulsorily convertible preference share capital

	Note	Number Series I	Amount	Number Series II	Amount
As At March 31, 2022		8,79,27,757	184.65	25,70,69,408	694.09
Issued during the year	14	-	-	-	-
As At March 31, 2023		8,79,27,757	184.65	25,70,69,408	694.09
Conversion of CCPS during the year	14	(8,79,27,757)	(184.65)	(25,70,69,408)	(694.09)
As At March 31, 2024		-	-	-	-

A3 Other equity

	Securities Premium	Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	Impairment Reserve	General Reserve	Total
As At March 31, 2022	547.59	134.45	0.04	0.88	1,205.91
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	64.96	-	-	64.96
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	325.74
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(0.95)
As at March 31, 2023	547.59	199.41	0.04	0.88	1,530.70
Dividend on CCPS	-	-	-	-	(0.02)
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	84.00	-	-	84.00
Premium on CCPS Converted into equity shares	533.74	-	-	-	533.74
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	420.47
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(0.52)
As At March 31, 2024	1,081.33	283.41	0.04	0.88	2,484.37

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 42)
As per our attached report of even date

For Lodha & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E/300284

R. P. Baradiya
R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Ashutosh Pednekar
Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



Nilesh Shrivastava
Nilesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

Hydramanabi Sinha
Hydramanabi Sinha
Director
DIN no. 0711379

Ankit Steth
Ankit Steth
Company Secretary

Shiva Rajaraman
Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Pankil Mehta
Pankil Mehta
Chief Financial Officer



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

1 Corporate information

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (Formerly IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited) ('the Company') is a public limited company, incorporated in India on March 7, 2014, under the provisions of Companies Act, applicable in India and is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC - IDF) regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The registered office of the Company is located at 3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051.

The Company has received a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC - IDF) license from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on September 22, 2014. The object of the Company is to undertake infrastructure debt fund activities i.e. mainly re-financing existing debt of infrastructure companies.

The financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on May 03, 2024.

The majority shareholder of the Company is M/s National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II which is an Alternative Investment Fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

2 Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and notification for Implementation of Indian Accounting Standard vide circular RBI/2019-20/170 DOR(NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated 13 March 2020 ('RBI Notification for Implementation of Ind AS') issued by RBI.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) is measured at fair value;
- assets held for sale – measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;

The financial statement are presented in Indian Currency (INR) and all values are rounded to nearest rupee Crore except when otherwise indicated.

(iii) Order of liquidity

The Company is covered in the definition of Non-Banking Financial Company as defined in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016. Pursuant to Ind AS 1 and amendment to Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 on October 11, 2018, the Company presents its balance sheet in the order of liquidity as the Company does not supply goods or services within a clearly identifiable operating cycle. A maturity analysis of recovery or settlement of assets and liabilities within 12 months after the reporting date and more than 12 months after the reporting date is presented in Note 29. The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III to the Act as amended from time to time. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' as amended from time to time.



(iv) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realized may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held

Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on its financial assets measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the above financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies such as macroeconomic scenarios and estimated recovery from collateral.

Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies:

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

Determination of lease term:

Ind AS 116 - Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

B Policy on segment

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. lend/invest in Infrastructure projects. The Company also operates in a single geographical segment i.e. domestic. The chief operating decision maker (CODM) in the Company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation, is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and in the internal reporting provided to the CEO for corporate planning, there are no separate reportable segments (including geographical segments).



C (I) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives of fixed assets.

Vehicles	4 years
Computers	3 years
Office Equipments (mobiles & Camera)	2 years
Office Equipments (Others)	5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Tenure of lease
Buildings (Right of use assets)	Tenure of lease
Server/networking equipment	6 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit and loss within other gains/(losses).

(II) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets not ready for use on the date of Balance sheet is shown as intangible assets under development.

D Leases

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low value assets. The company recognises the lease payments associated with short term leases as an expense in profit or loss.



E Impairment of non-financial asset

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

F Taxes on Income

The Company is an Infra Debt Fund - Non Banking Finance Company (IDF - NBFC) registered with the Reserve Bank of India on September 22, 2014. The income of the Company, being IDF-NBFC, is exempt under section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, from with effect from financial year 2019-20.

G Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss). Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Classification of financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit and loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit and loss or other comprehensive income.

Debt Instruments

For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the classification of debt instruments depending on:

- (i) the Company's business model for managing the asset; and
- (ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset (SPPI).

Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective. The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- how the asset's performance and the business model is evaluated and reported to key management personnel
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model and how these risks are assessed and managed
- how managers are compensated.

Solely Payment of Principal and Interest ("SPPI") Assessment

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financials to identify whether they meet the SPPI test, where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, the Company assesses whether the financial instruments cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (the 'SPPI test'). In making this assessment, the Company considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.



Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Company measures all equity investments at fair value through profit and loss, except where the Company's management has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to profit and loss, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, when representing a return on such investments, continue to be recognised in profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Gains and losses on equity investments at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost e.g. Debentures, Bonds etc. The assets held under amortised costs are not traded/sold, except for management of concentration risk or for any such similar exigency to protect the value of asset. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in investment income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income: Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit and loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair value through profit and loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through OCI, are measured at fair value through profit and loss e.g. investments in mutual funds. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised in profit and loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for equity instruments which are not held for trading.

Interest Income

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset (i.e. its amortised cost before any impairment allowance). The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.

When the Company revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial asset is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognised in profit and loss.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial asset cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Interest Income from Fixed Deposits placed with banks & mutual fund is recognised on accrual basis by the Company.

Income on discounted instrument is recognised over the tenor of the instrument on a straight line basis

Modification of loans

The Company sometimes renegotiates or otherwise modifies the contractual cash flows of loans to customers. When this happens, the Company assesses whether or not the new terms are substantially different to the original terms. The Company does this by considering, among others, the following factors:

- (i) if the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay.
- (ii) whether any substantial new terms are introduced, such as a profit share/equity-based return that substantially affects the risk profile of the loan.
- (iii) significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty.
- (iv) significant change in the interest rate.
- (v) change in the currency the loan is denominated in.
- (vi) insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan.

If the terms are substantially different, the Company derecognises the original financial asset and recognises a 'new' asset at fair value and recalculates a new effective interest rate for the asset. The date of renegotiation is consequently considered to be the date of initial recognition for impairment calculation purposes, including for the purpose of determining whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred. However, the Company also assesses whether the new financial asset recognised is deemed to be credit-impaired at initial recognition, especially in circumstances where the renegotiation was driven by the debtor being unable to make the originally agreed payments. Differences in the carrying amount are also recognised in profit and loss as a gain or loss on derecognition.

If the terms are not substantially different, the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition, and the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount based on the revised cash flows of the financial asset and recognises a modification gain or loss in profit and loss. The new gross carrying amount is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original effective interest rate.



De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets, or a portion thereof, are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the assets have expired, or when they have been transferred and either

- (i) the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, or
- (ii) the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the Company has not retained control.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit and loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit and loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity:

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The Company has issued Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) - Tranche I & Tranche II in March'21 & March'22 respectively. The CCPS do not carry any voting rights. The CCPS are not redeemable & each CCPS shall be converted into one equity share of ₹10 each upon induction of a new investor or expiry of 3 (Three) years from the date of issuance of First Tranche CCPS (30 March 2021), whichever is earlier. CCPS have liquidation preference over Equity Shares, in accordance with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

In terms of the agreement with CCPS holder; 34,49,97,165 number of CCPS have been converted into equal number of equity shares as on March 30, 2024.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities (including borrowings and debt securities) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial liability. The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.

Interest expenses on Financials Liabilities

The Interest Expenses on Financial liabilities along with amortisation of transaction costs incurred are recognised as Finance Cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit and loss. If the exchange or modification is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified liability.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the group or the counterparty.

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility. The details are available in Note 34 to the financial statements.



H Impairment - Expected Credit Loss Measurement

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with loans and debentures carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Refer Note 35 for details of impairment methodology applied by the Company.

I Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

J Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

K Employee benefits

Defined contribution benefits include provident fund, Defined Employee benefits includes gratuity fund, compensated absences and long term incentive plans.

Defined contribution plan

The Company pays contribution to provident fund and pension fund as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Defined benefit plan

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit and loss as past service cost.

Compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next 12 months is treated as short term compensated absences and the accumulated leave which are carried forward beyond 12 months are treated as long term compensated absences. Compensated absences are provided for, based on actuarial valuation report as short term and long term compensated absences. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method as at the reporting date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employee renders the related service. The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.



Long-term employee benefits

The Company has a long term incentive plan which is paid in three annual tranches. The Company accounts for the liability as per an actuarial valuation report. The actuarial valuation of the long term incentives liability is calculated based on certain assumptions, as per the projected unit credit method made at reporting period. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

Certain eligible employee of the company are entitled to LTIP units, the value of which is based on underlying value of the share of the company. The company recognizes the fair value of such units and expenses out the same over the vesting period based on the management's estimate of the vesting and forfeiture conditions.

The above units awarded are treated as cash settled share based payment transactions. Under the cash settled share based payment, the fair value of the units granted is computed at every balance sheet date and is recognized as 'employee benefit expenses' with corresponding increase in liability as payable to employee. The fair value of the units is calculated by an independent valuer based on black scholes model.

L. Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the group
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year, conversion of mandatorily convertible instruments from the date the contract is entered into and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

M Goods and services tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax paid, except :

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

The Company expenses off 50% of eligible input tax credit in line with applicable Goods and Services Tax laws.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

1a Cash and cash equivalents	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Cash on Hand	β	β
Balance with bank:		
In current account	214.98	11.41
In deposit account (with original maturity less than 3 months)	696.52	522.17
Total	911.50	533.58
Note: The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by β.		
1b Investment in T bills	582.84	-
Total	582.84	-
2 Loans (At amortised costs)	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Term loans	15,677.75	13,377.29
Debt Securities	6,406.05	4,443.40
Total Loans (*)	22,083.80	17,820.69
Interest accrued on loans	11.64	4.38
Interest accrued on debt securities	49.16	16.82
Total Gross Loans	22,144.60	17,841.89
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(154.83)	(124.88)
Total Net Loans	21,989.77	17,717.01
(*) The loans outstanding before adjustment of Effective Interest Rate, Premium Amortisation and Discount Accretion	22,118.19	17,839.47
(a) The above amount includes:		
(i) Secured by tangible assets	22,118.19	17,839.47
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government guarantees	-	-
(iv) Unsecured	-	-
Total- Gross	22,118.19	17,839.47
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(154.83)	(124.88)
Total- Net	21,963.36	17,714.59
(b) Loans in India	21,963.36	17,714.59



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

3 Other financial assets	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Deposits	0.25	0.25
Receivables from Group Company	-	0.04
Other receivable	0.01	-
Total	0.26	0.29

4 Current tax assets (Net)	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advance payment of income tax	250.92	147.65
Total	250.92	147.65

The Company had filed application with Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for notification as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF) from Financial year 2014-15, the year of receipt of licence from RBI as NBFC-IDF, and has been claiming tax exemption under Section 10(47) read with Rule 2F of the Income Tax Act.

The CBDT has issued a notification dated October 21, 2019 notifying the Company under Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act w.e.f. Financial year 2019-20 (i.e from the financial year starting 1st April 2019).

The Company has made an application to CBDT for review of the said notification with a request to notify it under section 10(47) of Income Tax Act with retrospective effect, i.e. w.e.f. Financial year 2014-15 (the year in which it received RBI registration as NBFC-IDF). In the interim, the tax liability from Financial year 2014-15 till financial year 2018-19 amounting to ₹ 108.01 crore had been provided for in the financial statements of year ended March 31, 2020.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

5 a Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.24	-	-	0.24	0.23	0.01	-	0.24	-
Computers	0.76	0.74	0.15	1.34	0.44	0.30	0.15	0.59	0.75
Office Equipments	0.22	0.07	0.01	0.28	0.13	0.07	0.01	0.19	0.09
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	-	-	1.76	1.76	-	-	1.76	-
Furniture	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.02	0.02	-	0.02	0.02
Total tangible assets	3.06	0.81	0.16	3.71	2.58	0.38	0.16	2.88	0.90

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.56	-	0.32	0.24	0.49	0.06	0.32	0.23	0.01
Computers	0.66	0.14	0.06	0.76	0.35	0.14	0.06	0.43	0.31
Office Equipments	0.15	0.09	0.02	0.22	0.10	0.04	0.01	0.13	0.09
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	-	-	1.76	1.61	0.15	-	1.76	-
Furniture	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.01	0.03	-	0.01	0.07
Total tangible assets	3.21	0.23	0.40	3.04	2.56	0.38	0.39	2.98	0.48

Note: The freehold land has been mortgaged in favour of Debenture Trustees against the secured debentures issued by the Company.

5 b Capital working in progress

Particulars	Amount in Capital working in progress for the year ended March 31, 2024				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	0.98	-	-	-	0.98

Particulars	Amount in Capital working in progress for the year ended March 31, 2023				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-

5 c Right of use Assets

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Right of use Assets	7.66	4.54	-	12.20	1.92	2.47	-	4.34	7.86
Total	7.66	4.54	-	12.20	1.92	2.42	-	4.34	7.86

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2022	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Right of use Assets	-	7.66	-	7.66	-	1.92	-	1.92	5.74
Total	-	7.66	-	7.66	-	1.92	-	1.92	5.74

5 d Intangible Asset

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Intangible Asset	0.94	0.76	-	1.70	0.06	0.27	-	0.33	1.37
Total Intangible Asset	0.94	0.76	-	1.70	0.06	0.27	-	0.33	1.37

As at March 31, 2023	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at April 1, 2022	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2023	Balance as at March 31, 2023
Intangible Asset	-	0.94	-	0.94	-	0.06	-	0.06	0.88
Total Intangible Asset	-	0.94	-	0.94	-	0.06	-	0.06	0.88

5 e Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2024	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Liability Management Software	0.55	-
ICRA Module	-	0.28
Total Intangible assets under development	0.55	0.28

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2024				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	0.55	-	-	-	0.55
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2023				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	0.28	-	-	-	0.28
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

6 Other non-financial assets	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Prepaid expenses	0.88	0.35
Supplier Advance	0.02	0.01
Other Advance	0.11	0.14
Total	1.01	0.50

7 Trade payables*	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	β	0.02
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.63	0.65
Total	1.63	0.67

Trade Payables ageing	Outstanding as on 31, March 2024 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Particulars					
MSME	β	-	-	-	-
Others	1.63	-	-	-	1.63
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Trade Payables ageing	Outstanding as on 31, March 2023 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
Particulars					
MSME	0.02	-	-	-	0.02
Others	0.51	0.14	-	-	0.65
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

8 Other payables	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	4.42	3.32
Total	4.42	3.32

9 Debt Securities	(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
At Amortised cost		
Debentures (Secured, non convertible)(*) fully paid up, privately placed	19,136.07	14,525.78
Interest accrued but not due	646.07	424.03
Total (A)	19,782.14	14,949.81
(*) The borrowings outstanding before adjustment of unamortised fees under Effective Interest Rate	19,214.00	14,598.00
Debt securities in India	19,782.14	14,949.81
Debt securities outside India	-	-
Total (B)	19,782.14	14,949.81

Face value per debenture is Rs.10,00,000 & Rs.100,000 for FY 2023-24 & for FY 2022-23 its Rs.100,000.

Based on Original Maturity	Rate of interest range			Grand Total
	4% to 6%	6% to 8%	8% to 10%	
1) Less than 1 year	-	115.00	1,386.00	1,501.00
2) 1Year to 3Years	-	5,852.00	770.00	6,622.00
3) 3Years to 5Years	-	4,573.00	851.00	5,424.00
4) >5Years	-	2,891.00	2,776.00	5,667.00
Grand Total		13,431.00	5,783.00	19,214.00



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

10 (a) Finance Lease liabilities

(₹ in crs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Finance Lease liabilities	8.17	5.96
Total	8.17	5.96

10 (b) Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Advance receipts from borrowers	74.01	2.38
Dividend payable to CCPS holder	0.02	-
Total	74.03	2.38

11 Provisions

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Provision for gratuity	0.73	0.19
Provision for employee benefits	-	0.09
Provision for compensated absences	0.82	0.43
Provision for long term incentive plan & share appreciation rights	4.92	2.16
Total	6.47	2.87

12 Other non-financial liabilities

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Statutory dues	11.47	1.69
Total	11.47	1.69



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

13 A Share capital

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Authorised shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,81,50,00,000	1,815.00	1,81,50,00,000	1,815.00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	8,80,95,238	185.00	8,80,95,238	185.00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	25,92,59,259	700.00	25,92,59,259	700.00
Non convertible redeemable preference shares of ₹ 100000 each	1,50,000	1,500.00	-	-
Issued, subscribed & fully paid-up shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	-	-	8,79,27,757	184.65
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	-	-	25,70,69,408	694.09
Total		<u>1,375.28</u>		<u>1,909.02</u>

(a) Movements in equity share capital.

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28
Conversion of CCPS during the year	34,49,97,165	345.00	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>1,37,52,80,631</u>	<u>1,375.28</u>	<u>1,03,02,83,466</u>	<u>1,030.28</u>

(b) Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 21) Series I

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	8,79,27,757	184.65	8,79,27,757	184.65
Conversion of CCPS during the year	(8,79,27,757)	(184.65)	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	<u>8,79,27,757</u>	<u>184.65</u>

Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 27) Series II

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	25,70,69,408	694.09	25,70,69,408	694.09
Conversion of CCPS during the year	(25,70,69,408)	(694.09)	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	<u>25,70,69,408</u>	<u>694.09</u>

(c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.
- In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. Such dividend is not recognised as a liability at the Balance Sheet date.

(d) Terms / rights attached to Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)

- The Company has issued Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) having a par value of ₹ 21 (Series I) & 27 (Series II) per share.
- The CCPS shall carry a pre-determined cumulative dividend rate of 0.001% per annum. In addition to the same, if the holders of Equity Shares are paid dividend in excess of 0.001% per annum, CCPS holders shall be entitled to dividend at such higher rate. The dividend shall be payable, subject to cash flow solvency, in the event the board of directors of the Company declare any dividend for the relevant year, and shall be paid in priority to Equity Shares.
- The CCPS are not redeemable & each CCPS shall be converted into one equity share of ₹10 each upon induction of a new investor or expiry of 3 (Three) years from the date of issuance of First Tranche CCPS (30 March 2021), whichever is earlier.
- Subject to Section 47(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the CCPS do not carry any voting rights.
- CCPS shall have liquidation preference over the Equity Shares, in accordance with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.
- In terms of the agreement with CCPS holder, 34,49,97,165 number of CCPS have been converted into equal number of equity shares as on March 30, 2024.

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company

Equity shares

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
National Investment & Infrastructure Fund II & Nominees	54,63,50,979	39.73%	54,63,50,979	53.03%
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	42,39,32,487	30.83%	42,39,32,487	41.15%
President of India (*)	34,49,97,165	25.09%	-	-
HDFC Bank LTD	6,00,00,000	4.36%	6,00,00,000	5.82%

0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series I)

President of India (*)	-	-	8,79,27,757	100.00%
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0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series II)

President of India (*)	-	-	25,70,69,408	100.00%
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(*) Represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

13 B Other Equity

(₹ In Crs.)

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
(a) Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	1,118.71	782.78
(b) Securities premium	1,081.33	547.59
(c) General Reserves	0.88	0.88
(d) Special reserve w/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	283.41	199.41
(e) Impairment Reserve	0.04	0.04
Total	2,484.37	1,530.70
(a) Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	782.78	522.95
Net profit for the year	420.47	325.74
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings	-	-
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations, net of tax	(0.52)	(0.95)
Transfer to Special Reserve w/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934	(84.00)	(64.96)
Dividend on CCPS	(0.02)	-
Closing balance	1,118.71	782.78
(b) Securities Premium		
Opening balance	547.59	547.59
Changes during the year	533.74	-
Share capital issue expenses	-	-
Closing balance	1,081.33	547.59
(c) General Reserve		
Opening balance	0.88	0.88
addition	-	-
Closing balance	0.88	0.88
(d) Special Reserve w/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934		
Opening balance	199.41	134.45
Appropriations during the year	84.00	64.96
Closing balance	283.41	199.41
(e) Impairment Reserve		
Opening balance	0.04	0.04
Appropriations during the year	-	-
Closing balance	0.04	0.04
Total	2,484.37	1,530.70

Nature and purpose of reserve

a) Securities premium

Securities premium represents the excess of issue price over face value of equity shares & compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCPS) issue during the year. As per section 52 (3) expenses on issue of equity share have been adjusted against securities premium.

b) General Reserves

General Reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

c) Special reserves w/s 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934

As per section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934, every non-banking financial company (NBFC) shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent (20%) of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared. No appropriation of any sum from the reserve fund shall be made by the non-banking financial company annually.

d) Impairment Reserve

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) CC PD No 109/22 10 106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, NBFCs are required to hold expected credit loss allowances in accordance with the provisions of IndAS 109. In parallel NBFCs are required to compute provisions as per extant prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP). Where the expected credit loss allowance computed under IndAS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs are required to appropriate the shortfall from their retained earnings to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

		(₹ in Crs)	
		Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
14	Interest Income		
	On financial assets measured at amortised costs		
	Interest on loans	1,740.80	1,350.14
	Interest on deposit	34.89	46.86
	Discount accreted on T-Bills	21.85	-
	Total	1,797.54	1,397.00
15 (a)	Fees and commission income		
	Fees and commission income	10.90	5.27
	Total	10.90	5.27
15 (b)	Net gain on fair value changes		
	- Income from Mutual fund Investment	28.18	1.85
	Total	28.18	1.85
16	Other Income		
	Shared Service Cost Recovery	-	0.09
	Profit on sale of asset	0.03	0.02
	Interest on IT Refunds	10.37	-
	Total	10.40	0.11
17	Finance Costs		
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised costs		
	<u>Interest expense</u>		
	(i) Debt securities	1,348.99	1,014.45
	(ii) Lease Liabilities	0.45	0.49
	(iii) Other borrowing cost (Rating fee & Other expenses)	2.39	2.07
	Total	1,351.83	1,017.01
18	Fees and commission expense		
	Commission paid to project authorities	0.33	0.16
	Total	0.33	0.16
19	Impairment on financial instruments		
	On financial instruments measured at amortised costs		
	Term loans & Debentures	29.95	25.47
	Total	29.95	25.47



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

20 Employee benefits expense	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus	27.76	19.42
Contribution to gratuity fund	0.52	0.42
Contribution to provident and other funds	1.42	1.20
Staff welfare expenses	1.06	0.52
Total	30.76	21.56

21 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	0.38	0.39
Depreciation of right to use assets	2.42	1.92
Intangible Assets	0.27	0.06
Total	3.07	2.37

22 Other expenses	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Professional fees	2.14	2.05
Rates and taxes	1.65	1.46
Computer and IT related expenses	3.08	2.12
Insurance charges	0.27	0.26
Electricity charges	0.18	0.16
Travelling and conveyance	0.70	0.55
Printing and stationery	0.09	0.05
Communication costs	0.03	0.02
Stamp duty and registration fees	0.54	0.31
Directors' sitting fees	0.82	0.41
Contribution towards corporate social responsibility (Refer Note no. 22(b))	5.27	3.73
Auditor's remuneration	0.45	0.38
Advertising & publicity	0.03	0.09
Miscellaneous expenses	0.41	0.33
Total	15.66	11.92

(a) Breakup of Auditors' remuneration		
Audit fees	0.37	0.32
Tax audit fees	0.02	0.02
Certification fees	0.04	0.04
Out-of-pocket expenses	0.02	0.00
Total	0.45	0.38



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

(b) Contribution for corporate social responsibility (CSR)

Amount required to be spent by the Company on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) related activities during the year ₹ 5.27 crore (previous year ₹ 3.73 crore). Amount spent towards CSR during the year and recognised as expense in the statement of profit and loss on CSR related activities is ₹ 5.27 crore (previous year ₹ 3.73 crore), which comprise of following:

	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Amount spent during the year on:		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	5.27	3.73
(iii) On purposes other than (i) above- unspent balance for 1	-	-
Total	5.27	3.73
(a) shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(b) total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(c) reason for shortfall	NA	NA
(d) nature of CSR activities	Promoting Healthcare, Rural Development, Education and Environment	Promoting Healthcare & Education
(e) details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard,	Nil	Nil
(f) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	Nil	Nil

23 Income tax

The Company is registered as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF-NBFC) with RBI. As per Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, any income of IDFs notified by Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for this purpose is exempt from income tax.



24 (i) Employee benefit obligations

(₹ in Crs)

a) Labour Law

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and recognise the same when the Code becomes effective.

b) Defined contribution plans

(₹ in Crs)

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss towards contribution to defined contribution plans which are included under contribution to provident and other funds:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Provident fund	1.05	0.82
Pension fund	0.38	0.38

c) Defined benefit plans

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for India employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age. As per internal policy gratuity liabilities for all employees is uncapped and ₹ 20 lakhs limit is not applicable.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

i) Balance sheet

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
As at March 31, 2022	4.25	3.82	0.43
Current service cost	0.40	-	0.40
Interest expense/(income)	0.18	-	0.18
Return on plan assets	-	1.62	(1.62)
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	0.13	(0.13)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	(0.04)	-	(0.04)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	(0.09)	-	(0.09)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	1.06	-	1.06
Benefit payments	(2.20)	(2.20)	-
As at March 31, 2023	3.56	3.37	0.19
Current service cost	0.65	-	0.65
Past service cost	(0.14)	-	(0.14)
Interest expense/(income)	0.22	-	0.22
Return on plan assets	-	0.21	(0.21)
Employer contributions	-	0.54	(0.54)
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	0.08	(0.08)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.02	-	0.02
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	0.08	-	0.08
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.50	-	0.50
Benefit payments	(0.70)	(0.70)	-
As at March 31, 2024	4.19	3.50	0.69



Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Present value of plan liabilities	4.19	3.56
Fair value of plan assets	3.50	3.37
Plan liability net of plan assets	0.69	0.19

ii) **Statement of profit and loss**

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Employee benefit expense	-	-
Losses on acquisition	-	-
Current service cost	0.65	0.40
Past service cost	(0.14)	-
Total	0.51	0.40
Finance costs	0.01	0.02
Gains/(losses) on settlements	-	-
Net impact on the profit before tax	0.52	0.42

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability:		
Opening amount recognized in OCI outside profit and loss account	0.87	(0.09)
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest expense/income	(0.08)	0.03
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.02	(0.04)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	0.08	(0.09)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.50	1.06
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in experience	-	-
Net impact on the other comprehensive income before tax	1.39	0.87

iii) **Defined benefit plan assets**

Category of assets (% allocation)	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Insurer managed funds	3.50	3.37
Total	3.50	3.37

iv) **Actuarial assumptions**

With the objective of presenting the plan assets and plan liabilities of the defined benefits plans and post retirement medical benefits at their fair value on the balance sheet, assumptions under Ind AS 19 are set by reference to market conditions at the valuation date.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Discount rate	7.15%	7.30%
Salary escalation rate*	10.00%	10.00%

* takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors



v) Sensitivity

₹ in Crs)

Gratuity

As at March 31, 2024	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(4.12)	4.27
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	4.27	(4.12)

As at March 31, 2023	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(0.17)	0.17
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	0.17	(0.17)

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the prior period.

vi) Maturity

The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end as follows:

₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	0.73	1.06
Between 2 and 5 years	3.07	2.43
Between 5 and 10 years	0.83	0.65
Beyond 10 years	1.17	0.41
Total expected payments	5.80	4.55

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 2.94 years (previous year - 2.94 years)

vii) Provision for long term incentive plan (LTIP)

₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Liability for long term incentive plan	3.82	2.16

viii) Provision for leave encashment

₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Liability for compensated absences	0.82	0.43

ix) Provision for long term incentive units (Cash settled share option)

During the year certain eligible employees of the company are entitled to LTIP units, value of which is based on underlying value of the share of the company. The company recognizes the fair value of such units and expenses out the same over the vesting period based on the management's estimate of the vesting and forfeiture conditions. Units awarded are cash settled share base payment transaction.

Details of the plan:

Vesting requirement	33% at the end of 2nd year, 33% at the end of 3rd years and 34% at the end of 4 years from June 2023 (Grant date)
Method of settlement	Cash settled
Exercise price	Nil
No of Option granted during the year	10,49,063
No of Option exercised during the year	Nil
No of Option outstanding As on 31-03-2024	10,49,063
Measurement of fair value	Black - Scholes Option pricing model
Expense recognised during the year (₹ in Crs)	1.10



24 (ii) Lease

Disclosure on Lease in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 116 on 'Leases'

A) Actual Payment of Rent from April 01, 2023 to March 31, 2024 is ₹ 2.76 Crore (Previous Year ₹ 2.21 Crore).

B) The following is the breakup of Current and non-current portion of Lease Liability: (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current	3.93	1.85
Non Current	4.24	4.11
Total Lease Liability	8.17	5.96

C) The following is the movement of Lease Liability (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening Balance	5.96	-
Addition	4.53	7.66
Interest Expense on lease liability	0.45	0.49
Actual payment of rent	2.76	2.20
Closing Balance	8.17	5.96

D) The Carrying Value of Right of Use Asset (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening Balance	5.75	-
Addition	4.53	7.66
Gross Carrying value	10.28	7.66
Depreciation	2.42	1.91
Carrying value of right of use asset	7.86	5.75

E) The following represents the Contractual Maturity of the Lease Liability on an undiscounted basis (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
On demand	-	-
Upto 3 months	1.10	0.55
Above 3 months to 12 months	3.31	1.66
Above 1 Year -3 Years	4.42	4.42
Above 3 Years-5 Years	-	-
Above 5 Years	-	-
Total	8.83	6.62



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

25. Segment information

The Company is engaged in business of financing by way of loans (non banking financial services). All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments, as per Ind AS 108 – Operating Segments.

26. Earnings per share (EPS)

a) The basic earnings per share has been calculated based on the following:

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Net profit after tax available for equity shareholders (A)	420.47	325.74
Less : Dividend to CCPS holder	(0.02)	-
Net profit after tax available for equity shareholders (A)	420.45	325.74
Weighted average number of ordinary shares/(CCPS)	1,37,52,80,631	1,37,52,80,631
Weighted average number of shares (B)	1,37,52,80,631	1,37,52,80,631

b) The reconciliation between the basic and the diluted earnings per share is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Basic earnings per share (A/B)	3.06	2.37
Diluted earnings per share (A/B)	3.06	2.37



27. Capital commitments

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)	1.64	-
Total	1.64	-
Contingent liabilities	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Claims not acknowledged as debts in respect of income-tax demands under appeal	-	-

28. Capital management

The Company maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business and is meeting capital adequacy requirements of the local banking supervisor, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) of India. The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, amongst other measures, the regulations issued by RBI. Company has complied in full with all its externally imposed capital requirements over the reported period. The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI scale based circular (Ref No. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24)

(₹ in Crs)

Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR)	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Tier I capital	3,849.87	3,432.83
Tier II capital	154.83	124.88
Total capital	4,004.70	3,557.71
Risk weighted assets	16,534.49	17,061.47
CRAR (%)	24.22%	20.85%
CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	23.28%	20.12%
CRAR - Tier II capital (%)	0.94%	0.73%
Amount of subordinated debt considered as Tier II capital	-	-
Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments	-	-

Regulatory Tier I capital, which comprises share capital, share premium, special reserves, share option outstanding account, retained earnings including current year profit and non-controlling interests less accrued dividends & Intangible assets. Certain adjustments are made to Ind AS based results and reserves, as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

29 The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2023		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	911.50	-	911.50	533.58	-	533.58
Bank Balance other than above	0.02	-	0.02	-	-	-
Investments	582.84	-	582.84	-	-	-
Loans	1,564.08	20,425.69	21,989.77	1,066.77	16,650.24	17,717.01
Other financial assets	0.01	0.25	0.26	0.04	0.25	0.29
Non-financial assets						
Income tax assets (Net)	-	250.92	250.92	-	147.65	147.65
Property, plant and equipment	-	0.90	0.90	-	0.48	0.48
Capital work in progress	0.98	-	0.98	-	-	-
Right of use Assets	-	7.86	7.86	-	5.75	5.75
Intangible assets	-	1.37	1.37	-	-	-
Intangible Asset under Development	0.55	-	0.55	-	1.16	1.16
Other non-financial assets	1.01	-	1.01	0.50	-	0.50
Total assets	3,060.99	20,686.99	23,747.98	1,600.89	16,805.53	18,406.42
Financial liabilities						
Payables						
(I) Trade payables	-	-	-	0.02	-	0.02
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small						
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro						
enterprises and small enterprises						
(II) Other payables	1.63	-	1.63	0.65	-	0.65
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small						
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro						
enterprises and small enterprises						
Debt securities	4.42	-	4.42	3.32	-	3.32
Borrowings (Other than debt securities)	2,147.07	17,635.07	19,782.14	1,163.03	13,786.78	14,949.81
Finance Lease liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	3.93	4.24	8.17	1.84	4.11	5.95
Non-financial Liabilities	74.03	-	74.03	2.38	-	2.38
Provisions	-	6.47	6.47	0.75	2.12	2.87
Other non-financial liabilities	11.47	-	11.47	1.69	-	1.69
Total liabilities	2,242.55	17,645.78	19,888.33	1,173.68	13,793.01	14,966.69
Net	818.44	3,041.21	3,859.65	427.21	3,012.52	3,439.73



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

30 Fair value measurement

a) Financial Instruments by Category

(₹ in Crs)

The following table provides categorization of all financial instruments at carrying value except for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if, the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at March 31, 2024	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	15,576.49
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	6,352.48
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	60.79
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	911.50
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	0.02
Investments	-	-	582.84
Other financial assets	-	-	0.28
Total financial assets	-	-	23,484.39
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	19,136.07
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	646.07
Trade payables	-	-	1.63
Other Payables	-	-	4.42
Finance Lease liability	-	-	8.17
Other financial liabilities	-	-	74.03
Total financial liabilities	-	-	19,870.39
As at March 31, 2023	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	13,283.55
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	4,412.26
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	21.20
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	533.58
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	0.29
Total financial assets	-	-	18,250.88
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	14,525.78
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	424.03
Trade payables	-	-	0.67
Other Payables	-	-	3.32
Lease liability	-	-	5.96
Other financial liabilities	-	-	2.38
Total financial liabilities	-	-	14,962.14

Note: There are no other categories of financial instruments other than those mentioned above. The financial assets are shown net of provision for Expected Credit Loss.

b) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

As at March 31, 2024

(₹ in Crs)

Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Loans					
- Term loans	4	-	-	15,576.49	15,576.49
- Debentures and bonds	4	-	-	6,352.48	6,352.48
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	4	-	-	60.79	60.79
Investments	4	-	-	582.84	582.84
Total financial assets		-	-	22,572.60	22,572.60
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities					
- Debentures and bonds	11	-	-	19,136.07	19,136.07
- Accrued interest on borrowings	11	-	-	646.07	646.07
Total financial liabilities		-	-	19,782.14	19,782.14



As at March 31, 2023						(₹ in Crs)
Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets						
Loans						
- Term loans	4	-	-	13,283.55	13,283.55	
- Debentures and bonds	4	-	-	4,412.26	4,412.26	
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	4	-	-	21.20	21.20	
Total financial assets				17,717.01	17,717.01	
Financial liabilities						
Debt securities						
- Debentures and bonds	11	-	-	14,525.78	14,525.78	
- Accrued interest on borrowings	11	-	-	424.03	424.03	
Total financial liabilities				14,949.81	14,949.81	

- i) There are no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.
 ii) The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial assets by valuation technique:

The fair value of financial instruments are classified into three categories i.e. Level 1, 2 or 3 depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The hierarchies used are as follows:

Level 1: Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as mutual funds) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

c) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of the unquoted mutual fund units is determined using observable NAV representing repurchase price issued by the mutual fund/venture capital fund.
- the fair values of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on the observable yield curves.
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

d) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	Financial assets			
Loans				
Rupee loans	15,576.49	15,576.49	13,377.29	13,377.29
Debentures and Bonds	6,352.48	6,352.48	4,443.40	4,443.40
Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	60.79	60.79	21.20	21.20
Investments	582.84	582.84		
Total financial assets	22,572.60	22,572.60	17,841.89	17,841.89
Financial liabilities				
Debt securities				
Debentures	19,136.07	19,136.07	14,525.78	14,525.78
Commercial papers	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	19,136.07	19,136.07	14,525.78	14,525.78

Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual creditworthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk. The fair values of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost i.e. debt securities issued were calculated based on their cash flows discounted using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, other financial assets and liabilities. Such amounts have been classified as Level 3 on the basis that no adjustments have been made to the balances in the balance sheet.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

31 Financial risk management

31.1. Introduction

Risk management is an integral part of the business practices of the Company. The framework of risk management concentrates on formalising a system to deal with the most relevant risks, building on existing management practices, knowledge and structures. The process of risk management is paramount to the Company and each employee is accountable for risks relating to his/her responsibilities. The key risk management tenets adopted by the Company includes maker-checker principle and three levels of defence (first level - employee, second level - risk team, third level - internal audit). The Company is exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, price risk and operations risk through its business operations.

31.2. Risk management structure

The Company has set up a robust risk governance framework based on the following key principles:

- The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Company's risk management framework. The board is principally responsible for approving the Company's risk related strategies and policies.
- To ensure that the Company has a sound system of risk management and internal controls in place, the board has established a risk committee. The risk committee assists the board in relation to the oversight and review of the Company's risk management principles and policies, strategies, appetite, processes and controls. The risk committee has direct access to the Company's management and has open communication with them.
- Policies, processes and systems are put in place for effective risk management.
- The Company has an independent risk unit which is entrusted with the responsibility of implementing risk policy and processes for risk identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring and control. It reports to the Chief Risk Officer (CRO), who in turn reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company. The board has put in place the policy to safeguard the independence of CRO. The CRO meets the Risk Management Committee (RMC) on a quarterly basis without the presence of CEO.
- The Company's Resources team is primarily responsible for funding and liquidity risks and is guided by the asset liability management policy. The market risks of the Company are supervised by the asset liability committee.
- The Company maintains a Risk Register for all its processes. Operational risks of the Company are monitored by business operations risk committee.
- The Business team monitors project assets on regular basis and highlights pending compliances to senior management on monthly basis. It also conducts annual site visits and monitors financial covenants.
- Annual review of financial and operational performance of projects and their re-rating is conducted by the risk team.
- Risk management processes are also audited quarterly by internal audit and findings and recommendations are provided to the audit committee.

31.3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering financial loss, should any of the Company's customers, clients or market counterparties fail to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Company. Credit risk arises mainly from loans and advances arising from lending activities.

Credit risk is the single largest risk for the Company's business, management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk. The credit risk management and control are centralised in a risk committee which reports regularly to the Board. The company adheres to high standards of credit risk management and mitigation. The lending proposals are subjected to a thorough assessment of promoters; group financial strength and leverage, operational & financial performance track record, cash flows; valuation of collateral.

The exposures are subjected to regular monitoring of (i.e. cash flows of the projects, security cover and operational performance is regularly monitored). The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of exposure at each sector/sub-sector level. The concentration of risk is monitored in relation to such limits.

31.3.1. Credit risk measurement - loans and advances

The estimation of credit exposure for risk management purposes is complex and requires the use of models, as the exposure varies with changes in market conditions, expected cash flows and the passage of time. The assessment of credit risk of a loans and advances entails further estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, of the associated loss ratios and of default correlations counterparties. The Company measures credit risk using probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD). This is similar to the approach used for the purpose of measuring expected credit loss (ECL) under Ind AS 109.

The Company's concentration risk is managed at the sector/sub-sector level. These limits are approved by the risk committee and reviewed at regular intervals. The following table shows the risk concentration towards each sector/sub-sector.

Sector/sub-sector	Exposure limit as per risk policy		Exposure		Amount Outstanding (₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Energy Generation - Wind	25%	25%	6.89%	10.98%	1,657.61	2,186.59
Energy Generation - Solar	45%	45%	36.54%	39.47%	7,894.39	6,431.85
Energy Generation - Hydro	15%	15%	2.19%	0.00%	525.95	-
Energy Generation - Other	25%	25%	21.09%	18.45%	4,521.46	3,716.07
Energy Transmission	25%	25%	3.07%	3.73%	738.10	748.80
Total Energy Sector	85%	85%	69.78%	72.63%	15,337.51	13,081.30
Transport - Roads	-	-	4.50%	4.06%	1,073.58	119.79
Ports, Airports, Railways etc. (without Inflight)	25%	25%	9.06%	8.58%	2,160.61	1,720.24
Logistics	25%	25%	2.73%	1.98%	556.16	399.94
Bulk Material Transportation	25%	25%	1.59%	2.31%	381.99	464.99
Other social and commercial infrastructure	25%	25%	0.55%	0.00%	123.40	-
Hospitals	25%	25%	0.66%	0.88%	158.96	178.05
Education Institutions	25%	25%	0.29%	0.37%	68.65	73.87
Water & Sanitation	15%	15%	2.31%	2.75%	521.79	501.79
Communication	15%	15%	8.53%	6.43%	1,835.54	1,279.49
Total			100.00%	100.00%	22,118.19	17,839.47

a) Credit risk grading

The Company uses internal credit risk grading framework that reflects its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparty Borrower and loan specific information collected at the time of initial application and annual re-rating exercise is fed into risk rating model. This is supplemented by external data such as credit bureau scoring information.

The framework is robust and comparable to credit models used by premier credit rating bureaus. The credit rating model considers various parameters (such as promoter strength, operating risk, market risk, financial factors, etc.) and a score is assigned to each parameter between 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest). The internal rating grade is based on the final score derived from the credit rating model.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

The Company's internal rating grades	
Internal rating grades	Description of the grade
AAA	Highest Safety
AA+	
AA	
AA-	
AA-	
AA+	High Safety
AA	
AA-	
AA-	
AA-	
BBB+	Adequate Safety
BBB	
BBB-	
BBB-	
BBB-	
BBB+	Moderate Safety
BBB	
BBB-	
BBB+ / BB+ / BB-	Moderate Risk
BB- / B+ / B	
BB- / B- / B-	High Risk / Very High Risk / Default
BB- / B- / B-	

As per risk rating policy, the Company does not finance the projects below having internal rating grade below BBB+, arrived as per the above mentioned risk rating framework. In case of difference between internal rating grade and external credit rating (if any), then lower of the two ratings would be considered while evaluating the minimum rating criteria.

However, at the time of sanction, if the external credit rating is below internal rating grade, but is expected to improve due to various factors (including refinance loan terms), Company may provide financial assistance to such borrowers on the condition that the disbursement would be made only after the minimum investment grade rating as aforesaid is obtained.

An annual review of the loans / debentures (credit substitutes) would be conducted to determine the credit migration and rating of the portfolio. The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the Company's debt portfolio as at March 31.

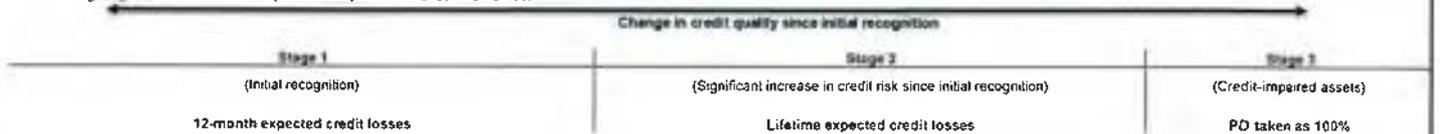
Internal rating grades	% of total customer		% of total outstanding	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
AAA	0%	0%	0%	0%
AA+ / AA / AA-	28%	31%	49%	44%
A+ / A / A-	52%	48%	41%	39%
BBB+	11%	15%	7%	15%
BBB	9%	4%	8%	2%
BBB-	0%	1%	0%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

b) Expected credit loss measurement

Ind AS 109 outlines a 'three-stage' model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit-impaired on initial recognition is classified in 'Stage 1' and has its credit risk continuously monitored by the Company.
- If a significant increase in credit risk ('SICR') since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Refer note 31(b)(i) below for a description of how the Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.
- If the financial instrument is credit-impaired, the financial instrument is then moved to 'Stage 3'. Refer note 31(b)(ii) below for a description of how the Company defines credit-impaired and default.
- Financial instruments in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. Instruments in Stages 2 have their ECL measured based on expected credit losses on a lifetime basis while for Stage 3, probability of default is taken as 100%. Refer note 31(b)(iii) below for a description of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring the ECL.
- A pervasive concept in measuring ECL in accordance with Ind AS 109 is that it should consider forward-looking information.

The following diagram summarises the impairment requirements under Ind AS 109:



i) Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the quantitative, qualitative or backstop criteria have been met.

Quantitative criteria:

The credit risk on a financial asset of the Company are assumed to have increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 61 days past due. Accordingly the financial assets shall be classified as Stage 2, if on the reporting date, it has been more than 61 days past due.

Qualitative criteria:

For all financial instruments held by the Company, if the borrower is on the watch list and/or the instrument meets one or more of the following criteria:

- Internal rating downgrade of two notches or more
- Any events of non-cooperation
- Evidence of diversion of funds

Backstop:

A backstop is applied and the financial instrument considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk if the borrower is more than 61 days past due on its contractual payments.

The Company has not used the low credit risk exemption for any financial instruments in the year ended March 31, 2024.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

ii) Default and credit-impaired asset

The Company defines a financial asset as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

The borrower is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments to be considered in default

Qualitative criteria:

The borrower meets unlikelyness to pay criteria, which indicates the borrower is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- the borrower is in long-term forbearance
- the borrower is insolvent

The criteria above have been applied to all financial instruments held by the Company and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD) throughout the Company's expected loss calculations.

iii) Measuring ECL – Explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or Lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are the discounted product of the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD), and loss given default (LGD), defined as follows:

PD Estimation:

The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per "Definition of default and credit-impaired" above), either over the next 12 months (12M PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime PD) of the obligation.

The lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12M PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the loans. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets within a portfolio and credit grade band. This is supported by historical analysis.

The credit quality of the portfolio is assessed using internally developed credit rating model. The internal rating grade is determined for every initial application and annual re-rating is also performed for all existing counterparties. In the absence of default/SMA history and limited number of counterparties involved, credit rating data available in public domain has been used to assign PDs to internal rating grades.

• For Stage 1, 12 month PD are calculated. CRISIL 1 year cumulative default rate data and GDP forecast estimates have been used to arrive at 12 month PD for base case, best case and worst case economic scenarios.

• For Stage 2, Lifetime PD are calculated by considering the survival rate of the counterparty for the remaining maturity. The PD is based on CRISIL average transition matrices based on corporates.

• For Stage 3, Lifetime PD is taken as 100%.

Internal rating grades – 12 month PD Mapping:

Internal rating grades		PIT PD
Highest Safety	iAAA	0.07%
	iAA+	0.13%
High Safety	iAA	0.13%
	iAA-	0.17%
Adequate Safety	iA+	0.18%
	iA	0.18%
Moderate Safety	iBBB+	1.03%
	iBBB	1.03%
	iBBB-	1.03%
Moderate Risk	iBB+	4.87%
	iBB	4.87%
	iBB-	4.87%
High Risk	iB	11.18%
Very High Risk	iC	27.26%
Default	D	100.00%

Exposure at default:

EAD is based on the amounts the Company expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD).

For amortising products and bullet repayment loans, this is based on the contractual repayments owed by the borrower over a 12 month or lifetime basis. This will also be adjusted for any expected overpayments made by the borrower. Early repayment/refinance assumptions are also incorporated into the calculation.



Loss given default:

Loss Given Default (LGD) represents the Company's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. LGD varies by type of counterparty, type and seniority of claim and availability of collateral or other credit support. LGD is expressed as a percentage loss per unit of exposure at the time of default (EAD). LGD is calculated on a 12-month or lifetime basis, where 12-month LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs in the next 12 months and Lifetime LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs over the remaining expected lifetime of the loan.

The 12-month and lifetime LGDs are determined based on the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. These vary by product type and security coverage.

In case of re-financing of operating road project, the Company enters into a tripartite agreement with the concessionaire and NHAI/any other project authority for ensuring a compulsory buyout with termination payments. The LGD for road project loans is taken as 5% since the entire credit exposure arising out of loan agreement is secured by way of tripartite agreement with Government authorities. 5% assumption on LGD is hence assumed only to capture any time delay in enforcing the tripartite agreement.

In case of re-financing of other operating infrastructure project loans, the primary credit support is cash flow control and additional comfort is taken as project assets as collateral. In absence of actual instances of default and consequential recoveries, the LGD rates under "Foundation IRB approach" as prescribed by RBI, after considering the threshold level of collateralisation and required level of over collateralisation for full recognition of collateral, have been taken as a proxy measure.

ECL computation:

The ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD for each future month and for each individual exposure or collective segment. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for the likelihood of survival (i.e. the exposure has not prepaid or defaulted in an earlier month).

iv) Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL model

The assessment of SICR and the calculation of ECL both incorporate forward-looking information. The Company has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit losses for portfolio.

Judgment has also been applied in this process. Forecasts of these economic variables (the "base economic scenario") are provided on a regular basis and provide the best estimate view of the economy over the next five years.

The assessment of SICR is performed using the Lifetime PD under each of the base, and the other scenarios, multiplied by the associated scenario weighting, along with qualitative and backstop indicators. This determines whether the whole financial instrument is in Stage 1, Stage 2, or Stage 3 and hence whether 12-month or lifetime ECL should be recorded. Following this assessment, the Company measures ECL as either a probability weighted 12 month ECL (Stage 1), or a probability weighted lifetime ECL (Stages 2 and 3). These probability-weighted ECLs are determined by running each scenario through the relevant ECL model and multiplying it by the appropriate scenario weighting (as opposed to weighting the inputs).

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Company considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes and has analysed the non-linearities and asymmetries within the Company's different portfolios to establish that the chosen scenarios are appropriately representative of the range of possible scenarios.

The Company has identified the "GDP growth rate" as a key driver for the expected credit loss. To smoothen the GDP growth rate for past 15 years, GDP growth rates achieved during black swan events such as during the COVID period (FY21) and subsequent high revival growth rate (FY22) have not been considered while taking the GDP numbers for March 2024 ECL workings.

The following table sets out the assumptions used for base case, best case and worst case ECL scenarios, taking GDP growth rate as key driver for expected loss:

Year ended March 31, 2024

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY23	FY23	FY27	FY28	FY29
Base case	50%	6.81%	6.46%	6.47%	6.48%	6.49%
Best case	20%	9.55%	9.20%	9.20%	9.21%	9.22%
Worst case	30%	4.07%	3.72%	3.72%	3.74%	3.75%

Year ended March 31, 2023

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY24	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28
Base case	50%	5.89%	6.32%	6.21%	6.07%	6.00%
Best case	20%	8.71%	9.13%	9.03%	8.89%	8.82%
Worst case	30%	3.07%	3.51%	3.39%	3.25%	3.18%

The GDP estimates are used to project the grade wise PD for base case, best case and worst case scenario. The final (weighted) ECL is arrived at by assigning 50%, 20% and 30% weights to the base case, best case and worst case ECL respectively.

The GDP estimates are presented for financial years

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024 (₹ in Crs)	As at March 31, 2024 (%)	As at March 31, 2024 (% of Total Loans)	As at March 31, 2023 (₹ in Crs)	As at March 31, 2023 (%)	As at March 31, 2023 (% of Total Loans)
Scenario weighted computed ECL	31.55	3%	0.34%	45.06	3%	0.25%
Management Overlay	123.28	8%	0.56%	79.82	6%	0.45%
Total Impairment Loss Allowance on Loans (Note 2)	154.83	100%	0.70%	124.88	100%	0.70%

Scenario weighted computed ECL as on March 31, 2024 is ₹ 31.55 crore (March 31, 2023 is ₹ 45.06 crore). Over and above this, there is management overlay of ₹ 123.28 crore (₹ 79.82 crore) such that the Total Impairment Loss Allowance will be 0.7% of Total Loans which amounts to ₹ 154.83 crore (₹ 124.88 crore).



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

v) Financial assets measured on a collective basis

ECL is calculated on individual basis for all loan assets

vi) Proposal appraisal

The Company collects relevant project/corporate documents and initiates appraisal of the proposal. The evaluation process encompasses establishment of viability of proposal including borrower's ability to service the loan. The evaluation is undertaken through a combination of review of project/corporate documents, external rating rationales (if any), meetings with project promoters/key officials, site visits, etc.

Proposals shall be approved by the Board/ Committee of the Board post recommendation by the Decision Committee.

Term loans /debentures can have fixed rate or floating rate of interest linked to the Company's benchmark rate or another agreed benchmark. There may be reset of spreads after defined intervals.

Below is the mix of assets with spread reset dates falling within 1 year and more than 1 year:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Less than 1 year	6.00%	4.00%
More than 1 year	94.00%	96.00%

vii) Overview of modified and forbore loan

All the loan assets of the Company are categorised under Stage 1 and there are no modified or forbore loans.

c) Credit risk exposure

i) Maximum exposure to credit risk - Loans and debenture measured at amortised subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety				
High Safety	10,136.38	-	-	10,136.38
Adequate Safety	9,016.28	-	-	9,016.28
Moderate Safety	2,965.53	-	-	2,965.53
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	22,118.19	-	-	22,118.19

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety				
High Safety	7,835.66	-	-	7,835.66
Adequate Safety	6,972.42	-	-	6,972.42
Moderate Safety	3,031.39	-	-	3,031.39
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	17,839.47	-	-	17,839.47

ii) Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The Company does not have any exposure to financial instruments not subjected to impairment.

iii) Collateral and other credit enhancement

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Guidelines are in place covering the acceptability and valuation of each type of collateral.

The Company employs a range of policies and practices to mitigate credit risk. The most common of these is accepting collateral for funds advanced. The Company has internal policies on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation.

The Company prepares a valuation of the collateral obtained as part of the loan origination process. This assessment is reviewed periodically. The principal collateral types are:

- charges over tangible assets such as property, plant and equipment; and
- charges over book debts, inventories, bank deposits, and other working capital items; and
- charges over financial instruments such as debt securities and equities.

The fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a regular basis.

Particulars	Gross Exposure	Impairment allowance	Undrawn amount	EIR Adjustment	Carrying amount
(₹ in Crs)					
As at March 31, 2024					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	15,746.13	110.22	-	24.48	15,611.42
- Debentures and bonds	6,372.07	44.60	-	9.91	6,317.55
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	60.79	-	-	-	60.79
Total	22,178.99	154.82	-	34.39	21,989.76
As at March 31, 2023					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	13,431.57	94.02	-	14.14	13,323.41
- Debentures and bonds	4,407.90	30.86	-	4.64	4,372.41
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	21.19	-	-	-	21.19
Total	17,860.66	124.88	-	18.78	17,717.01



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

iv) Loss allowance

The loss allowance recognised in the period is impacted by a variety of factors, as described below:

- transfers between Stage 1 and Stages 2 or 3 due to financial instruments experiencing significant increases (or decreases) of credit risk or becoming credit-impaired in the period, and the consequent "step up" (or "step down") between 12-month and Lifetime ECL;
- additional allowances for new financial instruments recognised during the period, as well as releases for financial instruments de-recognised in the period;
- impact on the measurement of ECL due to changes in PDs, EADs and LGDs in the period, arising from regular refreshing of inputs to models;
- impacts on the measurement of ECL due to changes made to models and assumptions;
- financial assets derecognised during the period and write-offs of allowances related to assets that were written off during the period.

An analysis of change in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio and corresponding loss allowance:

The following table further explains changes in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio to help explain their significance to the changes in the loss allowance for the same portfolio as discussed below:

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	17,841.89	-	-	17,841.89
New assets originated or purchased	6,985.74	-	-	6,985.74
Assets derecognised or repaid	(2,683.04)	-	-	(2,683.04)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	22,144.60	-	-	22,144.60

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	14,192.40	-	-	14,192.40
New assets originated or purchased	6,560.59	-	-	6,560.59
Assets derecognised or repaid	(2,911.10)	-	-	(2,911.10)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	17,841.89	-	-	17,841.89

The following table explains the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and at the end of the annual period due to various factors:

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	124.88	-	-	124.88
New assets originated or purchased	48.90	-	-	48.90
Assets derecognised or repaid	(18.95)	-	-	(18.95)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	154.83	-	-	154.83

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2023			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	99.41	-	-	99.41
New assets originated or purchased	45.92	-	-	45.92
Assets derecognised or repaid	(20.45)	-	-	(20.45)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	124.88	-	-	124.88

The origination of new loan assets is the primary factor that contributed to the change in the loss allowance during the period.

31.3.2 Other financial assets

The Company has credit risk exposure in cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, and other financial assets. Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits are held with only high rated banks/financial institutions only therefore credit risk is perceived to be low. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

31.4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stressful circumstances. To limit this risk management has adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a monthly basis. The Company has developed internal control processes and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining liquid investments. In accordance with the Company's policy, the liquidity position is assessed by setting limits on the amount of liquidity exposure and monitoring exposures in relation to each such limits.

4) Liquidity Risk framework

Category	Limits
Limits on cumulative negative gaps, as a % of cumulative outflows (maximum)	-10% of cumulative outflows for 0 to 7 days, over 7 days to 14 days -20% of cumulative outflows for 14 days to 1 month -30% of cumulative outflows for 1-month to 6-months -40% of cumulative outflows for 6-months to 1-year -55% of cumulative outflows for 1-year to 3-years -70% of cumulative outflows for 3-years to 5-years
Capital adequacy ratio (CRAR) (minimum)	15%
Capital Classification	Tier II Capital shall not exceed Tier I Capital
Borrowings through shorter tenor bonds and commercial papers (CPs)	Up to 10% of total outstanding borrowings
Credit rating (minimum)	A
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) (minimum)	0.85
Earnings at risk (EAR) (maximum)	₹ 35 Crore
Liquidity ratio - Long-term assets/Total Assets	Min: 80% - Max: 95%

The Company has assumed impairment in 1-3 yr and 3-5 yr bucket based on behavioral pattern as allowed under RBI circular from Oct 31, 2023



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024
 b) Analysis of financial assets and liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial assets and liabilities balance sheet date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in Cro)										
	0 - 7 Days	8 - 14 Days	15 Days - 1 Month	Over 1 Month to 2 Months	Over 2 Months to 3 Months	Over 3 Months to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year to 3 Years	Over 3 Year to 5 Years	Above 5 Years	Total
Financial assets											
Loans	31.42	-	13.78	18.12	218.97	300.53	920.48	3,369.39	4,168.92	13,042.22	22,083.83
T Bill	-	249.52	229.17	104.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	582.84
Total undiscounted financial assets	31.42	249.52	242.94	122.27	218.97	300.53	920.48	3,369.39	4,168.92	13,042.22	22,666.67
Financial liabilities											
Debt securities	-	-	-	20.00	-	376.00	1,105.00	6,622.00	5,424.00	5,589.07	19,136.07
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	-	-	-	20.00	-	376.00	1,105.00	6,622.00	5,424.00	5,589.07	19,136.07
As at March 31, 2023											
Financial assets											
Loans	-	-	17.46	26.09	200.47	253.99	568.76	2,504.93	2,499.38	11,749.61	17,820.69
Total undiscounted financial assets	-	-	17.46	26.09	200.47	253.99	568.76	2,504.93	2,499.38	11,749.61	17,820.69
Financial liabilities											
Debt securities	-	-	-	60.00	-	217.00	462.00	2,870.00	9,177.00	1,739.80	14,525.80
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	-	-	-	60.00	-	217.00	462.00	2,870.00	9,177.00	1,739.80	14,525.80



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

c) Public disclosure on liquidity risk

The disclosure in terms of RBI scale based circular ref. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated March 21, 2024 on liquidity risk management framework for NBFCs is provided below-

(i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty

Sr no	Year	No. of counterparties	Amount (₹ in Crs)	% of Total Borrowings	% of Total Liabilities
1	March 31, 2024	20	14,500.00	75.47%	72.91%
2	March 31, 2023	21	10,695.00	73.26%	71.46%

(ii) Top 20 large deposits - Nil

(iii) Top 10 borrowings: ₹ 11,540 Crore (represent 60.06% of total borrowings) (previous year ₹ 7,995 Crore (represent 54.77% of total borrowings))

Sr no	Name of instrument	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
		Amount (₹ in Crs)	% of Total Liabilities	Amount (₹ in Crs)	% of Total Liabilities
1	Non Convertible Debentures	19,214.00	100.00%	14,598.00	100.00%

(v) Stock ratios:

Sr no	Instrument	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
		As a % of total public funds	As a % of total liabilities	As a % of total public funds	As a % of total liabilities
(b)	Non Convertible Debentures (original maturity <1 year)	NA	Nil	NA	Nil
(c)	Other short term liabilities	NA	11%	NA	8%
			9%	NA	6%

(vi) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

The Company has instituted Asset Liability Management Policy under which the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) has been set up for oversight Asset Liability Management (ALM), including liquidity risk management. The overall ALM framework as well as liquidity risk is managed by-

- (i) Board - which provides the overall direction for the Policy and framework.
- (ii) ALCO - comprises Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Risk Officer (CRO), Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Chief Business Officer (CBO). Director - Resources. It is a decision making body responsible for strategic management of interest rate and liquidity risks.
- (iii) Asset Liability Management Support Group - which consist of operating staff from Risk, Finance and Resources group, who analyse/monitor liquidity profile, limits & report to ALCO & RBI.
- (iv) Finance Committee - comprises CEO, CRO, CBO and CFO which is authorised to borrow monies through various instruments permitted by RBI.
- (v) Resources Group - which is ALM support group and is responsible for fund raising, maintain appropriate liquidity buffers, provide market related inputs and actively implement ALM strategy.
- (vi) Investment Committee - Comprises CEO,CRO,CBO,CFO,CCO and is responsible for investment of surplus funds



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

(₹ in Cro)

D) Disclosure on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) under RBI scale based circular no. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated March 21, 2024 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies

Particulars	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#
	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-24	31-Dec-23	31-Dec-23	30-Sep-23	30-Sep-23	30-Jun-23	30-Jun-23
High Quality Liquid Assets	1,283.07	1,283.07	1,336.91	1,336.91	835.53	835.53	768.44	768.44
Cash Outflows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits for deposit taking companies)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secured wholesale funding	857.73	980.64	385.03	385.03	881.45	881.45	1,234.24	1,418.37
Additional requirements of which	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outflows related to derivative exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other contractual funding obligations	988.33	1,068.02	1,125.05	1,125.05	789.81	789.81	642.00	642.00
Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cash Outflows	1,851.06	2,048.66	1,365.11	1,510.08	1,671.26	1,804.82	1,876.24	2,062.94
Cash Inflows	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secured lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inflows from fully performing exposures	372.57	279.42	331.79	248.84	377.25	282.94	242.42	181.82
Other cash inflows	1,448.91	1,200.29	1,369.97	1,170.27	1,102.64	974.84	1,439.76	1,252.88
Total Cash Inflows	1,821.48	1,479.71	1,701.76	1,419.12	1,479.89	1,257.78	1,681.69	1,434.69
		Total Adjusted Value						
		1,283.07		1,336.91		835.53		768.44
		568.95		377.52		647.04		628.24
		228%		354%		153%		127%
		LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)						

*Unweighted values calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows)

Weighted values calculated after the application of respective stress factors on inflow (75%) and outflow (115%).

Other cash inflows mainly contains Fixed deposit, Mutual fund & funds raised through NCD/CP.

Notes :

- Liquidity Coverage Ratio without considering disbursements & borrowings for the quarter is 379%.
- HQLA includes unencumbered portion of current account balance, eligible Corporate bonds & investment in T-bills.
- Above HQLA is computed excluding callable short term fixed deposits with scheduled commercial banks.
- The above numbers of quarter end reporting date are simple average values of daily observations of previous 3 months.

(a) the main drivers of their LCR results and the evolution of the contribution of inputs to the LCR's calculation over time:

(b) intra-period changes as well as changes over time: Quarterly LCR mentioned in table above

(c) the composition of HQLAs: Mentioned above

(d) concentration of funding sources: Refer 31.4 (c) liquidity risk

(e) derivative exposures and potential collateral calls: NA

(f) currency mismatch in the LCR: NA

(g) other inflows and outflows in the LCR calculation that are not captured in the LCR common template but which the institution considers to be relevant for its liquidity profile: NA



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

31.5. Market Risk

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and mutual fund NAV's.

a) Interest rate risk-lending

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company's main interest rate risk arises from lending with variable rates, which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. During March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, the Company's lending portfolio at variable rate are mainly denominated in Indian rupees (₹).

The Company's fixed rate lending portfolio is carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

i) Interest rate risk exposure

(₹ in Crs)

The exposure of the Company's lending portfolio to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting years are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Variable rate lending portfolio	437.85	262.33
Fixed rate loans	21,680.34	17,577.14
Total	22,118.19	17,839.47

ii) Sensitivity**a) Interest rate risk - Loans and debenture**

Profit or loss may be impacted due to change in interest rate on rate-sensitive assets and liabilities

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points	15.13	5.03
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points	(15.13)	(5.03)

* The sensitivity is derived holding all other variables constant

iii) Company does not have any variable rate borrowings; hence its not exposed to borrowing interest rate risk exposure.

b) Price risk

Since the Company does not hold any quoted equity instruments, it is not exposed to price risk, however investment in Mutual fund are exposed to market price risk.

c) Foreign currency risk:

The Company does not have any foreign currency exposures in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date that will result in net currency gains or losses in the statement of profit and loss due to change foreign currency exchange rates. This mitigates the foreign currency risk exposure for the Company.

31.6. Operational and business risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from systems failure, human error, fraud or external events. Operational risk management process comprises of identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring / controlling, reporting and mitigation of operational risk. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorisation and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes, such as the use of internal audit. Periodic Business Operational Risk Committee (BORC) meetings are convened to keep a track of operational risks and mitigation plans across the Company.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Controlling Stake Holder

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity/Person with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
President of India

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer (Appointed w.e.f. July 1, 2022)
Mr. Sadashiv S. Rao - Chief Executive Officer (Cease to be CEO w.e.f. June 30, 2022)
Mr. V. Narayanan Iyer - Chief Financial Officer (Cease to be CFO w.e.f. October 10, 2023)
Mr. Pankil Mehta - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed w.e.f. March 28, 2024)
Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary

d) Directors

Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pendyala - Nominee Director, NIIF Fund II (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. November 30, 2023)
Mr. AKT Chari - Nominee Director, NIIF
Ms. Ritu Anand - Independent Director (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. May 6, 2022)
Mr. Rajiv Dhar - Nominee Director, NIIF Fund II (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. March 28, 2024)
Mr. Ashwani Kumar - Independent Director
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. June 7, 2022)
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. February 1, 2023)
Mr. Padmanabh Sinha - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Appointed w.e.f. March 28, 2024)
Mr. Nilesh Shivastava - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Appointed w.e.f. March 28, 2024)

(₹ in Cro)

Related Party	Parent		Subsidiaries		Entity with significant influence		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total	
	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.54
Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	-
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	-	-	0.13	0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	0.08
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	478.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478.33	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	6.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	6.57
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.82	0.41	-	-	0.82	0.41
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
Total	-	-	-	-	478.92	0.67	3.88	6.57	-	-	0.82	0.41	-	-	483.62	7.65

33 The company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit-trail (edit log) and same was operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. The company did not use database feature to enable audit trail due to security and performance consideration. However, company has effective control mechanism with respect to database management to check if there is any change in database. Further, the company is in the process of allowing access to Database and Server only through Privileged Accesses Management.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

34 Other Disclosures:
a) Ratios

Ratios	Description	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Total Equity	5.13	4.35
Current Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Long Term Debt to Working Capital	NA	NA	NA
Bad Debts to Account Receivable Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Current Liability Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Total Debts to Total Assets	Total Debt / Total Asset	0.83	0.81
Debtors Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Inventory Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Operating Margin (%)	Operating Profit / Total Revenue	22.30%	23.12%
Net Profit Margin (%)	PAT / Total Revenue	22.74%	23.13%
Net Worth (in ₹ in Crs)	Share capital + Reserves and surplus	3,859.65	3,439.73
Net Profit After Tax (in ₹ in Crs)		420.47	325.74
Earnings Per Share (Basic)	PAT / Total number of shares	3.06	2.37
Earnings Per Share (Diluted)	PAT / Total diluted number of shares	3.06	2.37
Gross/ Net Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)		Nil	Nil
Capital Redemption Reserve/Debt Redemption Reserve *	NA	NA	NA
LCR (Refer note no: 31.4)	Liquidity coverage ratio	2.26	2.16

* Not applicable, being a Non-Banking Financial Service Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India.

- b) There are no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956
- c) No proceeding has been initiated during the year or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property
- d) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- e) During the current year the Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.
- f) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- g) The Company, has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- h) The Company, has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- i) The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information received from suppliers regarding their status under the said act as available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors, is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Outstanding principal amount and interest due to suppliers registered under MSMED Act and remaining unpaid at the year end:	β	0.02
- Principal amount	β	0.02
- Interest due thereon	-	-
Interest paid other than under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period.	-	-
Interest paid under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period.	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable (where the principal has already been paid but interest has not been paid).	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of MSMED Act.	-	-



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

35 The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI scale based circular RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24

(a) Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR): Refer note 28

(b) Details of investments are set out below:

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
1 Value of Investments		
(i) Gross Value of Investments		
(a) In India	582.84	-
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(A)	-
(ii) Provision for depreciation		
(a) In India	-	-
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(B)	-
(iii) Net Value of Investments		
(a) In India	582.84	-
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(A-B)	-
2 Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments.		
(i) Opening balance	-	-
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
(iii) Less: Write-offs/ write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
(iv) Closing balance	-	-

(c) Investor group wise classification of all investments (Current and Long Term) in shares and securities (both Quoted and Unquoted):

	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV	Book Value Net of Provision	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV	Market Value/ Breakup Value / Fair Value / NAV
1 Related parties				
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-	-	-	-
(c) Other related parties	-	-	-	-
2 Other than related parties	582.84	582.84	-	-
Total	582.84	582.84	-	-

(d) Securitisation /Assignment

The Company has not under taken any transactions of Securitisation/Assignment in the current and in the previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company.

(e) Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold and accounts subjected to restructuring:

The Company has not undertaken any transactions for purchase/sale of NPA's in the current and in the previous year and hence the related disclosure are not applicable to the Company

(f) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

Please refer note 31.4 for the Asset Liability Management maturity patterns

In computing the above information, certain estimates, assumptions and adjustments have been made by the Management which have been relied upon by auditors.

(g) Exposures to real estate sector (Based on amounts sanctioned):

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures, direct or indirect to real estate sector as at March 31, 2024 and as at March 31, 2023.

(h) Exposures to Capital Market

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures to capital market as at March 31, 2024 and as at March 31, 2023.

(i) Details of Single Borrower Limit and Borrower Group Limit exceeded by the Company

During the years ended March 31, 2024 and as at March 31, 2023, the Company's credit exposure to single borrowers and group borrowers were within the limits prescribed by the RBI.

(j) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed:

	As at March 31, 2024 net of provision	As at March 31, 2023 net of provision
1 Related parties		
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-	-
(c) Other related parties	-	-
2 Other than related parties *	21,989.77	17,717.01
Total	21,989.77	17,717.01

(* Net of provision for standard assets

(k) Unsecured advances

The Company has not given any unsecured advances in the current year and in the previous year.

(l) Registration obtained from other financial regulators

The Company has not obtained registrations from other financial sector regulators.

(m) Penalties / fines imposed by the RBI

During the year ended March 31, 2024 there was no penalty imposed by the RBI and other regulators (Previous Year ₹ Nil)



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

(n) Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head 'Expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss

	As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in Crs) As at March 31, 2023
Provisions for depreciation on Investment	-	-
Provision towards NPA	-	-
Provision made towards Income tax	-	-
Other Provision and Contingencies	-	-
Provision for Standard Assets	29.95	25.47
	<u>29.95</u>	<u>25.47</u>

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) .CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, the template of comparison between provisions required under Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109 is provided below:-

(₹ in Crs)

Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2024	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisios under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1-3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for Doubtful Loss		-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for NPA		-	-	-	-	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25

Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2023	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisios under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1-3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for Doubtful Loss		-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for NPA		-	-	-	-	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	17,841.89	124.88	17,717.01	71.37	53.51

(o) Drawdowns from Reserves

The Company has not undertaken any drawdown from reserves during the current year and previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company.

(p) Concentration of Advances

	As at March 31, 2024	(₹ in Crs) As at March 31, 2023
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers/ customers	10,277.85	8,479.53
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the NBFC	46.47%	47.53%



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

(q) Concentration of Exposures

	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	14,500.00	9,375.31
Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the NBFC on borrowers / customers	75.47%	46.49%

(r) Concentration of Non Performing Assets (NPAs) /Sectorwise NPAs/ Movement in NPAs

The Company did not have any NPAs in the current year and in the previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company.

(s) The information on Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad) is given below:

(₹ in Crs)

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(₹ in Crs)

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2023		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(t) The information on off balance sheet SPV sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms):

(₹ in Crs)

	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
	Nil	Nil

(u) Disclosure of complaints :

1) Summary information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

Sr.No	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers		
1	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	-	-
2	Number of complaints received during the year	-	-
3	Number of complaints disposed during the year	-	-
3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
4	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-
	Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		
5*	Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	-	-
5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombud	-	-
5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6.*	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.
* It shall only be applicable to NBFCs which are included under The Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021

2) Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
March 31, 2024					
Ground - 1	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-
March 31, 2023					
Ground - 1	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

36 The additional information required to be disclosed in terms of RBI circular (Ref. No. RBI/2009-2010/356/DMD/4135/11.08.43/2009-10) dated March 23, 2010 is not applicable for the Company.

37 Intra group Exposure

Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total amount of intra-group exposures	-	-
Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	-	-
Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers	-	-

38 Details of loans not in default acquired during the year ended 31st March, 2024 under the RBI Master Direction on Transfer of Loan Exposures dated 24th September, 2021 are given below:

Details of loans not in default acquired from other entities:

Mode of acquisition	Assignment and Novation
Aggregate principal outstanding of	Rs. 373.24 crores
Aggregate consideration paid	Rs. 377.64 crores
Weighted average residual maturity	12.67 years
Weighted average holding period	N.A.
Retention of beneficial economic	Nil
Coverage of tangible security	100% secured
Rating-wise distribution of loans	AA - 100%

39 Frauds reported during the year- Nil (Previous year Nil)

40 There are no contingent liabilities as of March 31, 2024 (Previous year Nil)

41 The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by 0.

42 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with those of the current year's classification/disclosure.

For Lodha & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 301051E/E300284

R. P. Baradiya
R. P. Baradiya
Partner
Membership No. 044101

For M.P.Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Pedmanabh Sinha
Pedmanabh Sinha
Director
DIN no. 00101379

Nitesh Shrivastava
Nitesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

Shiva Rajaraman
Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Pankil Mehta
Pankil Mehta
Chief Financial Officer

Ankit Sheth
Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



Place: Mumbai
Date: May 3, 2024



Independent Auditors' Report

**To the Members of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“the Company”), which comprises of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its profit (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (“SAs”) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Sr.No	Key Audit Matters	Auditors' response
1.	<p>Impairment of financial assets – Provision for expected credit losses as on March 31, 2025 for loans carried at amortised cost amounts to Rs.177.73 Crores [As at March 31, 2024 – 154.83 Crores] [Refer Note no. 2 & 31.3 to the Financial Statements]</p> <p>Ind AS 109 - "Financial instruments" (Ind AS 109) requires the Company to provide for impairment of its financial assets (designated as amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income) using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach.</p> <p>The recognition and measurement of ECL on financial assets involves significant judgement and estimates, which inter alia includes;</p> <p>(i) Data Input – The application of ECL model requires several data inputs to calculate Probability of Default ("PDs") and Loss Given Default ("LGD"). The increased risk relating to the completeness and accuracy of the data considered to create assumptions in the model.</p> <p>(ii) Model estimations – Judgmental model used to estimate ECL which involves determination of Probability of Default (PD), Loss given default (LGD), Exposure at default (EAD) and management overlay.</p>	<p>Audit procedures performed: We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Performed process walkthroughs to identify the key systems, applications and controls used in the impairment allowance processes ✓ Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the completeness and accuracy of data, inputs, assumptions into the Ind AS 109 Impairment model ✓ Reviewed the Board approved Provisioning policy and verified the alignment of methodology adopted for computation of ECL including management overlay that addresses the policies approved by the Board of Directors ✓ We tested the operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans and advances based on their past-due status. ✓ Evaluated whether the methodology applied by the Company is compliant with the requirements of the relevant accounting standards, Reserve Bank of India's ("RBI") master directions relating to Prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification

Sr.No	Key Audit Matters	Auditors' response
	<p>(iii) Completeness and accuracy of the data from internal and external sources used in the Models.</p> <p>Considering the significance of ECL to the overall Financial Statements and the degree of Management's estimates and judgements involved in this matter that requires significant auditors' attention, we have considered the expected credit loss allowance on financial assets to be a key audit matter.</p>	<p>and Provisioning pertaining to Advances and based on management representation with respect to RBI inspection report and confirmed that the calculations are performed in accordance with the approved methodology.</p> <p>✓ We tested the arithmetical accuracy of the computation of ECL provision performed by the Company.</p> <p>✓ Assessing whether the disclosures on key judgements, assumptions and quantitative data with respect to impairment loss allowance in Financial Statements are appropriate and sufficient.</p> <p>✓ We have also obtained management representations wherever considered necessary</p>

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The Other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Board of Directors including its annexures but does not include the Financial Statement and our auditors' report thereon. The Other Information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



When we read the Other Information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Responsibilities of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, RBI Guidelines and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards of Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

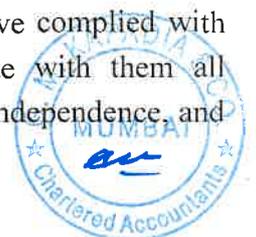


As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial control system with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Financial Statements of the Company to express an opinion on the Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements of the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore the Key Audit Matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. Pursuant to the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of accompanying Financial Statements.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and records.
 - (c) The Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representation received from the directors as on April 01, 2025 taken on records by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a Directors in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company as on March 31, 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure "B" wherein we have expressed unmodified opinion.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:



According to the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which will impact the financial position hence no such disclosure has been made in the Financial Statements.

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which provision for any material foreseeable losses was required to be made.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2025.

iv. (a) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) The management has represented, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representation under sub clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as provided under (a) and (b) above, contains any material misstatement. [Refer note 34(g) and (h) to the Financial Statements.]



v. During the year, the Company has paid dividend for the financial year 2023-2024 which is in accordance with the provision of section 123 of the Act.



vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording an audit trail (edit log), and the same has been operated throughout the year under audit for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. The Company has preserved the audit trail in accordance with statutory record retention requirements, except for the previous as well as current financial year where the audit trail feature was not enabled for certain software for direct changes at the database level. Refer note no.33 to the Financial Statements.

For M. P. Chitale & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No.: 041037
UDIN: 25041037BMLWOB9622



For G.M. Kapadia & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 039569
UDIN: 25039569BMLNCB7871



Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

Annexure “A” referred to in “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

1. a) In respect of Company’s Property, Plant and Equipment (“PPE”) and Intangible Assets:
 - A. The Company has maintained proper records, showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of PPE and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
 - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
 - b) During the year, the management has carried out physical verification of all the PPE. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable considering the size of the Company and nature of its PPE. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification
 - c) The title deed of the immovable property disclosed in the Financial Statements included under PPE are held in the erstwhile name of the Company.
 - d) The Company has not revalued any of its PPE (including right of use assets) and intangible assets during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2025 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended, and rules made thereunder and hence reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
2. a) The Company is a non-banking financial company (NBFC). Accordingly, it does not hold any inventories and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Company has not availed working capital limits from banks and financial institutions during the year and hence reporting under of clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



3. In respect of Investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties, we report that:
 - a) The Company's principal business is to give loans and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) and 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - b) In respect of the investments made and loans granted during the year, having regard to the nature of business carried on by the Company, the terms and conditions thereof are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are regular as stipulated.
 - d) No amounts are overdue for more than ninety days from companies or any other parties to whom loan has been granted.
 - e) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans during the year either payable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
4. There are no loans, investments, guarantees and securities granted in respect of which provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act are applicable and hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
5. The Company has not accepted deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and hence reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
6. The Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act for the services of the Company and hence reporting under Clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
7. a) The Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, custom duty, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues to the extent applicable during the year with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at the last day of the financial year for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



- b) There are no statutory dues mentioned in clause vii (a) above, which have been not deposited on account of any dispute.
8. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) and hence reporting under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
9. a) Based on our audit procedures and on the basis of information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the repayment of interest thereon to the lenders and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) The Company has not been declared as willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
- c) The term loans (by way of issuance of non-convertible debentures) have been applied for the purposes they have been raised including temporarily parking the funds received in fixed deposits with Banks / mutual funds until its deployment for the stated purposes
- d) The Company has not raised any short term funds during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
10. a) The Company has utilized the monies raised by way of debt instruments (by way of issuance of non-convertible debentures) for the purposes for which they were raised. The Company has not raised any money by way of Initial Public Offer or Further Public Offer during the year.
- b) There were no preferential allotment and private placement of shares and debentures during the year.
11. a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.



- b) During the year, no report under sub section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed in rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) No whistle blower complaints were received during the year by the Company and hence provisions of clause 3(xi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
13. All the transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and all the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Accounting Standards
14. a) The Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining nature, timing and extent of our audit procedure.
15. During the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
16. a) The Company being an Infrastructure Debt Fund - Non- Banking Financial Company (IDF-NBFC) is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- b) Since, the Company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company and there is no core investment company within the "Companies in the Group" as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and hence reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
17. The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and in the immediately preceding financial year.
18. There has not been a resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.



19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and it should not be construed as a guarantee or assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
20. There are no amounts unspent in respect of corporate social responsibility towards ongoing or other than ongoing projects and hence reporting under clause 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
21. Since the Company did not have any subsidiary, joint venture or an associate, it is not required to prepare consolidated Financial Statements and hence reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For M. P. Chitale & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101851W


Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No.: 041037
UDIN: 25041037BMLWOB9622



Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W


Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 039569
UDIN: 25039569BMLNCB7871



Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

**Annexure “B” referred to in “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements”
section of our report to the members of NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited of even date:**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under
Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act**

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

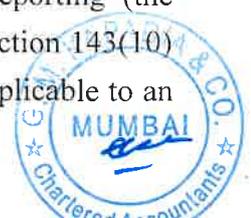
In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, broadly in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to Financial Statements established by the Company considering the essential Component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to the Financial Statements criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an



audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

A Company's internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the entity are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the entity's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements and (4) also provide reasonable assurance by the internal auditors through their internal audit reports given to the organisation from time to time.



Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M. P. Chitale & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101851W



Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No.: 041037
UDIN: 25041037BMLWOB9622



For G.M. Kapadia & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 104767W



Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 039569
UDIN: 25039569BMLNCB7871

Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

Date: April 30, 2025
Place: Mumbai

NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Crs)

	Note No.	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
I Financial assets			
(a) Cash and cash equivalents	1a	1,631.98	911.50
(b) Bank Balance other than (a) above	1b	305.97	0.02
(c) Investment	1c	249.53	582.84
(d) Loans	2	25,233.06	21,989.77
(e) Other financial assets	3	3.22	0.26
		27,423.76	23,484.39
II Non Financial assets			
(a) Current tax assets (net)	4	375.74	250.92
(b) Property, plant and equipment	5a	3.04	0.90
(c) Capital work in progress	5b	-	0.98
(d) Right of use Assets	5c	3.92	7.86
(e) Intangible assets	5d	1.26	1.37
(f) Intangible Asset under Development	5e	2.07	0.55
(g) Other non-financial assets	6	2.18	1.01
		388.21	263.59
Total assets		27,811.97	23,747.98
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
I Financial liabilities			
(a) Payables			
(i) Trade payables	7		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small		0.27	β
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1.59	1.63
(ii) Other payables	8		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	0.02
(b) Debt Securities	9	23,426.13	19,782.14
(c) Finance Lease liabilities	10 (a)	4.24	8.17
(d) Other financial liabilities	10 (b)	22.35	74.03
		23,454.58	19,865.99
II Non-Financial liabilities			
(a) Provisions	11	17.59	10.87
(b) Other non-financial liabilities	12	13.82	11.47
		31.41	22.34
EQUITY			
(a) Equity share capital	13A	1,375.28	1,375.28
(b) Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature	13A	-	-
(c) Other equity	13B	2,950.70	2,484.37
		4,325.98	3,859.65
Total liabilities and equity		27,811.97	23,747.98

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 45)

As per our attached report of even date

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569

For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Nilesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary

AKT Chari
Director
DIN no. 00746153

Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mumbai
Date: April 30, 2025



Ankit Sheth



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended Mar 31, 2025

(₹ in Cro)

	Notes	For year ended March 31, 2025	For year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	14	2,083.58	1,778.26
Fees and commission income	15 (a)	52.24	30.18
Net gain on fair value changes	15 (b)	34.42	28.18
I Total revenue from operations		2,170.24	1,836.62
II Other income	16	12.79	10.40
III Total income (I+II)		2,183.03	1,847.02
Expenses			
Finance costs	17	1,592.36	1,351.83
Fees and commission expense	18	0.54	0.33
Impairment on financial instruments	19	22.90	29.95
Employee benefits expenses	20	42.02	30.76
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	5 & 21	6.02	3.07
Other expenses	22	21.67	15.66
IV Total expenses		1,685.51	1,431.60
V Profit before tax (III - IV)		497.52	415.42
VI Tax expense		-	-
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Earlier year tax adjustment		10.31	(5.05)
Total tax expenses		10.31	(5.05)
VII Profit for the year (V - VI)		487.21	420.47
VIII Other comprehensive income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations		(0.26)	(0.52)
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income (A+B)		(0.26)	(0.52)
IX Total comprehensive income for the year (VII + VIII) (Comprising profit and other comprehensive income for the year)		486.95	419.95
X Earnings per equity share (nominal value of share- ₹10 each)			
Basic (₹)		3.54	3.06
Diluted (₹)		3.54	3.06

As per our attached report of even date

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 45)

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah

Partner

Membership No. 039569

For M.P.Chitale & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar

Partner

Membership No. 041037

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 30, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Nilesh Shrivastava

Director

DIN no. 09632942

Shiva Rajaraman

Chief Executive Officer

Ankit Sheth

Company Secretary

AKT Chari

Director

DIN no. 00746153

Sudeep Bhatia

Chief Financial Officer



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

CIN No: U67190MH2014PLC253944

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Crs)

	For year ended March 31, 2025	For year ended March 31, 2024
A. Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit before tax	497.52	415.42
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortisation & Impairment	6.02	3.07
Interest on Debt Securities - EIR Adjustments	18.55	17.77
Interest on Loan - EIR adjustment	(40.53)	(19.11)
Net (gain) / loss on sale of property, plant and equipments	-	(0.03)
Gain on Mutual fund investment	(34.42)	(28.18)
Discount accreted on T-Bills	(24.47)	(21.85)
Write back of excess fund received	-	-
Interest on Borrowings other than debt securities (Ind AS 116 impact)	0.49	0.45
Impairment on financial instruments	22.90	29.95
Operating profit before working capital changes	446.06	397.49
Changes in working capital:		
(Decrease)/Increase in trade payables	0.24	0.96
(Decrease)/Increase in Other payables	(0.02)	1.10
(Increase)/Decrease in other financial assets	(308.95)	0.01
(Decrease)/Increase in other financial liabilities	(51.68)	71.65
Increase/(Decrease) in Provision	6.46	3.07
Increase/(Decrease) in other non financial liabilities	2.35	9.79
Increase/(Decrease) Interest accrual on debt securities	71.66	222.04
(Increase)/Decrease in non-financial assets	(1.17)	(0.51)
(Increase)/Decrease in loans	(3,225.66)	(4,283.60)
Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations	(3,060.71)	(3,578.00)
(Payment) of tax (net)	(135.13)	(98.22)
Net Cash flow generated from/(used in) operations (A)	(3,195.84)	(3,676.22)
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment/intangible assets	(4.64)	(2.84)
Sale of property, plant and equipments	-	0.03
Purchase of Mutual Fund	(10,369.75)	(9,288.59)
Sale of Mutual fund	10,404.17	9,316.77
Purchase of T-bills	(3,777.22)	(5,965.98)
Redemption of T-bills	4,135.00	5,405.00
Net cash flow generated from/(used in) investing activities (B)	387.57	(535.61)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from debt securities & CPs issued (Net)	3,553.78	4,592.52
Payment for the lease liability	(4.40)	(2.77)
Dividend transfer to equity shareholders	(20.63)	-
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities (C)	3,528.75	4,589.75
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (D) = (A + B + C)	720.48	377.92
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the Year (E)	911.50	533.58
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the Year (F) = (D) + (E)	1,631.98	911.50
Cash and cash equivalents include the following		
Balances with banks in current account	0.61	214.98
Fixed deposits with maturity less than 3 months	1,631.37	696.52
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,631.98	911.50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 45)
As per our attached report of even date

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569



For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



Place: Mumbai
Date: April 30, 2025

Nilesh Shrivastava

Nilesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

AKT Chari

AKT Chari
Director
DIN no. 00746153

Shiva Rajaram

Shiva Rajaram
Chief Executive Officer

Sudeep Bhatia

Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer

Ankit Sheth

Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary



NOTES FORMING PART OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

1 Corporate information

NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited (Formerly IDFC Infrastructure Finance Limited) ('the Company') is a public limited company, incorporated in India on March 7, 2014, under the provisions of Companies Act, applicable in India and is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC - IDF) regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The registered office of the Company is located at 3rd Floor, UTI Tower, North Wing, GN Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051.

The Company has received a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC - IDF) license from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on September 22, 2014. The object of the Company is to undertake infrastructure debt fund activities i.e. mainly re-financing existing debt of infrastructure companies.

The Audited financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2025 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the board of directors on April 30, 2025.

The majority shareholder of the Company is M/s National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II which is an Alternative Investment Fund registered with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

2 Material accounting policy information

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these Audited Financial Statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

A Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The Audited financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standard notified under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016, prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended, read with relevant rules thereunder and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India and notification for Implementation of Indian Accounting Standard vide circular RBI/2019-20/170 DOR(NBFC).CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated 13 March 2020 ('RBI Notification for Implementation of Ind AS') issued by RBI.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The Audited Financial Statement have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) are measured at fair value;
- assets held for sale – measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans – plan assets measured at fair value;

The Financial statement are presented in Indian Currency (INR) and all values are rounded to nearest rupee Crore except when otherwise indicated.

(iii) Order of liquidity

The Company is covered in the definition of Non-Banking Financial Company as defined in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016. The Company prepares and present its Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Changes in Equity in the format prescribed by Division III of Schedule III to the Act as amended from time to time. The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' as amended from time to time.

(iv) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Ind AS requires use of estimates and assumptions for some items, which might have an effect on their recognition and measurement in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The actual amounts realized may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

Judgement, estimates and assumptions are required in particular for:

Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held



Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on its financial assets measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether the above financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies such as macroeconomic scenarios and estimated recovery from collateral.

Recognition and measurement of provisions and contingencies:

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore, vary from the amount included in other provisions.

Determination of lease term:

Ind AS 116 – Leases requires lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances.

Expected Life of Financial Asset:

The expected life of Loans & advances is considered till the reset date, subject to minimum 5 years.

B Policy on segment

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. lend to Infrastructure projects. The Company also operates in a single geographical segment i.e. domestic. The chief operating decision maker (CODM) in the Company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation, is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and in the internal reporting provided to the CEO for corporate planning, there are no separate reportable segments (including geographical segments).

C (I) Property plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives of fixed assets.

Vehicles	4 years
Computers	3 years
Office Equipments (mobiles & Camera)	2 years
Office Equipments (Others)	5 years
Leasehold Improvements	Tenure of lease
Buildings (Right of use assets)	Tenure of lease
Server/networking equipment	6 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years

The useful lives have been determined based on technical evaluation done by the management's expert which are higher than those specified by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit and loss within other gains/(losses).

(II) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible assets not ready for use on the date of Balance sheet is shown as Intangible assets under development.

D Leases

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Company under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Company, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Company is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low value assets. The company recognises the lease payments associated with short term leases as an expense in profit or loss.



E Impairment of non-financial asset

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

F Taxes on Income

The Company is an Infra Debt Fund - Non Banking Finance Company (IDF - NBFC) registered with the Reserve Bank of India on September 22, 2014. Any income of the Company, being IDF-NBFC, is exempt under section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, from with effect from financial year 2019-20.

G Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs are added to, or subtracted from, that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss). Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Classification of financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit and loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit and loss or other comprehensive income.

Debt Instruments

For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the classification of debt instruments depending on:

- (i) the Company's business model for managing the asset; and
- (ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset (SPPI).

Business model assessment

The Company determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Company's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- how the asset's performance and the business model is evaluated and reported to key management personnel
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model and how these risks are assessed and managed
- how managers are compensated.

Solely Payment of Principal and Interest ("SPPI") Assessment

As a second step of its classification process, the Company assesses the contractual terms of financials to identify whether they meet the SPPI test, where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, the Company assesses whether the financial instruments cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (the 'SPPI test'). In making this assessment, the Company considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit and loss.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Equity Instruments

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets.

The Company measures all equity investments at fair value through profit and loss, except where the Company's management has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are not subsequently reclassified to profit and loss, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Dividends, continue to be recognised in profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Gains and losses on equity investments at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit and loss.

Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are two measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost e.g. Debentures, Bonds etc. The assets held under amortised costs are not traded/sold, except for management of concentration risk or for any such similar exigency to protect the value of asset. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit and loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in investment income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through other comprehensive income: Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit and loss on initial recognition):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair value through profit and loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through OCI, are measured at fair value through profit and loss e.g. investments in mutual funds. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss is recognised in profit and loss and presented net in the statement of profit and loss within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

Investments in equity instruments are classified as at FVTPL, unless the Company irrevocably elects on initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for equity instruments which are not held for trading.



Interest Income

The Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate (EIR) to the gross carrying amount of financial assets other than credit-impaired assets.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset (i.e. its amortised cost before any impairment allowance). The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.

When the Company revises the estimates of future cash flows, the carrying amount of the respective financial asset is adjusted to reflect the new estimate discounted using the original effective interest rate. Any changes are recognised in profit and loss.

When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates interest income by applying the effective interest rate to the net amortised cost of the financial asset. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income on a gross basis.

Interest Income from Fixed Deposits placed with banks & mutual fund is recognised on accrual basis by the Company.
Income on discounted instrument is recognised over the tenor of the instrument on a straight line basis

Modification of loans

The Company sometimes renegotiates or otherwise modifies the contractual cash flows of loans to customers. When this happens, the Company assesses whether or not the new terms are substantially different to the original terms. The Company does this by considering, among others, the following factors:

- (i) if the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay.
- (ii) whether any substantial new terms are introduced, such as a profit share/equity-based return that substantially affects the risk profile of the loan.
- (iii) significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty.
- (iv) significant change in the interest rate.
- (v) change in the currency the loan is denominated in.
- (vi) insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan.

If the terms are substantially different, the Company derecognises the original financial asset and recognises a 'new' asset at fair value and recalculates a new effective interest rate for the asset. The date of renegotiation is consequently considered to be the date of initial recognition for impairment calculation purposes, including for the purpose of determining whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred. However, the Company also assesses whether the new financial asset recognised is deemed to be credit-impaired at initial recognition, especially in circumstances where the renegotiation was driven by the debtor being unable to make the originally agreed payments. Differences in the carrying amount are also recognised in profit and loss as a gain or loss on derecognition.

If the terms are not substantially different, the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition, and the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount based on the revised cash flows of the financial asset and recognises a modification gain or loss in profit and loss. The new gross carrying amount is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original effective interest rate.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets, or a portion thereof, are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the assets have expired, or when they have been transferred and either

- (i) the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, or
- (ii) the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the Company has not retained control.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit and loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit and loss on disposal of that financial asset.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments**Classification as debt or equity:**

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Classification and subsequent measurement**Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.**

Financial liabilities (including borrowings and debt securities) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial liability. The calculation does not consider expected credit losses and includes transaction costs, premiums or discounts and fees and points paid or received that are integral to the effective interest rate, such as origination fees.



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Interest expenses on Financials Liabilities

The Interest Expenses on Financial liabilities along with amortisation of transaction costs incurred are recognised as Finance Cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. A substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit and loss. If the exchange or modification is not accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified liability.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the group or the counterparty.

Fair Value Measurement

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

H Impairment - Expected Credit Loss Measurement

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with loans and debentures carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Refer Note 31 for details of impairment methodology applied by the Company.

I Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

J Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the Management of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

K Employee benefits

Defined contribution benefits include provident fund, Defined Employee benefits includes gratuity fund, compensated absences and long term incentive plans.

Defined contribution plan

The Company pays contribution to provident fund and pension fund as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Defined benefit plan**

The liability or asset recognised in the balance sheet in respect of gratuity plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation denominated in INR is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from plan amendments or curtailments are recognised immediately in profit and loss as past service cost.

Compensated absences

Accumulated leave which is expected to be utilised within next 12 months is treated as short term compensated absences and the accumulated leave which are carried forward beyond 12 months are treated as long term compensated absences. Compensated absences are provided for, based on actuarial valuation report as short term and long term compensated absences. The actuarial valuation is done as per projected unit credit method as at the reporting date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the year in which the employee renders the related service. The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

Long-term employee benefits

The Company has a long term incentive plan which is paid in three annual tranches. The Company accounts for the liability as per an actuarial valuation report. The actuarial valuation of the long term incentives liability is calculated based on certain assumptions, as per the projected unit credit method made at reporting period. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

Certain eligible employee of the company are entitled to LTIP units, the value of which is based on underlying value of the share of the company. The company recognizes the fair value of such units and expenses out the same over the vesting period based on the management's estimate of the vesting and forfeiture conditions.

The above units awarded are treated as cash settled share based payment transactions. Under the cash settled share based payment, the fair value of the units granted is computed at every balance sheet date and is recognized as 'employee benefit expenses' with corresponding increase in liability as payable to employee. The fair value of the units is calculated by an independent valuer based on black scholes model.

L Earnings per share**(i) Basic earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the group
- By the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year, conversion of mandatorily convertible instruments from the date the contract is entered into and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

M Goods and services tax paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

Expenses and assets are recognised net of the goods and services tax paid, except:

- When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable
- When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included, the net amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

The Company expenses off 50% of eligible input tax credit in line with applicable Goods and Services Tax laws.



A1 Equity share capital

	Note	Number	Amount
As At March 31, 2023		1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28
Issued during the year	13	-	-
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors		-	-
As At March 31, 2024		1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28
Conversion of CCPS during the year	13	-	-
As At March 31, 2025		1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28

A2 Compulsorily convertible preference share capital

	Note	Number Series I	Amount	Number Series II	Amount
As At March 31, 2023		8,79,27,757	184.65	25,70,89,408	694.09
Conversion of CCPS during the year	14	8,79,27,757	184.65	25,70,89,408	694.09
As At March 31, 2024		-	-	-	-
Conversion of CCPS during the year	14	-	-	-	-
As At March 31, 2025		-	-	-	-

A3 Other equity

	Securities Premium	Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	Impairment Reserve	Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	General Reserve	Total
As at March 31, 2023	547.59	199.41	0.04	782.78	0.88	1,530.70
Dividend on CCPS	-	-	-	(0.02)	-	(0.02)
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	84.00	-	(84.00)	-	-
Premium on CCPS Converted into equity shares	533.74	-	-	420.47	-	533.74
Profit for the year	-	-	-	420.47	-	420.47
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(0.52)	-	(0.52)
As at March 31, 2024	1,081.33	283.41	0.04	1,118.71	0.88	2,494.37
Dividend on CCPS	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend on equity share	-	-	-	(20.63)	-	(20.63)
Transfers to Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	-	97.39	-	(97.39)	-	-
Premium on CCPS Converted into equity shares	-	-	-	487.21	-	487.21
Profit for the year	-	-	-	(0.26)	-	(0.26)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	1,487.64	-	1,487.64
As At March 31, 2025	1,081.33	380.80	0.04	1,487.64	0.88	2,950.69

As per our attached report of even date

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements (See notes 1 to 45)

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569

For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037

Mitesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

AKT Chari
Director
DIN no. 00746153



Place: Mumbai
Date: April 30, 2025

Shiva Rajoraman
Chief Executive Officer

Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer

Anmit Sheth
Company Secretary

NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

1a Cash and cash equivalents		(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Cash on Hand	-	β	
Balance with bank:			
In current account	0.61	214.98	
In deposit account (with original maturity less than 3 months)	1,631.37	696.52	
Total	1,631.98	911.50	
Note: The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by β.			
1b Bank Balance other than (a) above			
In deposit account (for more than 3 months)	305.97	-	
Total	305.97	-	
1c Investment in T bills		249.53	582.84
Investment in MF	-	-	
Total	249.53	582.84	
2 Loans (At amortised costs)		(₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Term loans	19,660.46	15,677.75	
Debt Securities	5,718.23	6,406.05	
Total Loans (*)	25,378.69	22,083.80	
Interest accrued on loans	7.97	11.64	
Interest accrued on debt securities	24.12	49.16	
Total Gross Loans	25,410.79	22,144.60	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(177.73)	(154.83)	
Total Net Loans	25,233.06	21,989.77	
(*) The loans outstanding before adjustment of Effective Interest Rate, Premium Amortisation and Discount Accretion	25,389.96	22,118.19	
(a) The above amount includes:			
(i) Secured by tangible assets	25,410.79	22,144.60	
(ii) Secured by intangible assets	-	-	
(iii) Covered by Bank / Government guarantees	-	-	
(iv) Unsecured	-	-	
Total- Gross	25,410.79	22,144.60	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	(177.73)	(154.83)	
Total- Net	25,233.06	21,989.77	
(b) Loans in India	25,233.06	21,989.77	



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025****3 Other financial assets**

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Deposits	0.25	0.25
Receivables from Group Company	-	-
Other receivable	2.97	0.01
Total	3.22	0.26

4 Current tax assets (Net)

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Advance payment of income tax	375.74	250.92
Total	375.74	250.92

The Company had filed application with Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for notification as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF) from Financial year 2014-15, the year of receipt of licence from RBI as NBFC-IDF, and has been claiming tax exemption under Section 10(47) read with Rule 2F of the Income Tax Act.

The CBDT has issued a notification dated October 21, 2019 notifying the Company under Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act w.e.f. Financial year 2019-20 (i.e from the financial year starting 1st April 2019).

The Company has made an application to CBDT for review of the said notification with a request to notify it under section 10(47) of Income Tax Act with retrospective effect, i.e. w.e.f. Financial year 2014-15 (the year in which it received RBI registration as NBFC-IDF). In the interim, the tax liability from Financial year 2014-15 till financial year 2018-19 has been provided.



5 a Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2025	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at March 31, 2025
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.24	-	-	0.24	0.25	-	-	0.24	-
Computers	1.35	0.14	0.02	1.47	0.59	0.40	-	0.98	0.49
Office Equipments	0.28	1.15	0.03	1.40	0.19	0.27	-	0.46	0.94
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	2.14	-	3.90	1.76	0.99	-	2.75	1.15
Furniture	0.04	0.45	0.01	0.48	0.02	0.04	-	0.06	0.42
Total tangible assets	3.71	3.88	0.06	7.53	2.81	1.70	-	4.49	3.04

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Freehold Land (Refer note below)	0.04	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	0.04
Vehicles (owned)	0.24	-	-	0.24	0.23	0.01	-	0.24	-
Computers	0.76	0.74	0.15	1.34	0.44	0.30	0.15	0.59	0.75
Office Equipments	0.22	0.07	0.01	0.28	0.13	0.07	0.01	0.19	0.09
Leasehold Improvements	1.76	-	-	1.76	1.76	-	-	1.76	-
Furniture	0.04	-	-	0.04	0.02	0.00	-	0.02	0.02
Total tangible assets	3.06	0.81	0.16	3.70	2.58	0.38	0.16	2.80	0.90

Note: The freehold land has been mortgaged in favour of Debenture Trustees against the secured debentures issued by the Company.

5 b Capital working in progress

Particulars	Amount in Capital working in progress for the period ended March 31, 2025				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Amount in Capital working in progress for the year ended March 31, 2024				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	0.98	-	-	-	0.98

5 c Right of use Assets

As at March 31, 2025	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at March 31, 2025
Right of use Assets	12.19	-	-	12.19	4.33	3.93	-	8.27	3.92
Total	12.19	-	-	12.19	4.33	3.93	-	8.27	3.92

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Right of use Assets	7.66	4.54	-	12.20	1.92	2.42	-	4.34	7.86
Total	7.66	4.54	-	12.20	1.92	2.42	-	4.34	7.86

5 d Intangible Asset

As at March 31, 2025	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at April 1, 2024	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2025	Balance as at March 31, 2025
Intangible Asset	1.71	0.29	-	1.99	0.33	0.39	-	0.73	1.26
Total Intangible Asset	1.71	0.29	-	1.99	0.33	0.39	-	0.73	1.26

As at March 31, 2024	Gross block			Accumulated depreciation			Net block		
	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at April 1, 2023	Depreciation charge for the year/period	On disposals	Balance as at March 31, 2024	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Intangible Asset	0.94	0.76	-	1.70	0.06	0.27	-	0.33	1.37
Total Intangible Asset	0.94	0.76	-	1.70	0.06	0.27	-	0.33	1.37

5 e Intangible assets under development

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2025	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Becon SAP & Other automation	2.07	0.55
Total Intangible assets under development	2.07	0.55

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2025				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1.52	0.55	-	-	2.07
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Amount in Intangible assets under development for the year ended March 31, 2024				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	> 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	0.55	-	-	-	0.55
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

6 Other non-financial assets

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Prepaid expenses	1.63	0.88
Supplier Advance	0.36	0.02
Balances with government authorities - cenvat credit receivable	-	-
Other Advance	0.19	0.11
	2.18	1.01

7 Trade payables*

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	β
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1.87	1.63
Total	1.87	1.63

Trade Payables ageing	Outstanding as on 31, March 2025 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
MSME	0.27	-	-	-	0.27
Others	1.59	-	-	-	1.59
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

Note: The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by β.

Trade Payables ageing	Outstanding as on 31, March 2024 from due date of payment				
	< 1 year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 3 Years	> 3 Years	Total
MSME	β	-	-	-	-
Others	1.63	-	-	-	1.63
Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-

8 Other payables

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	0.02
	-	0.02

9 Debt Securities

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
At Amortised cost		
Debentures (Secured, non convertible)(*) fully paid	22,708.40	19,136.07
Commercial papers (unsecured)	-	-
Interest accrued but not due	717.73	646.07
Total (A)	23,426.13	19,782.14

(*) The borrowings outstanding before adjustment of unamortised fees under Effective Interest Rate

	22,762.00	19,214.00
Debt securities in India	23,426.13	19,782.14
Debt securities outside India	-	-
Total (B)	23,426.13	19,782.14



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

10 (a) Finance Lease liabilities		(₹ in crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Finance Lease liabilities	4.24	8.17	
Total	4.24	8.17	

10 (b) Other financial liabilities			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Advance receipts from borrowers	22.35	74.01	
Dividend payable to CCPS holder	-	0.02	
Total	22.35	74.03	

11 Provisions		(₹ in Crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Provision for gratuity	1.54	0.73	
Provision for Bonus	6.40	4.40	
Provision for compensated absences	2.29	0.82	
Provision for long term incentive plan	7.36	4.92	
Total	17.59	10.87	

12 Other non-financial liabilities		(₹ in Crs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Statutory dues	13.82	11.47	
Total	13.82	11.47	



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

13 A Share capital

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Authorised shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,81,50,00,000	1,815.00	1,81,50,00,000	1,815.00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	8,80,95,238	185.00	8,80,95,238	185.00
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	25,92,59,259	700.00	25,92,59,259	700.00
Non convertible redemabale preference shares of ₹ 100000 each	1,50,000	1,500.00	1,50,000	1,500.00
Issued, subscribed & fully paid-up shares				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28	1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 21 each (Series I)	-	-	-	-
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of ₹ 27 each (Series II)	-	-	-	-
Total		<u>1,375.28</u>		<u>1,375.28</u>

(a) Movements in equity share capital.

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,37,52,80,631	1,375.28	1,03,02,83,466	1,030.28
Conversion of CCPS during the year	-	-	34,49,97,165	345.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>1,37,52,80,631</u>	<u>1,375.28</u>	<u>1,37,52,80,631</u>	<u>1,375.28</u>

(b) Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 21) Series I

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	8,79,27,757	184.65
Conversion of CCPS during the year	-	-	(8,79,27,757)	(184.65)
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	-	-

Movements in preference share capital (Face Value 27) Series II

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	(₹ in Crs)	Number	(₹ in Crs)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	25,70,69,408	694.09
Conversion of CCPS during the year	-	-	(25,70,69,408)	(694.09)
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	-	-

(c) Terms / rights attached to equity shares

- The Company has equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.
- In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.
- The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors Rs.0.15 per share is subject to the approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

(d) Terms / rights attached to Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS)

- The Company has issued Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) having a par value of ₹ 21 (Series I) & 27 (Series II) per share.
- The CCPS shall carry a pre-determined cumulative dividend rate of 0.001% per annum. In addition to the same, if the holders of Equity Shares are paid dividend in excess of 0.001% per annum, CCPS holders shall be entitled to dividend at such higher rate. The dividend shall be payable, subject to cash flow solvency, in the event the board of directors of the Company declare any dividend for the relevant year, and shall be paid in priority to Equity Shares.
- The CCPS are not redeemable & each CCPS shall be converted into one equity share of ₹10 each upon induction of a new investor or expiry of 3 (Three) years from the date of issuance of First Tranche CCPS (30 March 2021), whichever is earlier.
- Subject to Section 47(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the CCPS do not carry any voting rights.
- CCPS shall have liquidation preference over the Equity Shares, in accordance with the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016
- In terms of the agreement with CCPS holder; 34,49,97,165 number of CCPS have been converted into equal number of equity shares as on March 30, 2024

(e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the Company

Equity shares

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number	% of Holding	Number	% of Holding
National Investment & Infrastructure Fund II & Nominees	54,63,50,979	39.7%	54,63,50,979	39.73%
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	42,39,32,487	30.8%	42,39,32,487	30.83%
President of India (*)	34,49,97,165	25.1%	34,49,97,165	25.09%
HDFC Bank LTD	6,00,00,000	4.4%	6,00,00,000	4.36%

0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series I)

President of India (*)	-	-	-	-
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0.001% Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (Series II)

President of India (*)	-	-	-	-
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(*) Represented by and acting through the Secretary, Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

13 B Other Equity

(₹ in Crs)

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a) Surplus in the statement of profit and loss	1,487.65	1,118.71
(b) Securities premium	1,081.33	1,081.33
(c) General Reserves	0.88	0.88
(d) Special reserve u/s. 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934	380.80	283.41
(e) Impairment Reserve	0.04	0.04
Total	2,950.70	2,484.37
(a) Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	1,118.71	782.78
Net profit for the year	487.21	420.47
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings	-	-
- Remeasurements of post-employment benefit obligations, net of tax	(0.26)	(0.52)
Transfer to Special Reserve u/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934	(97.39)	(84.00)
Dividend on CCPS	-	(0.02)
Dividend to equity Shareholders	(20.63)	-
Closing balance	1,487.65	1,118.71
(b) Securities Premium		
Opening balance	1,081.33	547.59
Changes during the year	-	533.74
Share capital issue expenses	-	-
Closing balance	1,081.33	1,081.33
(c) General Reserve		
Opening balance	0.88	0.88
addition	-	-
Closing balance	0.88	0.88
(d) Special Reserve u/s. 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934		
Opening balance	283.41	199.41
Appropriations during the year	97.39	84.00
Closing balance	380.80	283.41
(e) Impairment Reserve		
Opening balance	0.04	0.04
Appropriations during the year	-	-
Closing balance	0.04	0.04
Total	2,950.70	2,484.37

Nature and purpose of reserve

a) Securities premium

Securities premium represents the excess of issue price over face value of equity shares & compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCPS) issue during the year. As per section 52 (3) expenses on issue of equity share have been adjusted against securities premium.

b) General Reserves

General Reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

c) Special reserves u/s 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934

As per section 45-IC of RBI Act, 1934, every non-banking financial company (NBFC) shall create a reserve fund and transfer therein a sum not less than twenty per cent (20%) of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared. No appropriation of any sum from the reserve fund shall be made by the non-banking financial company annually.

d) Impairment Reserve

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) CC.PD.No.109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, NBFCs are required to hold expected credit loss allowances in accordance with the provisions of IndAS 109. In parallel NBFCs are required to compute provisions as per extant prudential norms on Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP). Where the expected credit loss allowance computed under IndAS 109 is lower than the provisioning required under IRACP (including standard asset provisioning), NBFCs are required to appropriate the shortfall from their retained earnings to a separate 'Impairment Reserve'



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

		(₹ in Crs)	
		Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
14	Interest Income		
	On financial assets measured at amortised costs		
	Interest on loans	1,994.78	1,721.52
	Interest on deposit	64.33	34.89
	Discount accreted on T-Bills	24.47	21.85
	Total	2,083.58	1,778.26
15 (a)	Fees and commission income		
	Fees and commission income	52.24	30.18
	Total	52.24	30.18
15 (b)	Net gain on fair value changes		
	- Income from Mutual fund Investment	34.42	28.18
	Total	34.42	28.18
16	Other Income		
	Shared Service Cost Recovery	0.05	-
	Profit/(Loss) on sale of asset	-	0.03
	Profit on sale of Infra Investm	10.13	
	Interest on IT Refunds	2.61	10.37
	Total	12.79	10.40
17	Finance Costs		
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised costs		
	<u>Interest expense</u>		
	(i) Debt securities	1,588.86	1,348.99
	(ii) Lease Liabilities	0.49	0.45
	(iii) Other borrowing cost (Rating fee & Other expenses)	3.01	2.39
	Total	1,592.36	1,351.83
18	Fees and commission expense		
	Commission paid to project authorities	0.54	0.33
	Total	0.54	0.33
19	Impairment on financial instruments		
	On financial instruments measured at amortised costs		
	Term loans & Debentures	22.90	29.95
	Total	22.90	29.95



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

20 Employee benefits expense	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Salaries, wages and bonus	38.11	27.76
Contribution to gratuity fund	0.66	0.52
Contribution to provident and other funds	2.05	1.42
Staff welfare expenses	1.20	1.06
Total	42.02	30.76
21 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1.70	0.38
Depreciation of right to use assets	3.93	2.42
Intangible Assets	0.39	0.27
Total	6.02	3.07
22 Other expenses	(₹ in Crs)	
	Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Professional fees	2.96	2.14
Rates and taxes	2.06	1.65
Computer and IT related expenses	5.94	3.08
Insurance charges	0.38	0.27
Electricity charges	0.41	0.18
Travelling and conveyance	0.66	0.70
Printing and stationery	0.04	0.09
Communication costs	0.07	0.03
Stamp duty and registration fees	0.26	0.54
Directors' sitting fees	0.73	0.82
Contribution towards corporate social responsibility	7.20	5.27
Auditor's remuneration	0.59	0.45
Advertising & publicity	0.03	0.03
Miscellaneous expenses	0.34	0.41
Total	21.67	15.66
(a) Breakup of Auditors' remuneration		
	Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Audit fees	0.48	0.37
Tax audit fees	0.02	0.02
Certification fees	0.06	0.04
Out-of-pocket expenses	0.03	0.02
Total	0.59	0.45



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(b) Contribution for corporate social responsibility (CSR)

Amount required to be spent by the Company on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) related activities during the year ₹ 7.20 crore (previous year ₹ 5.27 crore). Amount spent towards CSR during the year and recognised as expense in the statement of profit and loss on CSR related activities is ₹ 7.20 crore (previous year ₹ 5.27 crore), which comprise of following:

	Year ended Mar 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Amount spent during the year on:		
(i) Construction/acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	7.20	5.27
(iii) On purposes other than (i) above- unspent balance	-	-
Total	7.20	5.27
(a) shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(b) total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(c) reason for shortfall	NA	NA
(d) nature of CSR activities	Promoting Healthcare, Rural Development, Education and Environment	Promoting Healthcare, Rural Development, Education and Environment
(e) details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting Standard,	Nil	Nil
(f) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	Nil	Nil

23 Income tax

The Company is registered as Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF-NBFC) with RBI. As per Section 10(47) of the Income Tax Act, any income of IDFs notified by Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) for this purpose is exempt from income tax.



24 (i) Employee benefit obligations

(₹ in Crs)

a) Labour Law

The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and recognise the same when the Code becomes effective.

b) Defined contribution plans

(₹ in Crs)

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss towards contribution to defined contribution plans which are included under contribution to provident and other funds:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Provident fund	1.40	1.05
Pension fund	0.65	0.38

c) Defined benefit plans

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan in India (funded). The Company's defined benefit gratuity plan is a final salary plan for India employees, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The gratuity plan is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the act, employee who has completed five years of service is entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the member's length of service and salary at retirement age. As per internal policy gratuity liabilities for all employees is uncapped and ₹ 20 lakhs limit is not applicable.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans:

i) Balance sheet

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
As at March 31, 2023	3.56	3.37	0.19
Current service cost	0.65	-	0.65
Past service cost	(0.14)	-	(0.14)
Interest expense/(income)	0.22	-	0.22
Return on plan assets	-	0.21	(0.21)
Employer contributions	-	0.54	(0.54)
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	0.08	(0.08)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.02	-	0.02
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	0.08	-	0.08
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.50	-	0.50
Reversal of the liability	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(0.70)	(0.70)	-
Assets acquired	-	-	-
Liabilities assumed on acquisition	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024	4.19	3.50	0.69
Current service cost	0.56	-	0.56
Past service cost	-	-	-
Interest expense/(income)	0.27	-	0.27
Return on plan assets	-	0.24	(0.24)
Employer contributions	-	-	-
Remeasurements due to actual return on plan assets less interest on plan assets	-	0.07	(0.07)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.11	-	0.11
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.21	-	0.21
Reversal of the liability	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(0.15)	(0.15)	-
Assets acquired	-	-	-
Liabilities assumed on acquisition	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	5.20	3.66	1.54



Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Present value of plan liabilities	5.20	4.19
Fair value of plan assets	3.66	3.50
Plan liability net of plan assets	1.54	0.69

ii) Statement of profit and loss

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Employee benefit expense	-	-
Losses on acquisition	-	-
Current service cost	0.56	0.65
Past service cost	-	(0.14)
Total	0.56	0.51
Finance costs	0.03	0.01
Gains/(losses) on settlements	-	-
Net impact on the profit before tax	0.59	0.52

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability:		
Opening amount recognized in OCI outside profit and loss account	1.39	0.87
Return on plan assets excluding amounts included in interest expense/income	(0.07)	(0.08)
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in financial assumptions	0.11	0.02
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising from change in demographic assumptions	-	0.08
Actuarial loss / (gain) arising on account of experience changes	0.21	0.50
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in experience	-	-
Net impact on the other comprehensive income before tax	1.65	1.39

iii) Defined benefit plan assets

Category of assets (% allocation)	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Insurer managed funds	3.66	3.50
Total	3.66	3.50

iv) Actuarial assumptions

With the objective of presenting the plan assets and plan liabilities of the defined benefits plans and post retirement medical benefits at their fair value on the balance sheet, assumptions under Ind AS 19 are set by reference to market conditions at the valuation date.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Discount rate	6.55%	7.15%
Salary escalation rate*	10.00%	10.00%

* takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotions and other relevant factors



v) Sensitivity

(₹ in Crs)

Gratuity

As at March 31, 2025	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(5.11)	5.29
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	5.29	(5.11)

As at March 31, 2024	Change in assumption	Impact on defined benefit obligation	
		Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	0.50%	(4.12)	4.27
Salary escalation rate	0.50%	4.27	(4.12)

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit liability recognised in the balance sheet.

vi) Maturity

The defined benefit obligations shall mature after year end as follows:

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	2.35	0.73
Between 2 and 5 years	1.72	3.07
Between 5 and 10 years	1.43	0.83
Beyond 10 years	1.41	1.17
Total expected payments	6.91	5.80

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 3.64 years (previous year - 3.80 years)

vii) Provision for long term incentive plan (LTIP)

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Liability for long term incentive plan	5.25	3.82

viii) Provision for leave encashment

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Liability for compensated absences	2.29	0.82

ix) Provision for long term incentive units (Cash settled share option)

During the year certain eligible employees of the company are entitled to LTIP units, value of which is based on underlying value of the share of the company. The company recognizes the fair value of such units and expenses out the same over the vesting period based on the management's estimate of the vesting and forfeiture conditions. Units awarded are cash settled share base payment transaction.

Details of the plan:

Vesting requirement	33% at the end of 2nd year, 33% at the end of 3rd years and 34% at the end of 4 years from June 2023 (Grant date)
Method of settlement	Cash settled
Exercise price	Nil
No of Option granted during the year	16,88,765
No of Option exercised during the year	Nil
No of Option outstanding As on 31-03-2024	16,88,765
Measurement of fair value	Black - Scholes Option pricing model
Expense recognised during the year (₹ in Crs)	2.11



24 (ii) Lease

Disclosure on Lease in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 116 on 'Leases'

A) Actual Payment of Rent from April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2025 is ₹ 4.42 Crore (Previous Year ₹ 2.76 Crore).

B) The following is the breakup of Current and non-current portion of Lease Liability: (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current	4.24	3.93
Non Current		4.24
Total Lease Liability	4.24	8.17

C) The following is the movement of Lease Liability (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	8.18	5.96
Addition	-	4.53
Interest Expense on lease liability	0.49	0.45
Actual payment of rent	4.42	2.76
Closing Balance	4.25	8.18

D) The Carrying Value of Right of Use Asset (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	7.86	5.75
Addition	-	4.53
Gross Carrying value	7.86	10.28
Depreciation	3.93	2.42
Carrying value of right of use asset	3.92	7.86

E) The following represents the Contractual Maturity of the Lease Liability on an undiscounted basis (₹ in Crs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
On demand	-	-
Upto 3 months	1.10	1.10
Above 3 months to 12 months	3.31	3.31
Above 1 Year -3 Years	-	4.42
Above 3 Years-5 Years	-	-
Above 5 Years	-	-
Total	4.42	8.83



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED**Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025****25. Segment information**

The Company is engaged in business of financing by way of loans (non banking financial services). All other activities of the Company revolve around the main business and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments, as per Ind AS 108 – Operating Segments.

26. Earnings per share (EPS)**a) The basic earnings per share has been calculated based on the following:****(₹ in Crs)**

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Net profit after tax available for equity shareholders (A)	487.21	420.47
Less : Dividend transferred to CCPS bank account	-	(0.02)
Net profit after tax available for equity shareholders (A)	487.21	420.45
Weighted average number of ordinary shares/(CCPS)	1,37,52,80,631	1,37,52,80,631
Weighted average number of shares (B)	1,37,52,80,631	1,37,52,80,631

b) The reconciliation between the basic and the diluted earnings per share is as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Basic earnings per share (A/B)	3.54	3.06
Diluted earnings per share (A/B)	3.54	3.06



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
27. Capital commitments

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)	0.63	1.64
Total	0.63	1.64
Contingent liabilities		
Claims not acknowledged as debts in respect of : Income-tax demands under appeal	-	-

28 Capital management

The Company maintains an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business and is meeting capital adequacy requirements of the local banking supervisor, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) of India. The adequacy of the Company's capital is monitored using, amongst other measures, the regulations issued by RBI. Company has complied in full with all its externally imposed capital requirements over the reported period. The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board.

The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI circular RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated March 21, 2024

(₹ in Crs)

Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR):	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Tier I capital	4,322.65	3,849.87
Tier II capital	177.73	154.83
Total capital	4,500.38	4,004.70
Risk weighted assets	20,733.34	16,534.49
CRAR (%)	21.71%	24.22%
CRAR - Tier I capital (%)	20.85%	23.28%
CRAR - Tier II capital (%)	0.86%	0.94%
Amount of subordinated debt considered as Tier II capital	-	-
Amount raised by issue of perpetual debt instruments	-	-

Regulatory Tier I capital, which comprises share capital, share premium, special reserves, share option outstanding account, retained earnings including current year profit and non-controlling interests less accrued dividends & Intangible assets. Certain adjustments are made to Ind AS based results and reserves, as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India.





NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

29 The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024		
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,631.98	-	1,631.98	911.50	-	911.50
Bank Balance other than above	305.97	-	305.97	0.02	-	0.02
Investments	249.53	-	249.53	582.84	-	582.84
Loans	1,320.37	23,912.69	25,233.06	1,564.08	20,425.69	21,989.77
Other financial assets	2.97	0.25	3.22	0.01	0.25	0.26
Non-financial assets						
Income tax assets (Net)	-	375.74	375.74	-	250.92	250.92
Property, plant and equipment	-	3.04	3.04	-	0.90	0.90
Capital work in progress	-	-	-	0.98	-	0.98
Right of use Assets	-	3.92	3.92	-	7.86	7.86
Intangible assets	-	1.26	1.26	-	1.37	1.37
Intangible Asset under Development	-	2.07	2.07	-	0.55	0.55
Other non-financial assets	2.18	-	2.18	1.01	-	1.01
Total assets	3,513.00	24,298.97	27,811.97	3,060.44	20,687.54	23,747.98
Financial liabilities						
Payables						
(I) Trade payables						
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro	1.59	-	1.59	1.63	-	1.63
enterprises and small enterprises						
(II) Other payables						
(i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro	-	-	-	-	-	-
enterprises and small enterprises						
Debt securities	2,086.73	21,339.40	23,426.13	2,147.07	17,635.07	19,782.14
Borrowings (Other than debt securities)	-	-	-	4.42	-	4.42
Finance Lease liabilities	4.24	-	4.24	3.93	4.24	8.17
Other financial liabilities	22.35	-	22.35	74.03	-	74.03
Non-financial Liabilities						
Provisions	6.40	11.19	17.59	-	6.47	6.47
Other non-financial liabilities	13.82	-	13.82	11.47	-	11.47
Total liabilities	2,135.13	21,350.59	23,485.72	2,242.55	17,645.78	19,888.33
Net	1,377.87	2,948.38	4,326.25	817.89	3,041.76	3,859.65



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED
Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025
30 Fair value measurement
a) Financial Instruments by Category
(₹ in Crs)

The following table provides categorization of all financial instruments at carrying value except for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if, the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

As at March 31, 2025	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	19,522.59
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	5,678.36
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	32.10
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	1,631.98
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	305.97
Investments	-	-	249.53
Other financial assets	-	-	3.22
Total financial assets	-	-	27,423.75
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	22,708.40
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	717.73
Trade payables	-	-	1.87
Other Payables	-	-	-
Finance Lease liability	-	-	4.24
Other financial liabilities	-	-	22.35
Total financial liabilities	-	-	23,454.59
As at March 31, 2024	At FVTPL	At FVOCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets			
Loans			
- Term loans	-	-	15,576.49
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	6,352.48
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	-	-	60.79
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	911.50
Bank Balance other than above	-	-	0.02
Investments	-	-	582.84
Other financial assets	-	-	0.26
Total financial assets	-	-	23,484.38
Financial Liabilities			
Debt Securities			
- Debentures and bonds	-	-	19,136.07
- Accrued interest on borrowings	-	-	646.07
Trade payables	-	-	1.63
Other Payables	-	-	4.42
Lease liability	-	-	8.17
Other financial liabilities	-	-	74.03
Total financial liabilities	-	-	19,870.39

Note: There are no other categories of financial instruments other than those mentioned above. The financial assets are shown net of provision for Expected Credit Loss.

b) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

As at March 31, 2025
(₹ in Crs)

Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Loans					
- Term loans	4	-	-	19,522.59	19,522.59
- Debentures and bonds	4	-	-	5,678.36	5,678.36
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	4	-	-	32.10	32.10
Investments	4	-	-	249.53	249.53
Total financial assets		-	-	25,482.58	25,482.58
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities					
- Debentures and bonds	11	-	-	22,708.40	22,708.40
- Commercial papers	11	-	-	-	-
- Accrued interest on borrowings	11	-	-	717.73	717.73
Total financial liabilities		-	-	23,426.13	23,426.13



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

As at March 31, 2024					(₹ in Crs)
Assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	Note	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Loans					
- Term loans	4	-	-	15,576.49	15,576.49
- Debentures and bonds	4	-	-	6,352.48	6,352.48
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	4	-	-	60.79	60.79
Investments	4	-	-	582.84	582.84
Total financial assets		-	-	22,572.60	22,572.60
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities					
- Debentures and bonds	11	-	-	19,136.07	19,136.07
- Commercial papers	11	-	-	-	-
- Accrued interest on borrowings	11	-	-	646.07	646.07
Total financial liabilities		-	-	19,782.14	19,782.14

- i) There are no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.
 ii) The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial assets by valuation technique:

The fair value of financial instruments are classified into three categories i.e. Level 1, 2 or 3 depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The hierarchies used are as follows:

Level 1: Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as mutual funds) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV. These instruments are included in Level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

c) Valuation technique used to determine fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the fair value of the unquoted mutual fund units is determined using observable NAV representing repurchase price issued by the mutual fund/venture capital fund.
- the fair values of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on the observable yield curves.
- the fair value of the remaining financial instruments is determined using discounted cash flow analysis and the discount rates used were adjusted for counterparty or own credit risk.

d) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(₹ in Crs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Loans				
Rupee loans	19,522.59	19,522.59	15,576.49	15,576.49
Debentures and Bonds	5,678.36	5,678.36	6,352.48	6,352.48
Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	32.10	32.10	60.79	60.79
Investments	249.53	249.53	582.84	582.84
Total financial assets	25,482.58	25,482.58	22,572.60	22,572.60
Financial liabilities				
Debt securities				
Debentures	22,708.40	22,708.40	19,136.07	19,136.07
Commercial papers	-	-	-	-
Interest accrued but not due	717.73	717.73	646.07	646.07
Total financial liabilities	23,426.13	23,426.13	19,782.14	19,782.14

Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual creditworthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk. The fair values of financial liabilities measured at amortised cost i.e. debt securities issued were calculated based on their cash flows discounted using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts. They are classified as Level 3 fair value in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including own credit risk. For financial assets and financial liabilities that have a short-term maturity (less than twelve months), the carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. Such instruments include, cash and bank balances, trade and other payables, other financial assets and liabilities. Such amounts have been classified as Level 3 on the basis that no adjustments have been made to the balances in the balance sheet.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

31 Financial risk management

31.1. Introduction

Risk management is an integral part of the business practices of the Company. The framework of risk management concentrates on formalising a system to deal with the most relevant risks, building on existing management practices, knowledge and structures. The process of risk management is paramount to the Company and each employee is accountable for risks relating to his/her responsibilities. The key risk management tenets adopted by the Company includes maker-checker principle and three levels of defence (first level - employee, second level - risk team, third level - internal audit). The Company is exposed to credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, price risk and operations risk (including cyber risk) through its business operations.

31.2. Risk management structure

The Company has set up a robust risk governance framework based on the following key principles:

- The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Company's risk management framework. The board is principally responsible for approving the Company's risk related strategies and policies.
- To ensure that the Company has a sound system of risk management and internal controls in place, the board has established a Risk Management Committee (RMC). The RMC assists the board in relation to the oversight and review of the Company's risk management principles and policies, strategies, appetite, processes and controls. The RMC has direct access to the Company's management and has open communication with them.
- Policies, processes and systems are put in place for effective risk management.
- The Company has an independent risk unit which is entrusted with the responsibility of implementing risk policy and processes for risk identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring and control. It reports to the Chief Risk Officer (CRO), who in turn reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company. The board has put in place the policy to safeguard the independence of CRO (The CRO meets the Risk Management Committee (RMC) on a quarterly basis without the presence of CEO).
- The Company's Resources team is primarily responsible for funding and liquidity risks and is guided by the asset liability management policy. The market risks of the Company are supervised by the asset liability committee.
- The Company maintains a Risk Register for all its processes. Operational risks of the Company are monitored by business operations risk committee.
- The portfolio team along with business team monitors project assets on regular basis and highlights pending compliances to senior management on monthly basis. It also conducts annual site visits and monitors financial covenants.
- Annual review of financial and operational performance of projects and their re-rating is conducted by the risk team.
- Risk management processes are also audited quarterly by internal audit and findings and recommendations are provided to the audit committee.

31.3. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of suffering financial loss, should any of the Company's customers, clients or market counterparties fail to fulfil their contractual obligations to the Company. Credit risk arises mainly from loans and advances arising from lending activities.

Credit risk is the single largest risk for the Company's business, management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk. The credit risk management and control are centralised in RMC which reports regularly to the Board. The company adheres to high standards of credit risk management and mitigation. The lending proposals are subjected to a thorough assessment of promoters; group financial strength and leverage; operational & financial performance track record; cash flows; valuation of collateral.

The exposures are subjected to regular monitoring of (i.e. cash flows of the projects, security cover and operational performance is regularly monitored). The Company manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the amount of exposure at each sector/sub-sector level. The concentration of risk is monitored in relation to such limits.

31.3.1. Credit risk measurement - loans and advances

The estimation of credit exposure for risk management purposes is complex and requires the use of models, as the exposure varies with changes in market conditions, expected cash flows and the passage of time. The assessment of credit risk of a loans and advances entails further estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, of the associated loss ratios and of default correlations counterparties. The Company measures credit risk using probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD). This is similar to the approach used for the purpose of measuring expected credit loss (ECL) under Ind AS 109.

The Company's concentration risk is managed at the sector/sub-sector level. These limits are approved by the RMC and reviewed at regular intervals. The following table shows the risk concentration towards each sector/sub-sector.

Sector/sub-sector	Exposure limit as per risk policy		Exposure		Amount Outstanding (₹ in Crs)	
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Energy Generation - Wind	20%	25%	4.87%	6.89%	1,339.91	1,657.61
Energy Generation - Solar	50%	45%	26.41%	36.54%	7,107.59	7,894.39
Energy Generation - Hydro	15%	15%	1.84%	2.19%	505.65	525.95
Energy Generation - Other	35%	25%	32.20%	21.09%	8,235.80	4,521.46
Energy Transmission	20%	25%	2.66%	3.07%	729.40	738.10
Total Energy Sector	80%	85%	67.98%	69.78%	17,918.35	15,337.51
Ports, Airports, Railways etc. (without tripartite)	25%	25%	7.74%	9.06%	2,119.61	2,160.61
Logistics	25%	25%	2.95%	2.73%	642.10	656.16
Bulk Material Transportation	25%	25%	1.33%	1.59%	365.99	381.99
Other social and commercial infrastructure	25%	25%	1.79%	0.55%	493.01	123.40
Hospitals	25%	25%	0.52%	0.66%	141.62	158.98
Education Institutions	25%	25%	0.00%	0.29%	-	68.65
Transport - Roads	25%	-	3.70%	4.50%	1,016.40	1,073.58
Water & Sanitation	15%	15%	2.02%	2.31%	521.79	521.79
Communication	15%	15%	11.97%	8.53%	2,171.09	1,635.54
Total			100.00%	100.00%	25,389.96	22,118.19

a) Credit risk grading

The Company uses internal credit risk grading framework that reflects its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparty. Borrower and loan specific information collected at the time of initial application and annual re-rating exercise is fed into risk rating model. This is supplemented by external data such as credit bureau scoring information.

The framework is robust and comparable to credit models used by premier credit rating bureaus. The credit rating model considers various parameters (such as promoter strength, operating risk, market risk, financial factors, etc.) and a score is assigned to each parameter between 1 (lowest) to 5 (highest). The internal rating grade is based on the final score derived from the credit rating model.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

The Company's internal rating grades

Internal rating grades	Description of the grade
iAAA	Highest Safety
iAAA+	
iAA	
iAA-	High Safety
iA+	
iA	
iA-	Adequate Safety
iBBB+	
iBBB	
iBBB-	Moderate Safety
iBB+	
iBB & iBB-	
iB, iC & iD	Moderate Risk
	High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default

As per risk rating policy, the Company does not finance the projects having internal rating grade below iBBB-, arrived as per the above mentioned risk rating framework. In case of difference between internal rating grade and external credit rating (if any), then lower of the two ratings would be considered while evaluating the minimum rating criteria.

However, at the time of sanction, if the external credit rating is below internal rating grade, but is expected to improve due to various factors (including refinance loan terms), Company may provide financial assistance to such borrowers on the condition that the disbursement would be made only after the minimum investment grade rating as aforesaid is obtained.

An annual review of the loans / debentures (credit substitutes) would be conducted to determine the credit migration and rating of the portfolio. The analysis below summarises the credit quality of the Company's debt portfolio at March 31.

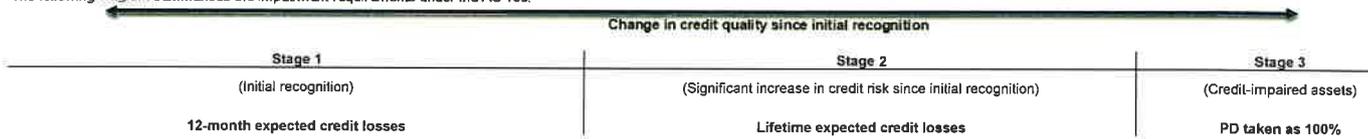
Internal rating grades	% of total customer		% of total outstanding	
	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
iAAA	0%	0%	0%	0%
iAAA+, iAA, iAA-	17%	28%	33%	46%
iA+, iA, iA-	56%	52%	48%	41%
iBBB+	20%	11%	12%	7%
iBBB	7%	9%	5%	8%
iBBB-	1%	0%	1%	0%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

b) Expected credit loss measurement

Ind AS 109 outlines a 'three-stage' model for impairment based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition as summarised below:

- A financial instrument that is not credit-impaired on initial recognition is classified in 'Stage 1' and has its credit risk continuously monitored by the Company.
- If a significant increase in credit risk ('SICR') since initial recognition is identified, the financial instrument is moved to 'Stage 2' but is not yet deemed to be credit-impaired. Refer note 31(b)(i) below for a description of how the Company determines when a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.
- If the financial instrument is credit-impaired, the financial instrument is then moved to 'Stage 3'. Refer note 31(b)(ii) below for a description of how the Company defines credit-impaired and default.
- Financial instruments in Stage 1 have their ECL measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. Instruments in Stages 2 have their ECL measured based on expected credit losses on a lifetime basis while for Stage 3, probability of default is taken as 100%. Refer note 31(b)(iii) below for a description of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring the ECL.
- A pervasive concept in measuring ECL in accordance with Ind AS 109 is that it should consider forward-looking information.

The following diagram summarises the impairment requirements under Ind AS 109:



i) Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

The Company considers a financial instrument to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk when one or more of the quantitative, qualitative or backstop criteria have been met.

Quantitative criteria:

The credit risk on a financial asset of the Company are assumed to have increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are 31 days past due but less than 90 days past due, with rebuttable presumption. Accordingly the financial assets shall be classified as Stage 2, if on the reporting date, it has been 31 days past due but less than 90 days past due.

Qualitative criteria:

For all financial instruments held by the Company, if the borrower is on the watch list and/or the instrument meets one or more of the following criteria:

- Internal rating downgrade of two notches or more
- Any event/s of non-cooperation
- Evidence of diversion of funds

d) The Company has not used the low credit risk exemption for any financial instruments in the year ended March 31, 2025.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

ii) **Default and credit-impaired asset**

The Company defines a financial asset as in default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

The borrower is more than 90 days past due on its contractual payments to be considered in default.

Qualitative criteria:

The borrower meets unlikelihood to pay criteria, which indicates the borrower is in significant financial difficulty. These are instances where:

- the borrower is in long-term forbearance
- the borrower is insolvent

The criteria above have been applied to all financial instruments held by the Company and are consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. The default definition has been applied consistently to model the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD) throughout the Company's expected loss calculations.

iii) **Measuring ECL – Explanation of inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques**

The Expected Credit Loss (ECL) is measured on either a 12-month (12M) or Lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. Expected credit losses are the discounted product of the probability of default (PD), exposure at default (EAD), and loss given default (LGD), defined as follows:

PD Estimation:

The PD represents the likelihood of a borrower defaulting on its financial obligation (as per "Definition of default and credit-impaired" above), either over the next 12 months (12M PD), or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime PD) of the obligation.

The lifetime PD is developed by applying a maturity profile to the current 12M PD. The maturity profile looks at how defaults develop on a portfolio from the point of initial recognition throughout the lifetime of the loans. The maturity profile is based on historical observed data and is assumed to be the same across all assets within a portfolio and credit grade band. This is supported by historical analysis.

The credit quality of the portfolio is assessed using internally developed credit rating model. The internal rating grade is determined for every initial application and annual re-rating is also performed for all existing counterparties. In the absence of default/SMA history and limited number of counterparties involved, credit rating data available in public domain has been used to assign PDs to Internal rating grades.

- For Stage 1, 12 month PD are calculated on average of three rating agencies for 1 year cumulative default rate data and GDP forecast estimates have been used to arrive at 12 month PD for base case, best case and worst case economic scenarios
- For Stage 2, Lifetime PD are calculated by considering the survival rate of the counterparty for the remaining maturity. The PD is based on average transition matrices of three rating agencies based on corporates.
- For Stage 3, Lifetime PD is taken as 100%

Internal rating grades – 12 month PD Mapping:

Internal rating grades		PIT PD
Highest Safety	iAAA	0.19%
	iAA+	0.17%
High Safety	iAA	0.17%
	iAA-	0.17%
Adequate Safety	iA+	0.25%
	iA	0.25%
Moderate Safety	iA-	0.25%
	iBBB+	1.08%
Moderate Risk	iBBB	1.08%
	iBBB-	1.08%
High Risk	iBB+	3.73%
	iBB	3.73%
Very High Risk	iBB-	3.73%
	iB	7.33%
Default	iC	24.87%
	iD	100.00%

Exposure at default:

EAD is based on the amounts the Company expects to be owed at the time of default, over the next 12 months (12M EAD) or over the remaining lifetime (Lifetime EAD).

For amortising products and bullet repayment loans, this is based on the contractual repayments owed by the borrower over a 12 month or lifetime basis. This will also be adjusted for any expected overpayments made by a borrower. Early repayment/refinance assumptions are also incorporated into the calculation.



Loss given default:

Loss Given Default (LGD) represents the Company's expectation of the extent of loss on a defaulted exposure. LGD varies by type of counterparty, type and seniority of claim and availability of collateral or other credit support. LGD is expressed as a percentage loss per unit of exposure at the time of default (EAD). LGD is calculated on a 12-month or lifetime basis, where 12-month LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs in the next 12 months and Lifetime LGD is the percentage of loss expected to be made if the default occurs over the remaining expected lifetime of the loan.

The 12-month and lifetime LGDs are determined based on the factors which impact the recoveries made post default. These vary by product type and security coverage.

- In case of re-financing of operating road project, the Company enters into a tripartite agreement with the concessionaire and NHAI/any other project authority for ensuring a compulsory buyout with termination payments. The LGD for road project loans is taken as 5% since the entire credit exposure arising out of loan agreement is secured by way of tripartite agreement with Government authorities. 5% assumption on LGD is hence assumed only to capture any time delay in enforcing the tripartite agreement.
- In case of re-financing of other operating infrastructure project loans, the primary credit support is cash flow control and additional comfort is taken as project assets as collateral. In absence of actual instances of default and consequential recoveries, the LGD rates under "Foundation IRB approach" as prescribed by RBI, after considering the threshold level of collateralisation and required level of over collateralisation for full recognition of collateral, have been taken as a proxy measure.

ECL computation:

The ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD for each future month and for each individual exposure or collective segment. These three components are multiplied together and adjusted for the likelihood of survival (i.e. the exposure has not prepaid or defaulted in an earlier month).

iv) Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL model

The assessment of SICR and the calculation of ECL both incorporate forward-looking information. The Company has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit losses for portfolio.

Judgment has also been applied in this process. Forecasts of these economic variables (the "base economic scenario") are provided on a regular basis and provide the best estimate view of the economy over the next five years.

The assessment of SICR is performed using the Lifetime PD under each of the base, and the other scenarios, multiplied by the associated scenario weighting, along with qualitative and backstop indicators. This determines whether the whole financial instrument is in Stage 1, Stage 2, or Stage 3 and hence whether 12-month or lifetime ECL should be recorded. Following this assessment, the Company measures ECL as either a probability weighted 12 month ECL (Stage 1), or a probability weighted lifetime ECL (Stages 2 and 3). These probability-weighted ECLs are determined by running each scenario through the relevant ECL model and multiplying it by the appropriate scenario weighting (as opposed to weighting the inputs).

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected. The Company considers these forecasts to represent its best estimate of the possible outcomes and has analysed the non-linearities and asymmetries within the Company's different portfolios to establish that the chosen scenarios are appropriately representative of the range of possible scenarios.

The Company has identified the "GDP growth rate" as a key driver for the expected credit loss. To smoothen the GDP growth rate for past 15 years, GDP growth rates achieved during black swan events such as during the COVID period (FY21) and subsequent high revival growth rate (FY22) have not been considered while taking the GDP numbers for March 2025 ECL workings.

The following table sets out the assumptions used for base case, best case and worst case ECL scenarios, taking GDP growth rate as key driver for expected loss:

Year ended March 31, 2025

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
Base case	50%	7.02%	6.46%	6.47%	6.48%	6.49%
Best case	20%	9.47%	8.91%	8.91%	8.92%	8.93%
Worst case	30%	4.58%	4.02%	4.03%	4.04%	4.04%

Year ended March 31, 2024

ECL Scenario	Assigned probabilities %	FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29
Base case	50%	6.81%	6.46%	6.47%	6.48%	6.49%
Best case	20%	9.55%	9.20%	9.20%	9.21%	9.22%
Worst case	30%	4.07%	3.72%	3.73%	3.74%	3.75%

The GDP estimates are used to project the grade wise PD for base case, best case and worst case scenario. The final (weighted) ECL is arrived at by assigning 50%, 20% and 30% weights to the base case, best case and worst case ECL respectively.

The GDP estimates are presented for financials years

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025 (₹ in Crs)	As at March 31, 2025 (%)	As at March 31, 2025 (% of Total Loans)	As at March 31, 2024 (₹ in Crs)	As at March 31, 2024 (%)	As at March 31, 2024 (% of Total Loans)
Scenario weighted computed ECL	54.09	30%	0.21%	31.55	20%	0.14%
Management Overlay	123.64	70%	0.49%	123.28	80%	0.56%
Total Impairment Loss Allowance on Loans (Note 2)	177.73	100%	0.70%	154.83	100%	0.70%

Scenario weighted computed ECL as on March 31, 2025 is ₹ 54.09 crore (March 31, 2024 is ₹ 31.55 crore). Over and above this, there is management overlay of ₹ 123.64 crore (₹ 123.28 crore) such that the Total Impairment Loss Allowance will be 0.7% of Total Loans which amounts to ₹ 177.73 crore (₹ 154.83 crore)



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

v) Financial assets measured on a collective basis

ECL is calculated on individual basis for all loan assets.

vii) Proposal appraisal

The Company collects relevant project/ corporate documents and initiate appraisal of the proposal. The evaluation process encompasses establishment of viability of proposal including borrower's ability to service the loan. The evaluation is undertaken through a combination of review of project/corporate documents, external rating rationales (if any), meetings with project promoters/key officials, site visits, etc.

Proposals shall be approved by the Credit Committee post recommendation by the Decision Committee.

Term loans /debentures can have fixed rate or floating rate of interest linked to the Company's benchmark rate or another agreed benchmark. There may be reset of spreads after defined intervals.

Below is the mix of assets with spread reset dates falling within 1 year and more than 1 year:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Less than 1 year	12.95%	6.00%
More than 1 year	87.05%	94.00%

vii) Overview of modified and forborne loan

All the loan assets of the Company are categorised under Stage 1 and there are no modified or forborne loans.

c) Credit risk exposure

i) Maximum exposure to credit risk - Loans and debenture measured at amortised subject to impairment

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2025			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety	-	-	-	-
High Safety	8,379.68	-	-	8,379.68
Adequate Safety	12,309.76	-	-	12,309.76
Moderate Safety	4,700.52	-	-	4,700.52
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	25,389.96	-	-	25,389.96

Term loans and debentures	As at March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Performing				
Highest Safety	-	-	-	-
High Safety	10,136.38	-	-	10,136.38
Adequate Safety	9,016.28	-	-	9,016.28
Moderate Safety	2,965.53	-	-	2,965.53
Non-performing				
Moderate Risk	-	-	-	-
High Risk/ Very High Risk/ Default	-	-	-	-
Total	22,118.19	-	-	22,118.19

ii) Maximum exposure to credit risk - Financial instruments not subject to impairment

The Company does not have any exposure to Financial instruments not subjected to impairment.

iii) Collateral and other credit enhancement

The amount and type of collateral required depends on an assessment of the credit risk of the counterparty. Guidelines are in place covering the acceptability and valuation of each type of collateral.

The Company employs a range of policies and practices to mitigate credit risk. The most common of these is accepting collateral for funds advanced. The Company has internal policies on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation.

The Company prepares a valuation of the collateral obtained as part of the loan origination process. This assessment is reviewed periodically. The principal collateral types are:

- charges over tangible assets such as property, plant and equipment; and
- charges over book debts, inventories, bank deposits, and other working capital items; and
- charges over financial instruments such as debt securities and equities.

The fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a regular basis.

Particulars	Gross Exposure	Impairment allowance	Undrawn amount	EIR Adjustment	Carrying amount
(₹ in Crs)					
As at March 31, 2025					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	20,299.61	137.86	604.97	8.80	19,547.97
- Debentures and bonds	5,695.33	39.87	-	2.47	5,652.99
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	32.10	-	-	-	32.10
Total	26,027.04	177.73	604.97	11.27	25,233.06
As at March 31, 2024					
Loans to corporate entities/individuals:					
- Term loans	15,746.13	110.22	-	24.48	15,611.42
- Debentures and bonds	6,372.07	44.60	-	9.91	6,317.55
- Accrued interest on loans, debentures and bonds	60.79	-	-	-	60.79
Total	22,178.99	154.82	-	34.39	21,989.76



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

iv) Loss allowance

The loss allowance recognised in the period is impacted by a variety of factors, as described below:

- transfers between Stage 1 and Stages 2 or 3 due to financial instruments experiencing significant increases (or decreases) of credit risk or becoming credit-impaired in the period, and the consequent "step up" (or "step down") between 12-month and Lifetime ECL;
- additional allowances for new financial instruments recognised during the period, as well as releases for financial instruments de-recognised in the period;
- impact on the measurement of ECL due to changes in PDs, EADs and LGDs in the period, arising from regular refreshing of inputs to models;
- impacts on the measurement of ECL due to changes made to models and assumptions;
- financial assets derecognised during the period and write-offs of allowances related to assets that were written off during the period.

An analysis of change in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio and corresponding loss allowance:

The following table further explains changes in the gross carrying amount of the loan portfolio to help explain their significance to the changes in the loss allowance for the same portfolio as discussed below:

(₹ in Crs)

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2025			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	22,144.60	-	-	22,144.60
New assets originated or purchased	7,055.10	-	-	7,055.10
Assets derecognised or repaid	(3,788.91)	-	-	(3,788.91)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	25,410.79	-	-	25,410.79

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	17,841.89	-	-	17,841.89
New assets originated or purchased	6,985.74	-	-	6,985.74
Assets derecognised or repaid	(2,683.04)	-	-	(2,683.04)
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	22,144.59	-	-	22,144.59

The following table explains the changes in the loss allowance between the beginning and at the end of the annual period due to various factors:

(₹ in Crs)

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2025			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	154.83	-	-	154.83
New assets originated or purchased	49.39	-	-	49.39
Assets derecognised or repaid	(26.49)	-	-	(26.49)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	177.73	-	-	177.73

Term loans and debentures	Year ended March 31, 2024			Total
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Opening balance	124.88	-	-	124.88
New assets originated or purchased	48.90	-	-	48.90
Assets derecognised or repaid	(18.95)	-	-	(18.95)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to Stage 3	-	-	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-	-	-
Closing balance	154.83	-	-	154.83

The origination of new loan assets is the primary factor that contributed to the change in the loss allowance during the period.

31.3.2. Other financial assets

The Company has credit risk exposure in cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, and other financial assets. Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits are held with only high rated banks/financial institutions only, therefore credit risk is perceived to be low. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

31.4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company might be unable to meet its payment obligations when they fall due as a result of mismatches in the timing of the cash flows under both normal and stressful circumstances. To limit this risk management has adopted a policy of managing assets with liquidity in mind and monitoring future cash flows and liquidity on a monthly basis. The Company has developed internal control processes and contingency plans for managing liquidity risk.

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining liquid investments. In accordance with the Company's policy, the liquidity position is assessed by setting limits on the amount of liquidity exposure and monitoring exposures in relation to each such limits:

a) Liquidity Risk framework

Category	Limits
Limits on cumulative negative gaps, as a % of cumulative outflows [maximum]	-10% of cumulative outflows for 0 to 7 days, over 7 days to 14 days -20% of cumulative outflows for 14 days to 1-month -25% of cumulative outflows for 1-month to 6-months -40% of cumulative outflows for 6-months to 1-year -50% of cumulative outflows for 1-year to 3-years -50% of cumulative outflows for 3-years to 5-years
Capital adequacy ratio (CRAR) [minimum]	15%
Capital Classification	Tier II Capital shall not exceed Tier I Capital
Borrowings through shorter tenor bonds and commercial papers (CPs)	Up to 10% of total outstanding borrowings
Credit rating [minimum]	A
Liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) [minimum]	1.00
Earnings at risk (EaR) [maximum]	₹ 35 Crore
Liquidity ratio - Long-term assets/Total Assets	Min. 80% - Max 95%

The Company has assumed prepayment in upto 3 year buckets based on behavioral pattern as allowed under RBI circular from Oct 31,2023.



NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

b) Analysis of financial assets and liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial assets and liabilities balance sheet date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	(₹ in Crs)										
	0 - 7 Days	8 - 14 Days	15 Days - 1 Month	Over 1 Month to 2 Months	Over 2 Months to 3 Months	Over 3 Months to 6 Months	Over 6 Months to 1 Year	Over 1 Year to 3 Years	Over 3 Year to 5 Years	Above 5 Years	Total
As at March 31, 2025											
Deposits											
Advances	8.75	-	22.26	8.29	269.92	1,605.99	1,912.06	7,508.45	4,789.06	9,253.90	25,378.68
Investments	149.94	-	99.58	-	250.00	125.00	450.00	9,177.00	3,220.00	8,942.40	249.52
Borrowings	-	-	-	544.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2024											
Deposits											
Advances			13.78	18.12	218.97	300.53	920.48	3,369.39	4,168.92	13,042.22	22,083.83
Investments	31.42	249.52	229.17	104.15	-	376.00	1,105.00	6,622.00	5,424.00	5,589.07	582.84
Borrowings	-	-	-	20.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Currency Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

c) Public disclosure on liquidity risk

The disclosure in terms of RBI circular ref. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated March 21, 2024 on liquidity risk management framework for NBFCs is provided below-

(i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty

Sr no	Year	No. of counterparties	Amount (₹ in Crs)	% of Total Borrowings	% of Total Liabilities
1	March 31, 2025 #	64	19,111.50	83.96%	81.46%
2	March 31, 2024	20	14,500.00	75.47%	72.91%

For FY 2024-25 funding concentration has been calculated based on group counterparties.

(ii) Top 20 large deposits - Nil

(iii) Top 10 borrowings: ₹ 15,487 Crore (represent 68.04% of total borrowings) (previous year ₹ 11,540 Crore (represent 60.06% of total borrowings))

Sr no	Name of instrument	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
		Amount (₹ in Crs)	% of Total Liabilities	Amount	% of Total Liabilities
1	Non Convertible Debentures	22,762.00	100.00%	19,214.00	100.00%
2	Commercial papers	-	-	-	-

(v) Stock ratios:

Sr no	Instrument	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024	
		As a % of total public funds	As a % of total liabilities	As a % of total assets	As a % of total liabilities
(a)	Commercial papers	NA	Nil	Nil	0%
(b)	Non Convertible Debentures (original maturity <1 year)	NA	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c)	Other short term liabilities	NA	9%	8%	11%
				NA	9%

(vi) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management:

The Company has put in place an Asset Liability Management Policy under which the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) has been set up to oversee Asset Liability Management (ALM), including liquidity risk management. The overall ALM framework as well as liquidity risk is managed by-

(i) Board which provides the overall direction for the Policy and framework.

(ii) ALCO - comprises of Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Finance Officer (CFO) Chief Risk Officer (CRO) and Chief Business Officer (CBO) and Director - Resources. It is a decision making body responsible for strategic management of interest rate and liquidity risks.

(iii) Asset Liability Management Support Group - which consist of operating staff from Risk, Finance and Resources group. The ALM support group analyses / monitors the liquidity profile, limits and reports to ALCO.

(iv) Finance Committee - comprises of CEO, CRO, CBO and CFO. The Finance Committee is authorised to borrow monies through various instruments permitted by RBI, subject to the overall borrowing limits approved by the Board and Shareholders.

(v) Resources Group - which is ALM support group and is responsible for the following:

- Fund raising for the company.
- Ensuring compliance with respect to funds raised.
- Provide market-related inputs post discussion with relevant stakeholders e.g. interest rate, liquidity and exchange rate scenarios to the ALCO.
- Actively implement the asset and liability management strategy as decided by the ALCO.
- Maintain appropriate liquidity buffers in consultation with relevant stakeholders (the minimum liquidity buffer would always be as specified by regulatory guidelines)
- Prepare all regulatory and internal MIS (management information systems) and be responsible for all data collection, aggregation, and limit monitoring for liquidity risk and interest rate risk, as specified in the Policy and/or as suggested from time to time by the ALCO.
- (vi) Investment Committee - Comprises CEO, CRO, CBO, CFO, CCO and GC is responsible for investment of surplus funds of the Company as per the Board approved investment policy.



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(₹ in Crs)

D) Disclosure on Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) under RBI circular no. RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR FIN REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24 dated March 21, 2024 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies and Core Investment Companies

Particulars	31-Mar-25		31-Dec-24		30-Sep-24		30-Jun-24	
	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)#
High Quality Liquid Assets	757	689	1,190	1,064	1,273	1,147	1,401	1,275
1 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA):								
Balance in Current Account	20	20	112	112	18	18	31	31
T-bill	283	283	242	242	416	416	531	531
NCDs (HQLA)	454	386	836	711	839	713	839	713
Cash Outflows								
2 Deposits (for deposit taking companies)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3 Unsecured wholesale funding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4 Secured wholesale funding	377	433	242	278	763	877	571	656
5 Additional requirements, of which	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i) Outflows related to derivative exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6 Other contractual funding obligations	6	7	6	7	2,764	2,867	2,251	2,410
7 Other contingent funding obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8 Total Cash Outflows	383	440	248	285	3,527	3,744	2,822	3,067
Cash Inflows								
9 Secured lending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	385	289	229	172	806	605	529	387
11 Other cash inflows	1,574	1,181	1,170	877	2,972	2,755	2,156	1,867
12 Total Cash Inflows	1,959	1,470	1,399	1,049	3,778	3,360	2,685	2,284
	Total Adjusted Value	Total Adjusted Value						
13 Total HQLA		689		1,064		1,147		1,275
14 Total Net Cash Outflows (Higher of inflow less outflows or 25% of outflows)		110		71		936		783
15 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		626%		1495%		123%		163%

Notes:

- 1) Unweighted values must be calculated as outstanding balances maturing or callable within 30 days (for inflows and outflows).
- 2) Weighted values must be calculated after the application of respective haircuts (for HQLA) and stress factors on inflow and outflow.
- 3) There is change in methodology of LCR calculation from Q3 FY 2025 onwards from actual basis to estimated basis for next 30 days.

(a) The main drivers of their LCR results and the evolution of the contribution of inputs to the LCR's calculation over time:

(b) Intra-period changes as well as changes over time: Quarterly LCR mentioned in table above

(c) The composition of HQLAs: Mentioned above

(d) Concentration of funding sources: Refer 31.4 (c) liquidity risk

(e) Derivative exposures and potential collateral calls: NA

(f) Currency mismatch in the LCR: NA

(g) Other inflows and outflows in the LCR calculation that are not captured in the LCR common template but which the institution considers to be relevant for its liquidity profile: NA



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

31.5. Market Risk

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and mutual fund NAV's.

a) Interest rate risk-lending

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company's main interest rate risk arises from lending with variable rates, which expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. During March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, the Company's lending portfolio at variable rate are mainly denominated in Indian rupees (₹).

The Company's fixed rate lending portfolio is carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

i) Interest rate risk exposure

(₹ in Crs)

The exposure of the Company's lending portfolio to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting years are as follows:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Variable rate lending portfolio	329.64	437.85
Fixed rate loans	25,060.00	21,680.34
Total	25,389.64	22,118.19

ii) Sensitivity**a) Interest rate risk - Loans and debenture**

Profit or loss may be impacted due to change in interest rate on rate-sensitive assets and liabilities.

Particulars	Impact on profit after tax	
	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points	29.30	15.13
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points	(29.30)	(15.13)

* The sensitivity is derived holding all other variables constant

iii) Company does not have any variable rate borrowings; hence its not exposed to borrowing interest rate risk exposure.

b) Price risk

Since the Company does not hold any equity instruments, it is not exposed to price risk. Investment in Mutual fund is subject to price risk .

c) Foreign currency risk:

The Company does not have any foreign currency exposures in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date that will result in net currency gains or losses in the statement of profit and loss due to change foreign currency exchange rates. This mitigates the foreign currency risk exposure for the Company.

31.6. Operational and business risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss arising from systems failure, human error, fraud or external events. Operational risk management process comprises of identification, assessment, measurement, monitoring / controlling, reporting and mitigation of operational risk. Controls include effective segregation of duties, access, authorisation and reconciliation procedures, staff education and assessment processes, such as the use of internal audit. Periodic Business Operational Risk Committee (BORC) meetings are convened to keep a track of operational risks and mitigation plans across the Company.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Controlling Stake Holder

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
President of India

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Pankil Mehta - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed wef March 28, 2024)
Mr. Sudeep Bhatia - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed wef June 25, 2024)
Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary

d) Directors

Mr. AKT Chari - Nominee Director, NIIF
Mr. Ashwani Kumar - Independent Director
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian - Independent Director
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director
Mr. Padmanabh Sinha - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Ceased w.e.f March 31, 2025)
Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II

(₹ in Crs)

Related Party	Parent		Subsidiaries		Entity with significant influence		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total	
	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	0.05	-	-	0.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.05
Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	-
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	-
Dividend	-	8.20	-	-	-	6.36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.56
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	478.33	358.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478.33	358.46
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	5.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	5.25
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.82	0.73	-	-	0.82	0.73
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	8.25	-	-	478.92	364.82	3.88	5.25	-	-	0.82	0.73	-	-	483.62	379.05

33 The company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit-trail (edit log) and same was operated through-out the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. The company did not use database feature to enable audit trail due to security and performance consideration. However, company has effective control mechanism with respect to database management to check if there is any change in database. Further, the company is in the process of allowing access to Database and Server only through Privileged Accesses Management.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

34 Other Disclosures:

a) Ratios

Ratios	Description	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Total Equity	5.42	5.13
Current Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Long Term Debt to Working Capital	NA	NA	NA
Bad Debts to Account Receivable Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Current Liability Ratio	NA	NA	NA
Total Debts to Total Assets	Total Debt / Total Asset	0.84	0.83
Debtors Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Inventory Turnover	NA	NA	NA
Profit before tax margin (%)	PBT / Total Revenue	22.79%	22.49%
Net Profit Margin (%)	PAT / Total Revenue	22.32%	22.76%
Net Worth (in ₹ in Crs)	Share capital + Reserves and surplus	4,325.98	3,859.65
Net Profit After Tax (in ₹ in Crs)		487.21	420.47
Earnings Per Share (Basic)	PAT / Total number of shares	3.54	3.06
Earnings Per Share (Diluted)	PAT / Total diluted number of shares	3.54	3.06
Gross/ Net Non-Performing Assets (NPAs)		Nil	Nil
Capital Redemption Reserve/Debenture Redemption Reserve *	NA	NA	NA
LCR	Liquidity coverage ratio	6.26	2.26

* Not applicable, being a Non-Banking Financial Service Company registered with the Reserve Bank of India.

- b) There are no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- c) No proceeding has been initiated during the year or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property
- d) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- e) During the current year the Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency.
- f) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961
- g) The Company, has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- h) The Company, has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
(a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- i) The information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information received from suppliers regarding their status under the said act as available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors, is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Outstanding principal amount and interest due to suppliers registered under MSMED Act and remaining unpaid at the year end:	0.27	β
- Principal amount	0.27	β
- Interest due thereon	-	-
Interest paid other than under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period.	-	-
Interest paid under section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, beyond the appointed day during the period.	-	-
Amount of interest due and payable (where the principal has already been paid but interest has not been paid).	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of MSMED Act.	-	-



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

35 The following additional information is disclosed in terms of the RBI circular RBI/DoR/2023-24/106 DoR.FIN.REC.No.45/03.10.119/2023-24, October 19 2023 as amended.

(a) Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR): Refer note 28

(b) Details of Investments are set out below:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
1 Value of Investments		
(i) Gross Value of Investments		
(a) In India	249.53	582.84
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(A) <u>249.53</u>	<u>582.84</u>
(ii) Provision for depreciation		
(a) In India	-	-
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(B) <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
(iii) Net Value of Investments		
(a) In India	249.53	582.84
(b) Outside India	-	-
	(A-B) <u>249.53</u>	<u>582.84</u>
2 Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments.		
(i) Opening balance	-	-
(ii) Add: Provisions made during the year	-	-
(iii) Less: Write-offs/ write-back of excess provisions during the year	-	-
(iv) Closing balance	-	-

(c) Details of non-performing financial assets purchased/sold and accounts subjected to restructuring:

The Company has not undertaken any transactions for purchase/sale of NPA's in the current and in the previous year and hence the related disclosure are not applicable to the Company

(d) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

Please refer note (31b) for the Asset Liability Management maturity patterns

In computing the above information, certain estimates, assumptions and adjustments have been made by the Management which have been relied upon by auditors.

(e) Exposures to real estate sector (Based on amounts sanctioned):

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures, direct or indirect to real estate sector as at March 31, 2025 and as at March 31, 2024.

(f) Exposures to Capital Market

This disclosure is not applicable to the Company as there are no exposures to capital market as at March 31, 2025 and as at March 31, 2024.

(g) Details of Single Borrower Limit and Borrower Group Limit exceeded by the Company

During the years ended March 31, 2025 and as at March 31, 2024, the Company's credit exposure to single borrowers and group borrowers were within the limits prescribed by the RBI.

(h) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed:

	As at March 31, 2025 net of provision	As at March 31, 2024 net of provision
1 Related parties		
(a) Subsidiaries	-	-
(b) Companies in the same group	-	-
(c) Other related parties	-	-
2 Other than related parties *	25,233.06	21,989.77
Total	<u>25,233.06</u>	<u>21,989.77</u>

(* Net of provision for standard assets

(i) Unsecured advances

The Company has not given any unsecured advances in the current year and in the previous year.

(j) Registration obtained from other financial regulators

The Company has not obtained registrations from other financial sector regulators.

(k) Penalties / fines imposed by the RBI

During the year ended March 31, 2025 there was no penalty imposed by the RBI and other regulators (Previous Year ₹ Nil).



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(n) Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head 'Expenses' in the Statement of Profit and Loss

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Provisions for depreciation on Investment	-	-
Provision towards NPA	-	-
Provision made towards Income tax	-	-
Other Provision and Contingencies	-	-
Provision for Standard Assets	22.90	29.95
	<u>22.90</u>	<u>29.95</u>

In terms of RBI circular reference DOR (NBFC) CC PD No 109/22.10.106/2019-20 dated March 13, 2020, the template of comparison between provisions required under Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109 is provided below:-

Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2025	(₹ in Crs)					
	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	25,410.79	177.73	25,233.06	101.64	76.09
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		25,410.79	177.73	25,233.06	101.64	76.09
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1-3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for Doubtful						
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	25,410.79	177.73	25,233.06	101.64	76.09
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
	Total	25,410.79	177.73	25,233.06	101.64	76.09

Asset Classification as per RBI norms March 31, 2024	(₹ in Crs)					
	Asset Classification as per Ind AS 109	Gross Carrying amount as per Ind AS	Loss Allowance (Provision as required under Ind AS 109)	Net Carrying Amount	Provision as required as per IRACP norms	Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions under IRACP norms
1	2	3	4	5=3-4	6	7=4-6
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal		22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful- up to 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1-3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal for Doubtful						
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA						
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under Current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 1	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25
	Stage 2					
	Stage 3					
	Total	22,144.60	154.83	21,989.77	88.58	66.25

(o) Drawdowns from Reserves

The Company has not undertaken any drawdown from reserves during the current year and previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company

(p) Concentration of Advances

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers/ customers	11,075.04	10,277.65
Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the NBFC	43.62%	46.47%



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(q) Concentration of Exposures

	As at March 31, 2025	(₹ in Crs) As at March 31, 2024
Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	11,875.11	10,363.29
Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the NBFC on borrowers / customers	43.19%	46.43%

(r) Concentration of Non Performing Assets (NPAs) /Sectorwise NPAs/ Movement in NPAs

The Company did not have any NPAs in the current year and in the previous year and hence the related disclosures are not applicable to the Company

(s) The information on Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad) is given below:

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2025		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(₹ in Crs)

Name of the Joint Venture/ Subsidiary	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
	Other Partner in the JV	Country	Total Assets
	Nil	Nil	Nil

(t) The information on off balance sheet SPV sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms):

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
	Nil	Nil

(₹ in Crs)

(u) Disclosure of complaints :

1) Summary Information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

Sr.No	Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers		
1	Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	-	-
2	Number of complaints received during the year	-	-
3	Number of complaints disposed during the year	-	-
4	3.1 Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	-	-
	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	-	-
	Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		
5*	Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.1 Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of Ombud	-	-
	5.2 Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by Office of Ombudsman	-	-
	5.3 Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of Ombudsman against the NBFC	-	-
6*	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	-	-

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme
* It shall only be applicable to NBFCs which are included under The Reserve Bank - Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021

2) Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of	Number of complaints received during the year	% Increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
March 31, 2025					
Ground - 1					
Ground - 2					
Ground - 3					
Ground - 4					
Ground - 5					
Others					
Total					
March 31, 2024					
Ground - 1					
Ground - 2					
Ground - 3					
Ground - 4					
Ground - 5					
Others					
Total					



Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

36 The additional information required to be disclosed in terms of RBI circular (Ref. No. RBI/2009-2010/356/IDMD/4135/11.08.43/2009-10) dated March 23, 2010 is not applicable for the Company

37 Intra group Exposure

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Total amount of intra-group exposures	-	-
Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures	-	-
Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers	-	-

38 Details of loans not in default transferred during the quarter ended 31st March, 2025 under the RBI Master Direction on Transfer of Loan Exposures dated 24th September, 2021 are given below.

Details of loans not in default acquired from other entities :

Mode of transfer	Assignment and Novation
No. of accounts	4
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans acquired	₹ 298.09 crs
Aggregate consideration paid	₹ 298.78 crs
Weighted average holding period	17 years
Weighted average holding period	N/A
Retention of beneficial economic interest by the originator	Nil
Coverage of tangible security	> 1x secured
Rating-wise distribution of loans acquired by value:	A- 100%

Details of loans not in default transferred to other entity:

Mode of transfer	Assignment and
No. of accounts	8
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred	₹ 117.57 cr #
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred	15.33 years
Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer)	₹ 117.57 cr
Aggregate consideration	₹ 117.57 cr
Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	-
Weighted average holding period	1.24 years
Retention of beneficial economic interest by the originator	-
Coverage of tangible security	> 1x secured
Rating wise distribution of rated loans transferred	
A-	₹ 29.81 cr
BBB+	₹ 11.24 cr
BBB	₹ 76.52 cr

39 Frauds reported during the year- Nil (Previous year Nil)

40 There are no instances of breach of covenant of loan availed or debt securities issued during the year. (Previous year -Nil)

41 There are no divergence in Asset Classification and Provisioning during the year (Previous year -Nil)

42 There are no unhedged foreign currency exposure during the year (Previous year -Nil)

43 There are no loans granted to Directors & their relatives, Entities associated with directors & their relatives, Senior Officers & their relatives (Previous year -Nil)

44 The figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by 0

45 Previous year figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with those of the current year's classification/disclosure

For G.M. Kapadia & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 104767W

Atul Shah
Partner
Membership No. 039569

For M.P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No. 101851W

Ashutosh Pednekar
Partner
Membership No. 041037



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

Nilesh Shrivastava
Nilesh Shrivastava
Director
DIN no. 09632942

Shiva Rajaraman
Shiva Rajaraman
Chief Executive Officer

Ankit Sheth
Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary

AKT Charit
AKT Charit
Director
DIN no. 00746153

S. Bhatia
Sudeep Bhatia
Chief Financial Officer



Place: Mumbai
Date: April 30, 2025

NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2025

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Controlling Stake Holder

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
President of India

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Pankil Mehta - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed wef March 28, 2024)
Mr. Sudeep Bhatia - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed wef June 25, 2024)
Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary

d) Directors

Mr. AKT Chari - Nominee Director, NIIF
Mr. Ashwani Kumar - Independent Director
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian - Independent Director
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director
Mr. Padmanabh Sinha - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Ceased w.e.f March 31, 2025)
Mr. Nilesh Shrivastava - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II

(₹ in Crs)

Related Party	Parent		Subsidiaries		Entity with significant influence		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total	
	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25	FY24	FY25
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	0.05	-	-	0.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.05
Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	-
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	-	-	0.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	-
Dividend	-	8.20	-	-	-	6.36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.56
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	478.33	358.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478.33	358.46
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	5.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	5.25
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.82	0.73	-	-	0.82	0.73
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	8.25	-	-	478.92	364.82	3.88	5.25	-	-	0.82	0.73	-	-	483.62	379.05

33 The company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit-trail (edit log) and same was operated through-out the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. The company did not use database feature to enable audit trail due to security and performance consideration. However, company has effective control mechanism with respect to database management to check if there is any change in database. Further, the company is in the process of allowing access to Database and Server only through Privileged Accesses Management.



Annexure II

NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for year ended March 31, 2024

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Controlling Stake Holder

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity/Person with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)
Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited
President of India

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer (Appointed wef July 1, 2022)
Mr. Sadashiv S. Rao - Chief Executive Officer (Cease to be CEO wef June 30, 2022)
Mr. V. Narayanan Iyer - Chief Financial Officer (Cease to be CFO wef October 10, 2023)
Mr. Panfil Mehta - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed wef March 28, 2024)
Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary

d) Directors

Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pendyala - Nominee Director, NIIF Fund II (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. November 30, 2023)
Mr. AKT Chari - Nominee Director, NIIF
Ms. Ritu Anand - Independent Director (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. May 6, 2022)
Mr. Rajiv Dhar - Nominee Director, NIIF Fund II (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. March 28, 2024)
Mr. Ashwani Kumar - Independent Director
Ms. Rosemary Sebastian - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. June 7, 2022)
Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director (Appointed w.e.f. February 1, 2023)
Mr. Padmanabh Sinha - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Appointed w.e.f. March 28, 2024)
Mr. Nilesh Shivastava - Nominee Director NIIF Fund II (Appointed w.e.f. March 28, 2024)

(₹ in Crs)

Related Party	Parent		Subsidiaries		Entity with significant influence		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total	
	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23	FY24	FY23
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.26	0.54
Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.20	-
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	-	-	0.13	0.08	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	0.08
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	478.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	478.33	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.68	6.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.88	6.57
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.82	0.41	-	-	0.82	0.41
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
Total	-	-	-	-	478.92	0.67	3.88	6.57	-	-	0.82	0.41	-	-	483.62	7.65

33 The company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit-trail (edit log) and same was operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. The company did not use database feature to enable audit trail due to security and performance consideration. However, company has effective control mechanism with respect to database management to check if there is any change in database. Further, the company is in the process of allowing access to Database and Server only through Privileged Accesses Management.



NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

Notes forming part of financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2023

32 Related Party Disclosure

List of Related Parties

a) Parent Entity

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II

b) Entity with significant influence

National Investment and Infrastructure Fund Limited (Investment Manager of National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II)

b) Associates Companies / JVs

Asapm Infrastructure Finance Limited

c) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Shiva Rajaraman - Chief Executive Officer (Appointed wef July 1, 2022)
 Mr. Sadashiv S. Rao - Chief Executive Officer (Cease to be CEO wef June 30, 2022)
 Mr. V. Narayanan Iyer - Chief Financial Officer
 Mr. Sanjay Ajgaonkar - Chief Financial Officer (Cease to be CFO wef Aug 31, 2021)
 Mr. Ankit Sheth - Company Secretary (Appointed wef Dec 21, 2022)
 Ms. Shweta Laddha - Company Secretary (Cease to be CS wef Dec 06, 2021)

d) Directors

Mr. Surya Prakash Rao Pandyala - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Mr. AKT Chari - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Ms. Ritu Anand - Independent Director (Ceased to be a Director w.e.f. May 6, 2022)
 Mr. Rajiv Dhar - Nominee Director, NIIF
 Mr. Ashwini Kumar - Independent Director
 Ms. Rosemary Sebastian - Independent Director (Appointed w e f June 7, 2022)
 Mr. Prashant Kumar Ghose - Independent Director ((Appointed w.e.f. February 1, 2023)

(₹ in Cr)

Related Party	Parent		Entity with significant influence		Subsidiaries		Associates/JV		KMPs		Relatives of KMPs		Directors		Relatives of Directors		Total		
	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	FY23	FY22	
Recovery against Shared Service Cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	1.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.54	1.07	
Reimbursement of Processing fees received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.87	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.87	
Reimbursement of expenses to related Party	-	-	0.07	-	-	-	0.01	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.08	0.03	
Purchase of Loans & Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183.86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	183.86	
Proceeds from issue of equity share capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114.55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114.55	
Proceeds from issue of equity share premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197.38	
Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.57	4.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.57	4.65
Sitting Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.41	0.16	-	-	-	0.41	0.16
Balances outstanding	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.04	
Total	-	-	0.07	-	-	-	0.59	497.75	6.57	4.65	-	-	0.41	0.16	-	-	7.65	602.68	



CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIFIL” & “THE COMPANY”) AT THEIR MEETING HELD ON TUESDAY, JUNE 15, 2021, THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING FACILITY

1. TO APPROVE INCREASE IN BORROWING POWER AND CREATION OF SECURITY SUBJECT TO APPROVAL OF SHAREHOLDERS U/S 180 (1) (A) AND 180 (1) (C) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

“RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the earlier resolution passed by the Board of Directors and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 179, and Section 180 (1) (c) of the Companies Act 2013 (“the Act”) read with the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution, Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable provisions of the Act and other regulations, Board be and hereby approve and recommend to shareholders for their approval to borrow funds through any of the permissible mode or instrument including the monies already borrowed by the Company up-to an amount not exceeding an aggregate amount of INR 40,000 crore (Rs. Forty Thousand crore) inter alia, from banks, term lenders, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies, mutual funds, corporates, Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs), high net-worth individuals, family offices or other body corporates etc. notwithstanding that the money to be borrowed together with money already borrowed by the Company (apart from the temporary loans obtained from Company’s Bankers in the ordinary course of business) and remaining undischarged at any given time exceed the aggregate, for the time being, of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserve.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in supersession of the earlier resolution passed by the Board of Directors and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 179, and Section 180 (1) (a) of the Companies Act 2013 (“the Act”) read with the Companies (Meetings of the Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and subject to the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution and provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable provisions of the Act and other regulations, Board be and hereby approve and recommend to shareholders for their approval to pledge, mortgage, charge or create any other encumbrance in all or any part of movable or immovable properties of the Company and the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company of every nature and kind whatsoever and/or create a floating charge in all or any movable or immovable proper ties of the Comp any and in the whole of the undertaking of the Company together with power to take over the management of the business and concern of the Company in certain events to or in favor of Banks, Financial Institutions, any other lenders or debenture trustees to secure the amount borrowed by the Company or any third party from time to time for the due payment of the principal together with interest, charges, costs, expenses and all other monies payable by the Company in respect of such borrowings; provided that the maximum limit of the obligations secured by such security interest created by the Company does not exceed Rs. 40,000 crores only (Rupees Forty Thousand crore only) at any point of time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the consent of the Board be and is hereby granted to the Finance Committee to borrow funds within the overall borrowing limits of INR 40,000 crore only (Rupees Forty Thousand crore only) only, outstanding at any point of time, inter alia, by way of, debentures/bonds/ Zero Coupon Bonds, commercial papers and subordinated debt/perpetual debt etc., whether secured or unsecured with tenor and rate(fixed or floating) to be decided on a case to case basis etc., from banks, term lenders, financial institutions, non- banking finance companies, mutual funds, corporates, Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs, high net-worth individuals and family offices, alternative investment funds, etc. (apart from the temporary loans obtained from Company’s Bankers in the ordinary course of business) on such terms and conditions , as may be deemed fit and approved by the Finance Committee.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the consent of the Board be and is hereby granted to the Finance Committee to create mortgage, charge and/or hypothecation, as may be necessary on the assets of the Company, both present and in future, in such manner, in favor of the financial institutions, investment institutions, banks and other bodies corporate and trustees for the holders of debentures/bonds and/or to secure term loans/loans such that aggregate amount of debt at any point of time does not exceed INR 40,000 crore (Rupees Forty Thousand crore only), payable by the Company to the trustees under the trust deed / trustee agreement and/ or to the lending entities under their respective agreements/loan agreements/debenture trust deeds to be entered into by the Company in respect of such borrowings.

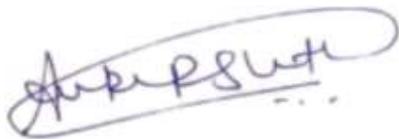
RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the consent of the Board be and is hereby granted to the Finance Committee or the officials authorized by Finance Committee to Appoint Registrar and Transfer Agents, Depositories, Distributors, Merchant Bankers, and such other intermediaries as may be required and negotiate with the Intermediaries and fix such remuneration and finalize the terms of their appointment, as may be deemed fit.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT, the consent of the Board be and is hereby granted to the Finance Committee or officials as may be authorized by the Finance Committee from time to time to negotiate, execute, file, register, and deliver any documents, instruments, deeds, amendments, papers, applications, notices or letters and to approve any expenses / chargers as may be required in connection with the availing of the credit facilities and deal with regulatory authorities in connection with the availing of the credit facilities including but not limited to the Registrar of Companies, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, National Company Law Tribunal, relevant jurisdictional registrar/sub-registrar of assurances, and such other authorities and to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be required from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Common Seal of the Company, if required, be affixed to the documents, in accordance with the Articles of Association or in presence of such officers as may be authorized by the Finance Committee of the Company.

RESOLVED FURHTER THAT CEO, CFO, Company Secretary or any official authorized by Finance Committee is authorized to issue Certified True Copy of this Resolution and to file/ submit necessary documents, forms as may be required to file with RoC or any other Regulator, statutory or non-statutory body to give effect to this resolution.”

For **NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited**



Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
ACS: A27521

September 14, 2022

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT THEIR MEETING HELD ON APRIL 30, 2025, AT THE BOARD ROOM, 2ND FLOOR, UTI TOWER, GN BLOCK, BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA EAST, MUMBAI – 400 051.

1. BORROWING THROUGH ISSUANCE OF NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (NCDs) ON PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to section, 42, 71, and 179 of the Companies Act, 2013 (‘Act’) and rules made thereunder, applicable regulations issued by the Reserve Bank of India (‘RBI’), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (‘SEBI’), the enabling provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and subject to approval of the shareholders of the Company, consent of the Board of Directors is hereby accorded to offer, issue, and allot, Non-Convertible Debentures (ZCBs & coupon bearing NCDs), in one or more tranches, including but not limited to subordinated debentures, bonds, and/ or other debt securities permitted as per applicable regulations from time to time, etc. on private placement basis for an amount of up to Rs. 30,000 crores (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crores only), outstanding at any point of time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the above mentioned issuances shall be on the terms and conditions as may be decided by the Finance Committee of the Company, to such person(s), including one or more companies, body corporate, statutory corporations, commercial banks, lending agencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, pension/provident funds, trusts, society, foreign portfolio investors, qualified institutional buyers and individuals, as the case may be or such other person as may be decided by the Board or the Finance Committee subject to SEBI guidelines on Electronic Book Provider (EBP) platform.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the aggregate of the funds to be raised through above-mentioned issuance shall not exceed the overall borrowing limits of the Company as approved or may be approved by the shareholders of the Company from time to time.”

2. FILING OF GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT/ ADDENDUMS / KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT / ZCB APPLICATION AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, the Income Tax Act, 1961, and subject to approval of the shareholders for borrowing through issuance of NCDs, (ZCBs & coupon bearing NCDs), in one or more tranches, including but not limited to subordinated debentures, bonds, and/ or other debt securities permitted as per applicable regulations from time to time, etc., consent of the Board of Directors is hereby accorded for filing the General Information Document (GID), addendums, Key Information Document (KID), tranche documents, PAS-4, ZCB application and all other documents in connection with the issuance with the National Stock Exchange/ Bombay Stock Exchange or any other stock exchange(s)/ Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT)/ any other authority(ies) as may be applicable.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Chief Executive Officer and the Compliance Officer of the Company are hereby authorized to attest/ sign the contents of the General Information Document, Key Information Document and to sign the same.”

3. AUTHORIZATION TO FINANCE COMMITTEE

“RESOLVED THAT the Board hereby delegates the following powers to the Finance Committee of the Company in respect of issue of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) (Zero Coupon Bonds (ZCBs) & coupon bearing NCDs),

in one or more tranches, including but not limited to subordinated debentures, bonds, and/ or other debt securities permitted as per applicable regulations from time to time, etc., ("**Securities**"):

- i. To prepare and circulate to the Board of Directors for perusal, the requisite documents for above-mentioned issuance including General Information Document (GID) and Key Information Document (KID);
- ii. To offer, issue, and allot, Securities on private placement basis in one or more tranches up to the limit approved by the Board of Directors;
- iii. To finalize the terms and conditions of the issuance and allotment Securities;
- iv. To create mortgage, charge and/or deed of hypothecation or supplemental deed of hypothecation and security documents, as may be necessary, on the assets of the Company, both present and future, in such manner as may be required, in favor of the financial institutions, investment institutions, banks, other body corporates or debenture trustee(s) for the holders of NCDs for securing their financial assistance;
- v. To issue allotment advice/allotment letter in relation to the proposed issue of Securities, take steps for listing of Securities and to file/ execute, the term sheet/ letters/other necessary documents with depositories, regulators, registrar and share transfer agents and stock exchange(s);
- vi. To appoint registrar and share transfer agent(s), rating agency(ies), depository(ies), distributor(s), legal counsel(s), merchant banker(s) and such other intermediaries as may be required and negotiate with the intermediaries and fix such remuneration and finalize the terms of their appointment, as may be deemed fit;
- vii. To negotiate, execute, file, register, finalize and deliver any documents, agreements, instruments, deeds (including mortgage deed), amendments, papers, applications (including application to Central Board of Direct Taxes for issuance of Zero-Coupon Bonds), notices or letters;
- viii. To approve all expenses / charges as may be required for issuance / allotment of Non-Convertible Debentures and Zero-Coupon Bonds;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT all members of Management Committee, the Company Secretary and Director – Resources, are hereby severally authorized to sign all documents in relation to the issue and allotment of NCDs (ZCBs & coupon bearing NCDs), in one or more tranches, including but not limited to subordinated debentures, bonds, and/ or other debt securities permitted as per applicable regulations from time to time, etc., except General Information Document and Key Information Document."

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

ANKIT
RAMESHCHANDRA
NDRA SHETH

Digitally signed by
ANKIT
RAMESHCHANDRA
SHETH
Date: 2025.09.02
18:52:47 +05'30'

Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary
Membership No. A27521

September 2, 2025

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT ITS MEETING HELD ON JULY 7, 2025, AT THE BOARD ROOM, 2ND FLOOR, SOUTH WING, UTI TOWER, GN BLOCK, BANDRA KURLA COMPLEX, BANDRA EAST, MUMBAI 400 051.

1. ISSUANCE OF NON-CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES (NCRPS) ON PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 23, 42, 55, 62, 179 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”), and rules made thereunder, SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and circulars issued thereunder, RBI Master Directions, enabling provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and subject to approval of shareholders of the Company, consent of the Board of Directors is hereby accorded to offer, issue and allot, Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) in one or more tranches on private placement basis for an amount of up to Rs. 1,500 Crores (Rs. One Thousand Five Hundred Crores) outstanding at any point of time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the above mentioned issuance shall be on the terms and conditions as may be decided by the Finance Committee of the Company, to such person(s), including one or more companies, body corporates, wealth funds, high-net-worth individuals, family offices, statutory corporations, commercial banks, lending agencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, pension/provident funds, trusts, society, foreign portfolio investors, qualified institutional buyers, individuals as the case may be or such other person as may be decided by the Board or the Finance Committee subject to applicable regulations/ laws including SEBI guidelines on Electronic Book Provider (EBP) platform.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 55 of the Act read with the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the particulars in respect of issuance are, as under:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Terms and Conditions
1.	Instrument	Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”).
2.	Face value	Rs. 1,00,000/- each
3.	The priority with respect to payment of dividend or repayment of capital vis-a-vis equity shares.	NCRPS shall carry a preferential right vis-à-vis Equity Shares of the Company with respect to payment of dividend or repayment of capital.
4.	Participation in surplus fund at the time of winding up of the Company.	NCRPS shall be non-participating in the surplus funds at the time of winding up of the Company.
5.	The participation in surplus assets and profits, on winding-up which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid.	NCRPS shall be non-participating in the surplus assets and profits which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid, on winding up of the Company.
6.	The payment of dividend on cumulative or non-cumulative basis.	Holders of NCRPS shall be paid dividend on a cumulative or non-cumulative basis, as per terms of each issue.
7.	The conversion of preference shares into equity shares.	NCRPS shall not be convertible into equity shares.
8.	The voting rights	NCRPS shall carry voting rights as per the provisions of Section 47(2) of the Act.
9.	The redemption of preference shares	NCRPS shall be redeemable.

2. TO APPROVE FILING OF GENERAL INFORMATION DOCUMENT (GID)/ ADDENDUM(S)/ KEY INFORMATION DOCUMENT (KID)/ WITH THE NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE/ BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE/ OR ANY OTHER RECOGNIZED STOCK EXCHANGE(S)

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, and subject to approval of the shareholders for issuance of Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”), consent of the Board of Directors is hereby accorded for filing the General Information Document (GID), addendums, Key Information Document (KID), tranche documents, PAS-4, and all other documents in connection with the issuance, with the National Stock Exchange/ Bombay Stock Exchange or any other recognized stock exchange(s)/ any other authority(ies) as may be applicable.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Chief Executive Officer and the Compliance Officer of the Company are hereby authorized to attest/ sign the contents of the General Information Document, Key Information Document.”

3. TO AUTHORIZE THE FINANCE COMMITTEE OF THE COMPANY IN RESPECT OF ISSUANCE OF NON-CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES (“NCRPS”)

RESOLVED THAT consent of the Board of Directors of the Company is hereby accorded to Finance Committee on the behalf of the Company to issue Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) on private placement basis for the following:

- i. To prepare and circulate to the Board of Directors for perusal, the requisite documents for above-mentioned issuance including General Information Document (GID) and Key Information Document (KID);
- ii. To offer, issue, and allot, NCRPS on private placement basis in one or more tranches up to the limit approved by the Board of Directors;
- iii. To finalize the terms and conditions of the issuance and allotment of NCRPS;
- iv. To issue allotment advice/allotment letter in relation to the proposed issue of NCRPS, take steps for listing of NCRPS and to file/ execute, the term sheet/ letters/other necessary documents with depositories, regulators, registrar and share transfer agents and stock exchange(s);
- v. To appoint registrar and share transfer agent(s), rating agency(ies), depository(ies), distributor(s), legal counsel(s), merchant banker(s), registered valuer(s) and such other intermediaries as may be required and negotiate with the intermediaries and fix such remuneration and finalize the terms of their appointment, as may be deemed fit;
- vi. To negotiate, execute, file, register, finalize and deliver any documents, agreements, instruments, deeds (including mortgage deed), amendments, papers, applications, notices or letters;
- vii. To approve all expenses / charges as may be required for issuance / allotment of NCRPS.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Business Officer, Chief Risk Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer, Company Secretary and Director – Resources, are hereby severally authorized to sign all documents in relation to the issue, allotment and listing of NCRPS, in one or more tranches, except General Information Document and Key Information Document.”

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

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RAMESHCHA
NDRA SHETH

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Date: 2025.09.03
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Ankit Sheth

Company Secretary

Membership No.: A27521

September 3, 2025

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” & “THE COMPANY”) AT THE 8TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 2021, THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING FACILITY

1. APPROVAL OF LIMITS UNDER SECTION 180(1)(C) OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND POWERS

The members considered and passed the following resolution as **Special Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the earlier resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180 (1) (c) of the Companies Act 201 (“the Act”) read with the rules made thereunder and provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable provisions of the Act and other regulations, consent of the shareholders of the Company is be and hereby accorded to borrow funds through any of the permissible mode or instrument (including coupon bearing instruments or zero coupon bonds) including the monies already borrowed by the Company up-to an amount not exceeding an aggregate amount of INR 40,000 crore (Rs. Forty Thousand crore) inter alia, from banks, term lenders, financial institutions, non-banking finance companies, mutual funds, corporates, Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs), high net-worth individuals, family offices or other body corporates etc. notwithstanding that the money to be borrowed together with money already borrowed by the Company (apart from the temporary loans obtained from Company’s Bankers in the ordinary course of business) and remaining un-discharged at any given time exceed the aggregate, for the time being, of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserve.

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee authorized by the Board), be and are hereby severally authorised to approve, finalise, modify, settle and execute such documents/ deeds/writings/papers/agreements, as may be required or considered necessary and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, expedient, proper or desirable and to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in regard to the borrowing(s) to be undertaken by the Company.”

“RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this Resolution to any Committee of Directors of the Company or to any Director of the Company or any other officer(s) or employee(s) of the Company as it may consider appropriate in order to give effect to this Resolution.”

“RESOLVED FURHTER THAT CEO, CFO, Company Secretary or any official authorized by Committee is authorized to issue Certified True Copy of this Resolution and to file/ submit necessary documents, forms as may be required to file with RoC or any other Regulator, statutory or non-statutory body to give effect to this resolution.”

2. APPROVAL OF LIMITS UNDER SECTION 180(1)(A) OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND POWERS

The members considered and passed the following resolution as **Special Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the earlier resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180 (1) (a) of the Companies Act 201 (“the Act”) read with the rules made thereunder, provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other applicable provisions of the Act and other regulations, consent of the shareholders of the Company is be and hereby accorded to pledge, mortgage, charge or create any other encumbrance in all or any part of movable or immovable properties of the Company and the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company of every nature and kind whatsoever and/or create a floating charge in all or any movable or immovable properties of the Company and in the whole of the undertaking of the Company together with power to take over the management of the business and concern of the Company in certain events to or in favor of Banks, Financial Institutions, any other lenders or debenture trustees to secure the amount borrowed by the Company or any third party from time to time for the due payment of the principal

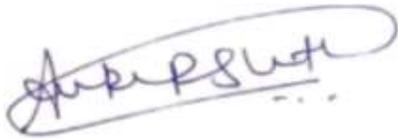
together with interest, charges, costs, expenses and all other monies payable by the Company in respect of such borrowings; provided that the maximum limit of the obligations secured by such security interest created by the Company does not exceed Rs. 40,000 crores only (Rupees Forty Thousand crore only) at any point of time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board of Directors of the Company (including any Committee authorized by the Board), be and are hereby severally authorised to approve, finalise, modify, settle and execute such documents/ deeds/writings/papers/agreements, as may be required or considered necessary and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, expedient, proper or desirable and to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in regard to the borrowing(s) to be undertaken by the Company.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers conferred on it by or under this Resolution to any Committee authorized by the Board ("the Committee") or to any Director of the Company or any other officer(s) or employee(s) of the Company as it may consider appropriate in order to give effect to this Resolution.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT CEO, CFO, Company Secretary or any official authorized by the Committee is authorized to issue Certified True Copy of this Resolution and to file/ submit necessary documents, forms as may be required to file with RoC or any other Regulator, statutory or non-statutory body to give effect to this resolution."

For **NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited**



Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
ACS: A27521

September 14, 2022

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE EXPLANATORY STATEMENT TO THE SPECIAL RESOLUTION PASSED IN THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED HELD ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 2021 THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING FACILITY

Item No. 1 & 2

The Members are requested to note that in view of the budgeted business growth and object of the Company, it is proposed to increase the overall borrowing limits of the Company from Rs. 20,000 Crore to INR 40,000 crore (Rs. Forty Thousand crore). In this regard, the Board of Directors at their Meeting held on June 15, 2021 has approved the above proposed increase in overall borrowing limits, subject to the approval by the members of the Company at a general meeting.

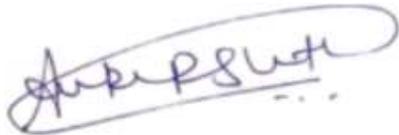
Section 180 (1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013 permits the Company to borrow money along with the money already borrowed by the Company (except the temporary loans obtained from the Companies banker in ordinary course of business), beyond the paid up capital and free reserve of the Company, only if the same is approved by the members of the Company by way of Special Resolution at a general meeting. In view of the above, it is proposed to seek approval of the members of the Company by way of Special Resolution.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors shall not create charge/security on the assets of the Company for securing its loans/borrowings, which could amount to sale/lease or otherwise disposal of the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking of the Company or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole or substantially the whole of any of such undertakings, except with the consent of the Company accorded in the General Meeting.

Therefore, it is necessary to obtain approval of the shareholders by means of a Special Resolution, to enable the Board of Directors (including any Committee of the Board of Directors thereof for the time being exercising the powers conferred on the Board) to create charge/security on the assets of the Company to secure its loans/borrowings upto an amount not exceeding INR 40,000 crore (Rs. Forty Thousand crore).

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out at item nos. 5 & 6 of the Notice.

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited



Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
ACS: A27521

September 14, 2022

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT THE 01/2025-26 EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING HELD ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 2025, COMMENCED AT 11:00 A.M. THROUGH AUDIO-VISUAL MODE ON MICROSOFT TEAMS (MS TEAMS)

- 1. Borrowing through issuance of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) (coupon bearing NCDs & Zero-Coupon Bonds (ZCBs)) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc., on Private Placement Basis in one or more tranches.**

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 42, 71 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) and the rules made thereunder and all applicable regulations of the Reserve Bank of India (“RBI”), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”) as amended from time to time and other applicable regulations, rules, guidelines, notifications, clarifications, and circulars, if any, prescribed by the Government of India, the enabling provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, consent of the shareholders of the Company is hereby accorded to offer, issue and allot, in one or more tranches, Non-Convertible Debentures (coupon bearing NCDs & Zero-Coupon Bonds (ZCBs)) including but not limited to subordinated debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc. on a private placement basis, for an amount up to Rs. 30,000 Crores (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crores only) outstanding at any point in time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the above-mentioned issuance shall be on such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board of Directors (“Board”) or any Committee authorized by the Board, to such person(s), including one or more companies, body corporate, statutory corporations, commercial banks, lending agencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, pension/provident funds, trust, society, foreign portfolio investors, qualified institutional buyers and individuals, as the case may be or such other person(s) as the Board/Committee may decide for the purposes as may be determined.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the aggregate of the funds to be raised by issue of the said non-convertible debentures (coupon bearing NCDs & ZCBs) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc., shall not exceed the overall borrowing limits of the Company as approved by the shareholders of the Company from time to time.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board of Directors or any Committee authorized by the Board, are hereby severally authorized to approve, finalize, modify, settle and execute such documents/ deeds/ writings/ papers/agreements, as may be required or considered necessary and to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, expedient, proper or desirable and to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in regard to the borrowing(s) to be undertaken by the Company.”

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

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NDRA SHETH

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Date: 2025.09.02
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Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary
Membership No. A27521

September 2, 2025

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE EXPLANATORY STATEMENT TO THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT THE 01/2025-26 EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING HELD ON WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 2025, COMMENCED AT 11:00 A.M. THROUGH AUDIO-VISUAL MODE ON MICROSOFT TEAMS (MS TEAMS)

Item No. 1

The Company at its Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) held on June 5, 2024, had sought approval from the members to borrow funds by way of issuance of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) (coupon bearing NCDs & Zero Coupon Bonds (ZCBs)) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, on private placement basis for an amount not exceeding Rs. 30,000 Crore (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crore only) during one year from the date of passing the Resolution i.e., June 4, 2025.

Considering the period of validity of earlier Shareholder’s resolution passed at the EGM held on June 5, 2024 in relation to above mentioned issuance is of one year i.e. till June 4, 2025 and in view of the budgeted business growth and expected funding requirement, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on April 30, 2025, had passed a resolution to allow the Company to offer NCDs (coupon bearing NCDs & ZCBs) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc. not exceeding Rs. 30,000 crores (Rupees Thirty Thousand Crores only) outstanding at any point in time.

In terms of the provisions of Section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules thereunder as amended from time to time, a Company offering or making an invitation to subscribe NCDs (coupon bearing NCDs & ZCBs), including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc., on a private placement basis, is required to obtain prior approval of its members by way of a Special Resolution.

It is proposed to authorize the Board (hereinafter which term shall be deemed to include any Committee constituted/to be constituted by the Board), to offer or invite subscription for NCDs (coupon bearing NCDs & ZCBs) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, etc., in one or more series / tranches on private placement basis from time to time, on such material terms and conditions and by securing such moveable and/ or immoveable assets of the Company as may be deemed necessary in their absolute discretion subject to applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

The approval of the shareholders is sought by way of a Special Resolution under section 42 and 71 of the Act read with the rules made thereunder, to enable the Company to offer or invite subscriptions of non-convertible debentures (coupon bearing NCDs & ZCBs) including but not limited to subordinate debentures, bonds, and/or other debt securities, on a private placement basis in one or more tranches, during the period of one year from the date of passing of the special resolution at Item No. 1, within the overall borrowing limits of the Company.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out in item no. 1 of the Notice for approval by the members.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the above Resolution.

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

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NDRA SHETH
Ankit Sheth

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RAMESHCHANDRA SHETH
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Company Secretary

Membership No.: A27521

September 2, 2025

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON TUESDAY, JULY 29, 2025, COMMENCED AT 11:00 A.M. THROUGH AUDIO-VISUAL MODE ON MICROSOFT TEAMS (MS TEAMS)

RAISING FUNDS THROUGH NON-CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES (“NCRPS”) ON PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS.

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 23, 42, 55 and 62 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”), and the rules made thereunder and in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, read circulars issued thereunder, and RBI Master Directions, the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, any other applicable laws for the time being in force, consent of the members is hereby accorded to create, offer, issue and allot, in one or more tranches 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) of the face value of INR 1,00,000/- (Rupees One Lakh only) each for cash at par or at a premium aggregating to a nominal value of INR 1,500 Crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only) outstanding at any point in time, on a private placement basis for a period of one year, in one or more tranches.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the above-mentioned issuance may be made to various institutions/ entities viz. one or more companies, body corporate, statutory corporations, commercial banks, lending agencies, financial institutions, insurance companies, mutual funds, pension/provident funds, trusts, society, foreign portfolio investors, qualified institutional buyers and individuals, as the case may be or such other person as may be decided by the Board and on such terms and conditions as set out in the Explanatory Statement annexed to the Notice convening this meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 55 of the Act and the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, the particulars in respect of issuance are, as under:

- i. NCRPS shall carry a preferential right vis-à-vis Equity Shares of the Company with respect to payment of dividend or repayment of capital;
- ii. NCRPS shall be non-participating in the surplus funds;
- iii. NCRPS shall be non-participating in the surplus assets and profits which may remain after the entire capital has been repaid, on winding up of the Company;
- iv. Holders of NCRPS shall be paid dividend as per the terms of each issuance;
- v. NCRPS shall not be convertible into equity shares;
- vi. NCRPS shall carry voting rights as per the provisions of Section 47(2) of the Act; and
- vii. NCRPS shall be redeemable.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer or Chief Compliance Officer & General Counsel or the Company Secretary of the Company are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered necessary, desirable, and expedient for giving effect to this resolution and/or otherwise considered by them in the best interest of the Company including filing of necessary E-Forms with the applicable regulatory authorities in this regard.”

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

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NDRA SHETH

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SHETH
Date: 2025.09.02
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Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary
Membership No. A27521

September 2, 2025

CERTIFIED TRUE COPY OF THE EXPLANATORY STATEMENT TO THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS OF NIIF INFRASTRUCTRE FINANCE LIMITED (“NIIF IFL” OR “THE COMPANY”) AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON TUESDAY, JULY 29, 2025, COMMENCED AT 11:00 A.M. THROUGH AUDIO-VISUAL MODE ON MICROSOFT TEAMS (MS TEAMS)

Item No. 5

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on July 7, 2025, had approved pursuant to the applicable provisions of Sections 23, 42, and 55 of the act and the Rules framed thereunder, and in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 circulars issued thereunder, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to offer, issue and allot, in one or more tranches 1,50,000 Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares (“NCRPS”) of the face value of ₹ 1,00,000 each for cash at par or at a premium aggregating to a nominal value of ₹ 1,500 Crores (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crores only), outstanding at any point in time, on a private placement basis, up to one year, from the date of the shareholders approvals, on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board (including any Committee constituted by the Board) (“Board”).

Furthermore, as per Section 42 of the Act read with Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, a company offering or making an invitation to subscribe to securities, including NCRPS on a private placement basis, is required to obtain the prior approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution, for each such offer and invitation.

The approval of members is accordingly being sought by way of Special Resolution under Section 23, 42, and 55 of the Act read with rules framed thereunder, as amended from time to time, for the issue and offer of NCRPS as set out in the Resolution at Item No. 5 and to allot the NCRPS, on a private placement basis.

As required under Rule 9(3) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 and Rule 14(1) of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014, the material facts in connection with the aforesaid issue are as follows:

a)	Particulars of the offer including date of passing of Board resolution	Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares for an amount not exceeding in aggregate Rs. 1,500 Crore (Rupees One Thousand Five Hundred Crore only), outstanding at any point in time, in one or more tranches by way of a private placement basis at such rates and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Board (including any Committee constituted by the Board in this regard) (“Board”).
b)	Kind of security offered and price at which it is offered	Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares and price will be at par or premium as may be determined at the time of issuance of securities.
c)	Basis or justification of the price including premium if any, at which the offer or invitation is being made	While the issuances would generally be made at par, in case the issuance is made at premium, the same would be at a price determined on the basis of valuation by a registered valuer in accordance with applicable rules.

d)	Name and address of the valuer who performed the valuation	Since the issuance would be in one or more tranches, the valuer will be determined by the Board, if applicable, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and other applicable laws for the time being in force.
e)	Amount NIIF IFL intends to raise by way of the securities	Rs. 1,500 Crore as per the resolution to be passed in this meeting.
f)	Material terms of raising such securities, proposed time schedule, purposes or objects of offer, contribution being made by the promoters or directors either as part of the offer or separately in furtherance of objects	<p>Since the issuance would be in one or more tranches, material terms will be determined by the Board, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder and other applicable laws for the time being in force.</p> <p>In view of business strategy and business expansion and to further strengthen the financial position of the Company, the Company has proposed the issue of redeemable preference shares on private placement basis.</p> <p>The issuance will be in one or more tranches and the contribution, if any, will be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder and other applicable laws for the time being in force.</p>
g)	Size of the issue and number of preference shares to be issued and nominal value of each share	The Company proposes to create, offer, issue and allot 1,50,000 Preference Shares of the face value of Rs 1,00,000 each for cash at par or at a premium by way of a private placement basis or to various entities / persons including Promoters / Promoter Group and Associates, whether or not they are Member(s) of the Company.
h)	Objectives of the issue	The proceeds will be used for (i) refinancing Infrastructure Projects which have completed at least 1 (One) year of satisfactory commercial operation, (ii) financing toll operate transfer (TOT) projects under applicable RBI regulations from time to time, (iii) deployment of funds in permitted instruments including for the purpose of Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)/ High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) as required by extant regulations.
i)	Manner of issue of shares	Private Placement as decided by the Board.
j)	Price at which such shares are proposed to be issued	At par or at premium as decided by the Board.
k)	Basis on which the price has been arrived at	While the issuances would generally be made at par, in case the issuance the same would be at a price determined on the basis of valuation by a registered valuer in accordance with applicable rules.
l)	Terms of issue, including terms and rate of dividend on each share, etc.	The tenure shall be determined at the time of issuance of shares. The issuances would be subject to conditions of market, appetite of the

		investors, credit rating of the instrument etc, and the rate of dividend would be mutually decided by the Company and investor.		
m)	Terms of redemption, including the tenure of redemption, redemption of shares at premium and if the preference shares are convertible, the terms of conversion	Tenure of redemption would be mutually decided by the Company and investor(s).		
n)	Manner and modes of redemption	The redemption of Non- Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares will be done in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and out of profit and / or out of fresh issue of capital.		
o)	Current shareholding pattern of the Company	Name of the shareholder	No. of Equity Shares	Shareholding (%)
		National Investment and Infrastructure Fund II and its nominees.	54,63,50,979	39.73
		Aseem Infrastructure Finance Limited	42,39,32,487	30.83
		HDFC Bank Limited	6,00,00,000	4.36
		The President of India (GOI)	34,49,97,165	25.09
		Total	1375,28,06,310	100
p)	Expected dilution in equity share capital upon conversion of preference shares	Not applicable as the shares proposed to be issued would be Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares.		
q)	Intention of promoters, directors or key managerial personnel to subscribe to the offer	Since the issuance would be in one or more tranches, the proposed subscriber(s) will be determined by the Board, in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder and other applicable laws for the time being in force.		
r)	The change in the control, if any, in the Company that would occur consequent to the offer	Not applicable as the shares proposed to be issued would be Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares.		
s)	The justification for the allotment proposed to be made for consideration other than cash together with the valuation report of the registered valuer:	The proposed private placement issue is for cash.		

Your Board of Directors recommends passing of the resolution contained in Item No. 5 of the accompanying Notice as a Special Resolution.

Accordingly, Special Resolution is submitted to the meeting for the consideration and approval of members.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Resolution as set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice.

For NIIF Infrastructure Finance Limited

ANKIT
RAMESHCHA
NDRA SHETH

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SHETH
Date: 2025.09.02
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Ankit Sheth
Company Secretary
Membership No. A27521

September 2, 2025

Ref: 3712/ ITSL/ OPR/ 2025-26

To,
Stock Exchange,

Dear Sir / Madam,

SUB.: ISSUE OF SENIOR, RATED, LISTED, SECURED, REDEEMABLE, NON-CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (INCLUDING IN THE FORM OF ZERO-COUPON BONDS), AT PAR OR PREMIUM OR DISCOUNT, IN MULTIPLE SERIES/TRANCHE(S) FROM TIME TO TIME ON A PRIVATE PLACEMENT BASIS UNDER UMBRELLA DEBENTURE TRUST DEED DATED 05TH JUNE, 2023 EXECUTED FOR UMBRELLA LIMIT OF RS. 23,400 CRORES BY NIIF INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCE LIMITED

We, the debenture trustee(s) to the above mentioned forthcoming issue state as follows:

- 1) We have examined documents pertaining to the said issue and other such relevant documents, reports and certifications.
- 2) On the basis of such examination and of the discussions with the Issuer, its directors and other officers, other agencies and on independent verification of the various relevant documents, reports and certifications, WE CONFIRM that:
 - a) ~~The Issuer has made all the relevant disclosures about the security and also its continued obligations towards the holders of debt securities.~~ Will be on tranche level
 - b) ~~Issuer has adequately disclosed all consents/permissions required for creation of further charge on assets in offer document or private placement memorandum/ information memorandum and all disclosures made in the offer document or private placement memorandum/ information memorandum with respect to creation of security are in confirmation with the clauses of debenture trustee agreement.~~ Will be on tranche level
 - e) ~~Issuer has given an undertaking that charge shall be created in favour of debenture trustee as per terms of issue before filing of listing application.~~ Will be on tranche level
 - d) Issuer has disclosed all covenants proposed to be included in debenture trust deed (including any side letter, accelerated payment clause etc.), offer document or private placement memorandum/ information memorandum and given an undertaking that debenture trust deed would be executed before filing of listing application.
 - e) All disclosures made in the draft offer document or private placement memorandum/ information memorandum with respect to the debt securities are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well-informed decision as to the investment in the proposed issue.

We have satisfied ourselves about the ability of the Issuer to service the debt securities.

PLACE: Mumbai
DATE: 02.09.2025

For IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited
GAURAV
BHARATKUMAR
MODY
Authorised Signatory

Digitally signed by
GAURAV
BHARATKUMAR
MODY